

Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software

Qualitative Analysis

Familiarization Guide



Notices

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2009

No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form or by any means (including electronic storage and retrieval or translation into a foreign language) without prior agreement and written consent from Agilent Technologies, Inc. as governed by United States and international copyright laws.

Manual Part Number

G3335-90060

Edition

Third Edition, February 2009 Printed in USA

Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95051 USA

Microsoft $^{\circledR}$ is a U.S. registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.

Software Revision

This guide is valid for B.03.00 and later revisions of the Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Qualitative Analysis program, until superseded.

If you have comments about this guide, please send an e-mail to feedback lcms@agilent.com.

Warranty

The material contained in this document is provided "as is," and is subject to being changed, without notice, in future editions. Further, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Agilent disclaims all warranties, either express or implied, with regard to this manual and any information contained herein, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Agilent shall not be liable for errors or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, use, or performance of this document or of any information contained herein. Should Agilent and the user have a separate written agreement with warranty terms covering the material in this document that conflict with these terms, the warranty terms in the separate agreement shall control.

Technology Licenses

The hardware and/or software described in this document are furnished under a license and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such license.

Restricted Rights Legend

U.S. Government Restricted Rights. Software and technical data rights granted to the federal government include only those rights customarily provided to end user customers. Agilent provides this customary commercial license in Software and technical data pursuant to FAR 12.211 (Technical Data) and 12.212 (Computer Software) and, for the Department of Defense, DFARS 252.227-7015 (Technical Data - Commercial Items) and DFARS 227.7202-3 (Rights in Commercial Computer Software or Computer Software Documentation).

Safety Notices

CAUTION

A CAUTION notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

WARNING

A WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

In This Guide...

This guide contains information to learn to use your Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Qualitative Analysis.

Before you begin the exercises, please read the instructions in "Before you begin these exercises..." on page 7.

Exercise 1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

In this exercise, you explore some of the many powerful capabilities of the Qualitative Analysis program. These tasks are important no matter what data type you are using.

Exercise 2 Find and identify compounds

In the first two sets of tasks, you find and identify low-concentration sulfa drugs within a complex matrix and generate their formulas for both TOF and Q-TOF data. You also do a molecular feature extraction on a protein digest with both TOF and Q-TOF data. These tasks can also be performed on Triple Quad data.

Exercise 3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows

In this exercise, you learn to set up and run any qualitative analysis method. You also learn to edit a method to automate the analysis and/or compound identification. Then you run the actions within the automated method when you open a data file. You also learn to create a method to perform automated actions with a worklist. Each of these tasks is done using a different workflow.

Reference

In this chapter, you learn some basics about the Qualitative Analysis program.

What's New

in B.03.00 (Qualitative Analysis)

- GC/QQQ data is supported.
- MS library search and MS/MS library search are supported.
- If a structure is available in the library, then you can view it in the Structure Viewer window and include it in reports.
- Difference spectra are automatically displayed in the difference window after a library search is done.
- Chromatogram Deconvolution, a new Find Compounds algorithm, is supported.
- The Universal integrator is supported.

in B.02.00 (Qualitative Analysis)

- The Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software is supported. This software allows you to create, edit and import sequences and then match sequences. Sequences can be provided in the protein column in the worklist. The Chemical Data Dictionary Editor is now included.
- Four different workflows are supported, including BioConfirm. Each workflow has its own method, layout and special section in the Method Explorer to help you do your tasks more easily.
- System suitability calculations can be created when integrating UV chromatograms. You can specify different pharmacopoeia.
- You can automatically subtract an averaged spectrum from a designated time range when extracting a peak spectrum.
- When determining Charge State, three different isotope models are supported: common organic molecules, peptides, and unbiased.
- When determining Charge State, you can specify to treat ion with an unassigned charge state as singly-charged.
- The Maximum Entropy Deconvolution is improved to create cleaner spectra. You can increase the number of iterations and specify the singlet width.

- For compounds with resolved isotopes, you can deconvolute using the new Deconvolute: Resolved Isotope algorithm.
- Three different target data type are available for the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm.
- You can filter the compounds found by the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm before these compounds are written to the MHD file. This MHD file is used by Mass Profiler and GeneSpring.
- You can extract EIC and Raw Spectrum automatically when using the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm.
- You can specify a list of masses to exclude or include in the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm. You can either type this list in directly or specify a database to use.
- When determining Charge State in the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm, you can specify to treat ion with an unassigned charge state as singly-charged.
- You can specify whether or not to include ions with only one ion in the results for the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm.
- When using the Find Compounds by Formula algorithm, you can include sample purity calculations. You can calculate based on area or height, and you can use any of all of the following algorithms: TIC %, EIC/TIC %, ADC %, UV A %, UV B %, UV C %, or TWC %.
- In the Search Database algorithm, the scoring now is based upon accurate mass of monoisotopic ion, isotope spacing and isotope ratios. You can control how these three scores are weighted when calculating the overall score.
- The Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm has been improved for cases with exotic elements. For example, the algorithm has been improved when the compound has many isotopes with strange patterns or a first isotope with a low abundance.
- In the Find Compounds by Molecular Formula algorithm, you can control how the different scores are weighted when calculating the overall score. The three parts of the score are mass position, isotope abundance and isotope spacing.

- The Compound Automation algorithm includes the option to Match Sequences. You can also specify whether to include only identified compounds.
- You can save a report as a PDF file using the Microsoft PDF Generator Add-in. You can download this Excel 2007 add-in free from Microsoft.
- You can export in multiple formats: ASR, Compound Summary CSV, MGF and mzData. The ASR format includes Find by Formula results with Sample Purity (either one file per data file or merged). The Compound Summary CSV format includes mass lists (one file per data file or merged). The MGF format includes peptides with MS/MS spectrum and precursor (one file per data file or merged). The mzData format now has more options available.
- When printing graphics, you can select to print all graphics, only highlighted graphics, or only graphics that are visible.
 You can also print directly from the toolbar of any of the graphics windows.
- The new Excel 2007 Report Designer Add-in is supported.
 This add-in supports printing graphics side-by-side.
- Easy Access version B.02.00 is supported.
- · System performance is improved.
- You can configure the compound label. You can choose from 11 different peak labels. You can select to only include the first attribute that is defined or to include all of the defined attributes.
- You can now configure the user interface. You can select
 what types of features to show in the user interface based
 upon separation types, mass accuracy, non-ms detectors,
 BioConfirm features, and Advanced features.

in B.01.03 (Qualitative Analysis)

- Dual mode data is supported.
- UV data files can be opened.
- You can search a database for molecular formula, mass or mass and retention time.

- You can find compounds in a data file based on formula that are specified.
- You can specify what parts of an analysis report and compound report to include.
- Excel 2007 is supported for Qualitative Analysis.
- You can integrate UV and other types of chromatograms.
- You can view UV spectra.
- You can automate the creation of a compound report including which find compounds algorithm to use and which compound identification algorithm to use.
- You can automate the creation of an analysis report including which chromatograms to extract, which spectra to extract and which spectra identification algorithms to use.

Before you begin these exercises...

• Copy the folder named **Data** from your installation disk in uncompressed format to any location on your hard disk.

This folder contains all the data files needed for these exercises. You may need to first extract the data files from their .zip format.

NOTE

Do not reuse the example data files already on your system unless you know that you copied them from the originals on the disk and you are the only one using them. If the example data files already on the system do not match the original ones on the disk exactly, then the results obtained during these exercises will not match those shown in the guide.

Contents

Exercise 1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis 13 Basic Tasks for All Data 16 Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program 16 Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram 19 Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram 21 22 Task 4. Change window layouts 24 Task 5. Print an analysis report Tasks for MS-Only Data (TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 26 Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only) Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) 28 Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) 31 Tasks for LC/MS/MS Data (Q-TOF and Triple Quad) Task 9. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) 38 Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) 45 Tasks for MS and UV Data 55 Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV) 55 Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV) Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV) 60 Tasks for GC-MS data 64 Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC 64 Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file 66 Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram 70 Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Exercise 2 Find and identify compounds 85

- Tasks for MS-Only Data (LC/MS TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 87
 - Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS MS only) 87
 - Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS MS only) 91
 - Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS MS only) 93
 - Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS MS only) 95
 - Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS MS only) 98
- Tasks for MS/MS Data (LC/MS Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 101
 - Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS MS and MS/MS) 101
 - Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS MS and MS/MS) 104
 - Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS MS/MS) 107
 - Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS MS and MS/MS) 109
- Tasks for GC/MS Data (Triple Quad) 111
 - Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS MS only) 111
 - Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS MS only) 114

Exercise 3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows 117

- Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow 118
- Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow 124
- Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow 129
- Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist 134

Reference 137

Work with windows 138

Work with result data in Data Navigator 140

Perform operations on the chromatogram 141

Perform operations on an MS or MS/MS spectrum 142

Work with chromatographic visual data 143

Workflows 144

Customize a report template 147

Contents



Exercise 1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Basic Tasks for All Data 16
Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program 16
Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram 19
Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram 21
Task 4. Change window layouts 22
Task 5. Print an analysis report 24
Tasks for MS-Only Data (TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 26
Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only) 26
Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) 28
Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) 31
Tasks for LC/MS/MS Data (Q-TOF and Triple Quad) 38
Task 9. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) 38
Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and
LC/MS/MS) 40
Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and
LC/MS/MS) 45
Tasks for MS and UV Data 55
Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV) 55
Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate
System Suitability values (MS and UV) 57
Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV) 60
Tasks for GC-MS data 64
Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC 64
Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file 66
Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram 70
Task 18 Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file 75

In this exercise, you explore some of the many powerful capabilities of the Qualitative Analysis program for working with TOF, Q-TOF and Triple Quad data.

First, you perform tasks whose instructions are independent of the data type.

- In Task 1, you open the program with multiple data files.
- In Task 2, you zoom in and out on specific points of data.
- In Task 3, you anchor a chromatogram so it never disappears from view when scrolling.
- In Task 4, you change the layout of the windows.
- In Task 5, you print an analysis report.

Then you choose whether to work with MS-only data, combined MS and MS/MS data, combined MS and UV data or GC/MS data.

In these tasks, you work with MS-only data:

- In Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only), you extract chromatograms at various levels and merge the EICs.
- In Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only), you integrate chromatograms, change the integration parameters and calculate the S/N ratio for integrated peaks.
- In Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only), you extract spectra from specific points and ranges in a chromatogram, learning to average them and subtract background data.

In these tasks, you work with combined MS and MS/MS data:

- Task 9. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)
- Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)
- Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In these tasks, you work with combined MS and UV data:

- Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)
- Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)
- Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

In these tasks, you work with GC/MS data:

- Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC
- Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file
- Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram
- Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

selected method is clear.

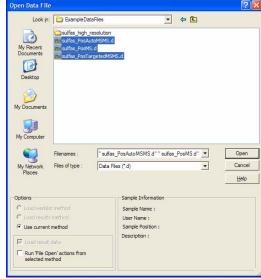
Basic Tasks for All Data

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program

In this task you open multiple data files using the current method.

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program with multiple data files

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 1 Open the Qualitative Analysis a Double-click the Agilent MassHunter The sulfas-PosMS.d file contains Qualitative Analysis icon 🔚 . program. MS (TOF or Q-TOF) data, and the Open the data files, The system displays the Open Data sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d and sulfas-PosAutoMSMS. Files dialog box. sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d files contain both MS and MS/MS sulfas-PosMS.d and **b** Go to the folder \\MassHunter\ sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d in Data\LC or the folder where the (Q-TOF) data. the folder example files are located. · You can get help for any window, **\\MassHunter\Data**, or in the dialog box, or tab by pressing the folder where you copied them. F1 key when that window is active. Make sure that Use current Open Data File method is clicked. Look in: Example Data Files ▼ 👉 🗈 Make sure that the check box for Run 'File Open' actions from



Open data files when opening software Figure 1

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program with multiple data files (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
	c Press and hold the Shift key while you click sulfas_PosAutoMSMS, sulfas_PosMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d. d Click Open. All three data files are displayed in Data Navigator, and 1-3 chromatograms are displayed in the Chromatogram Results window. e Click the List Mode icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.	 If you press the Ctrl key instead, you can pick files which are not directly next to each other in the list. What you see in the main window at this point depends on the method, layout, display and plot settings used before you opened these files.

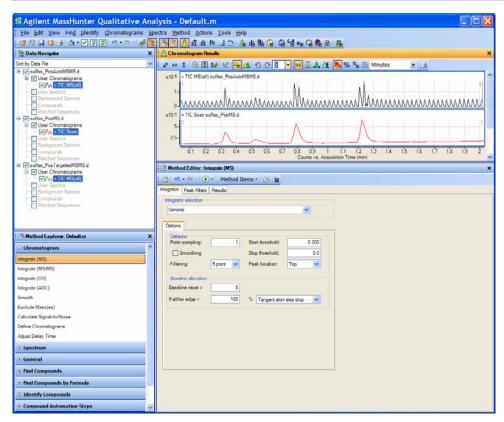


Figure 2 Qualitative Analysis main window

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program with multiple data files (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 2 Return the main window to the a If necessary, click Tools > Configure The display and plot settings remain for Workflow > General. default worfklow, General. The the same even after you switch to default method and layout are **b** Click the down arrow next to the the General workflow. These Maximum Number of List Panes icon settings are set in the Plot Display loaded. Make sure you can see all three in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar, Options dialog box. chromatograms. and select 3. · You can change the layout by clicking View > Window Layouts > Load Layout.

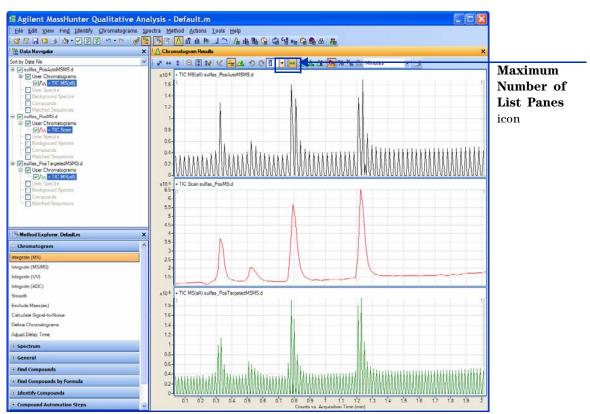


Figure 3 Qualitative Analysis main window with the General Workflow selected.

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram

In this task, you become familiar with the zoom in and zoom out features of the Qualitative Analysis program.

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Practice zooming in and out of only one out of the three chromatograms (both x and y axes). Hide the others. Zoom in twice on last peak. Zoom in one more time autoscaling the y-axis. Zoom out once to the previous zoom position. Completely zoom out to the original chromatogram. 	a Clear the check boxes in the Data Navigator window for the chromatograms you want to hide. b Click the right mouse button and drag over an area on the last peak. Make sure that the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, c Repeat step. c Repeat step b. d Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, i, in the toolbar. e Click the right mouse button again and drag over an area of the last peak for the third time. The Quality Analysis program automatically scales the y-axis to the largest point in the range. f Click the Unzoom icon to undo the last zoom operation. You can undo the last fifteen zoom operations. g Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon to zoom out completely.	 If a line is not checked in the Data Navigator window, that information is not displayed in any other window in the Qualitative Analysis program. You simply mark that line in the Data Navigator window, and the information is displayed in the other windows again. You can also use these zoom features on spectra in the Spectrum Preview window, the MS Spectrum Results window, the Deconvolution Results window (if BioConfirm program is installed) and the UV Results window. A selected icon has an orange background color. 	

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
2 Practice zooming in and out on each axis separately. • Zoom in only along the x-axis.	To zoom in on the x-axis, move the cursor to the x-axis values until a horizontal double arrow appears.	M√ M√M €'s 1 1'.2	Horizontal Double Arrow
Hint: Right-click the x-axis values and move cursor from left to right. Partially zoom out the x-axis. Hint: Move cursor in opposite	 b Click the right mouse button and drag the new cursor from left to right across the x-axis values. c To zoom out on the x-axis, click the right mouse button and drag from right 	08 0.9 1.1 1.	New cursor appears when you right-click the
direction. Completely zoom out of the x-axis.	to left on the x-axis values. d Click the Autoscale X-axis icon to completely zoom out on the x-axis.		x-axis values.
 Repeat the previous steps for the y-axis. 	To zoom in on the y-axis, move the cursor to the y-axis values until a vertical double arrow appears.	4.4- 4.2- 1 4-	Vertical Double Arrow
	b Click the right mouse button and drag the new cursor from bottom to top across the y-axis values.	0.525-	New cursor
	c To zoom out on the y-axis, click the right mouse button and drag from the top towards the bottom of the y-axis values.	0.5- 0.475- 0.45- 0.425- 0.4- 0.375-	appears when you right-click the y-axis values.
	d Click the Autoscale Y-axis icon to completely zoom out on the y-axis.	0.35-	

Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram

In this task, you anchor a chromatogram. When you anchor a chromatogram, the anchored chromatogram remains permanently on display as you scroll through the other chromatograms to display them.

Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram

Detailed Instructions Steps Comments Anchor a chromatogram. a In Data Navigator mark the check · When you set an anchor for a Show all three chromatograms. boxes for the chromatograms you hid chromatogram, an anchor icon Make sure the chromatogram in the previous task. appears in Data Navigator next to viewing list is set to 1. **b** Make sure the maximum number of the name of the anchored In the Chromatogram Results panes is set to 1 in the Chromatogram chromatogram. window, select the second TIC. Results window. · Two chromatograms appear in the · Anchor this TIC. c In the Chromatogram Results window, Chromatogram Results window Scroll through the select the second TIC. after you anchor one even though chromatograms. d Right-click inside the chromatogram. the viewing list says 1. This now Clear the anchor. and click Set Anchor. means you view one chromatogram e Use the scroll bar in the in addition to the anchored Chromatogram Results window to chromatogram. scroll through the list of · You can also right-click the chromatograms. The second TIC stays chromatogram and then click Clear Anchor in the shortcut menu. visible always. f Click Chromatograms > Clear Anchor.

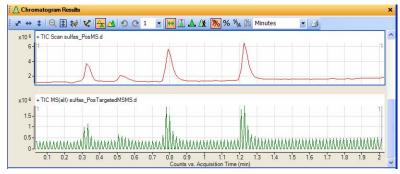


Figure 4 Anchored TIC

Task 4. Change window layouts

Task 4. Change window layouts

In this task, you move windows within the Main View and create various window layouts.

Task 4. Change window layout

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Change the window layout: Change the window size. Save a window layout. Unlock the layout. Change the Chromatogram Results window to be floating. Move the Chromatogram Results window. Display the tools for repositioning the windows. 	the boundary between the windows. To save a window layout, click View > Window Layouts > Save Layout. To unlock a layout, click View > Window Layouts > Lock Layout. To make a window float, right-click the title bar of the Chromatogram Results window, and click Floating from the shortcut menu. To move a window, click on the title bar of the Chromatogram Results window and drag the window to the desired location. To display the repositioning tools, drag the window over one of the other	If the layout is unlocked, the system does not display an icon in the Lock Layout menu. You can only use the repositioning tools when the layout is unlocked. You can also make a window float by double-clicking the title bar of the window. The software has many different layouts created. You can also try loading different layouts. The software has four different workflows. Each workflow loads a different layout. Switching to a different workflow also changes the layout. If the BioConfirm program is installed, it also has a different workflow and layout.
	Figure 5 Window repositioning tools	3

Task 4. Change window layout (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions Comments	Comments
 Reposition the Chromatogram Results window. Move the window so that it is at the top, to the left, to the right and then at the bottom of the other windows. Move two windows together so that they are on top of one another and available only through the tabs at the bottom. Restore the default layout. 	 If you drag the cursor over one of the smaller icons, the window you are dragging will be placed above, to the right, below, or to the left of all of the other windows. Drag the cursor over the larger icon. The window can also be placed above, to the right, below, or to the left of the other window by dragging the cursor over the edges of the larger icon. To tab two windows together, drag the cursor over the center of the larger icon. You will see a shadow version of the two windows tabbed together. Stop dragging the mouse. The two windows will be tabbed together. Click View > Window Layouts > Restore Default Layout. 	 The cursor must be over one of the arrows in a box in order for repositioning to occur. Clicking the Restore Default Layou command restores the layout that is used with the General workflow. If you are using a different workflow, you need to load the layout that is used with that workflow.

Task 5. Print an analysis report

Task 5. Print an analysis report

Whenever you want to print an analysis report after performing any of the tasks in this exercise or the next one, use these instructions.

An analysis report can contain the results from extracting and integrating chromatograms, extracting spectra, finding compounds, searching the database for peak spectra or generating formulas from peak spectra.

Task 5. Print an analysis report

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments a In Method Explorer, click General > 1 Change the analysis report · The Analysis report only contains selections: Analysis Report. the information that you mark in Mark the check boxes for the **b** Mark the check boxes for any this section. chromatograms, spectra or additional selections you want to print. • Also, if some results are not available, then those results are not tables you want to print. c Clear any chromatogram and spectra Clear the check boxes for the included, even if those results are choices you do not want to print. chromatograms, spectra or marked in this section. For example, tables you do not want to print. if you have not integrated the chromatogram, then the peak table is not included.

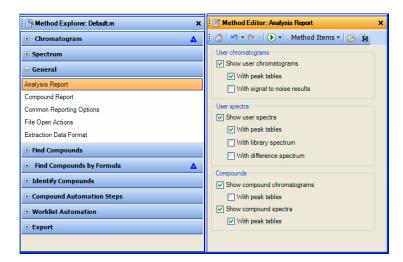


Figure 6 Analysis Report window in Method Editor

Task 5. Print an analysis report (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
2 Print the report.	 You can interactively print the report in multiple ways: From the main menu, click File > Print > Analysis Report. From the main toolbar, click the Printer icon. Click the Print Analysis Report icon, in the Method Editor toolbar. Right-click the Analysis Report section in the Method Editor, and click Print Analysis Report. From the data file shortcut menu in the Data Navigator, click Print Analysis Report. 	The Run icon in the Method Editor toolbar sometimes allows you to choose an action from a set of possible actions. For example, if you switch to the General > Common Reporting Options section, four different actions are possible when you click the Run icon. If you click the arrow, a list of possible actions is shown, and you can choose which action to do. Choosing a different action from the list changes the default action. If you simply click the Run button, the default action is performed.

Tasks for MS-Only Data (TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Perform these tasks with MS data from a TOF instrument and MS-only data from a Q-TOF instrument.

Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only)

In this task, you extract and merge chromatograms from the original TIC.

Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Extract and merge extracted ion chromatograms (EICs) from two masses in the sulfas-PosMS.d data file. The m/z values are 279.09102 and 311.08085. Merge the peaks from the individual masses into one chromatogram.	a In the Data Navigator window, clear the check boxes for the data files except for sulfas-PosMS.d. b Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right:	You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, highlight the TIC Scan for sulfas_PosMS.d, then right-click TIC Scan and click Extract Chromatograms. You can use an MS level of either All or MS. Note that you can also choose to have the extracted chromatogram automatically integrated after extraction. You can also extract a chromatogram from a mass spectrum.

Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only)

Task 6. Extract chromatograms (MS only) (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

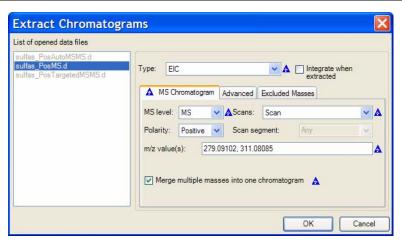


Figure 7 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box.

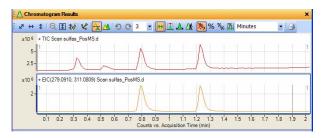


Figure 8 Merged extracted ion chromatograms (EICs) compared to the original TIC

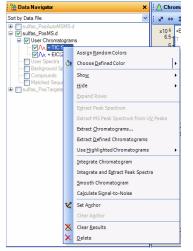
Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

In this task, you learn different ways to interactively integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and view the signal-to-noise ratio for each peak.

Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Detailed Instructions Steps Comments 1 Integrate the sulfas PosMS.d TIC Integrate the sulfas PosMS.d The integration uses the General chromatogram. chromatogram, using any of the Integrator, because that is the following options. integrator selected in the method From the main menu, click default.m. You can change this Chromatograms > Integrate value in the Chromatogram > Chromatogram. Integrate (MS) > Integration tab. · Note that the integration with Highlight the chromatogram. Then, right-click the chromatogram, and default parameters is detecting very click Integrate Chromatogram. small peaks. In Data Navigator, highlight TIC Scan in the sulfas PosMS.d > User Chromatograms section. Then, right-click TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram.



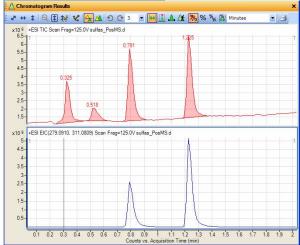


Figure 9 Shortcut menu from Data Navigator and integrated sulfas_PosMS.d TIC chromatogram

Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions Comments
2 Integrate the extracted ion chromatogram (EIC) from Task 1.	 Right-click anywhere in the EIC window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. Normally you would mark the check box, Integrate when extracted, in the Extract Chromatogram dialog box when you set up for extraction.
 Change the filter parameters for the integrated TIC. Display the Integration Method Editor window from Method Explorer for MS data. Change the threshold to retain only the two largest peaks. 	 a From Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to display the Integrator tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. c Under Maximum number of peaks, mark Limit (by height) to the largest, if necessary, and type in 2. d Click the TIC Scan in the Data Navigator window. Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.
	Method Editor: Integrate (MS) Method Items Me
4 Reintegrate the chromatogram.	 Peak Filters tab with Limit (by height) to the largest marked Click the Integrate Chromatogram icon on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting. Note that only the two largest peaks are now integrated.
	x10 ⁶ -ESI TIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS d 6 -1

Integration results with limited number of peaks

Figure 11

Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 7. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 5 Calculate the signal-to-noise ratio. Select the sulfas_PosMS.d TIC. Set the first Peak Label to Area and the second Peak Label for the chromatographic peaks to Signal-to-noise. Open the Method Editor. Use 0.63 - 0.73 for the noise region, and calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the integrated peaks. 	a Click Tools > Plot Display Options. b Click the Chromatogram tab. c Set the first Peak labels to Area and the second Peak labels to Signal-to-Noise. d Click OK. e In the Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Calculate Signal-to-Noise. f Type 0 . 63 - 0 . 73 for the Noise regions, and click the Calculate Signal to Noise icon	 Make sure the TIC is highlighted before you calculate the signal-to-noise. The area that you specified to be the noise region is drawn in bold in the Chromatogram Results window 	
	+ESITIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas PosMS.d Noise (PeakToPeak) = 37407.00; SNR (1.225min) = 136.2 12767892 110.2	and Signal-to-Noise labels	
6 Restore the settings for the default method, and close Method Editor.	 a To cancel your changes and restore the values from the default method, click the Restore to last saved values from file icon on the Method Editor toolbar. b Close Method Editor. 		
7 Return the peak labels to Retention Time.	 a Click Tools > Plot Display Options. b Click the Chromatogram tab. c Set the first Peak Label to Retention Time and the second Peak Label to None. d Click OK. 		

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. You can tell the Qualitative Analysis program to extract a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges.

This task also shows you how to change spectral display options and subtract the background spectrum.

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 1 Extract spectra on specific data a To zoom in to the first peak, right-click When you zoom, make sure the points for the peak at 0.79 min. and the mouse above the peak at 0.70 min. AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, is "on". The background of the the last peak of the and drag it to below the curve at 1.0 sulfas PosMS.d data file. min., then release. icon is orange when it is "on". **b** On the peak near 0.79 min. extract a After zooming in on the region · You can extract a spectrum in any of between 0.7 and 1.0 minutes. spectrum in any of the ways listed in the following ways: Double-click the data point in the extract a spectrum from the peak the Comments column. c Click the Zoom Out icon, , in the at or near 0.79 minutes using any chromatogram. one of the options described Chromatogram Results toolbar. Click the data point in the under Comments. d To open Spectrum Preview, click the chromatogram, then right-click Open Spectrum Preview. Spectrum Preview icon, 👔 anywhere in the chromatogram. After zooming in on the region e Zoom into the region between 1.1 and Click Extract MS Spectrum. The between 1.1 and 1.4 minutes. Extract Spectrum dialog box is extract a spectrum from the peak f On the peak near 1.22 min. extract a displayed. Make sure the at or near 1.22 minutes. spectrum in any of the ways listed in sulfas PosMS.d file is selected, Copy this spectrum to the User the Comments column. The spectrum and click Extract. Spectra section. is shown in the Spectrum Preview Note that when you first extract a Change the display to show at window. spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results least two spectra. g Right-click the spectrum in the window appears containing the Spectrum Preview window, and click spectrum, and the type of spectrum Copy to User Spectra. and retention time appear under The Spectrum Preview window is not User Spectra in the Data Navigator. When Spectrum Preview is enabled, h If necessary, click the arrow next to the system displays any the Maximum number of list panes manually-selected spectrum but it is icon in the MS Spectrum Results not kept in the User Spectra section. toolbar, and click 2. With Spectrum Preview on, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you

extract a new spectrum.

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments S Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Iools Help × ∴ Chromatogram Results Sort by Data File 2 ↔ ‡ □ I W V A M D G 3 · M I A A 7% % % M Minutes +TIC Scan sulfas_PosMS.d x10 s Noise (PeakToPeak) = 37407.00; SNR (1.225min) = 136.2 sulfas_PosMS.d S ✓ User Chromatograms

VA + TIC Scan

VA + EC(279.0910, 311.0809) Scan User Spectra

Usly + Scan (0.791 min)

Usly + Scan (1.225 min) x10 * + EIC(279.0910, 311.0809) Scan sulfas_PosMS.d Method Explorer: Default.m X Spectrum Preview * # \$ | Q | B # | A | D @ 3 | * | B | d integrate (MS) x10 4 + Scan (1.225 min) sulfas_PosMS.d. Integrate (MS/MS) integrate (UV) integrate (ADC) Smooth 400 450 500 550 500 650 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z) Exclude Mass(es Define Chromatograms Adjust Delay Time ⊕ Spectrum 279.6907 **⊞** General 121.0508 579,1566 + Find Compounds x10 6 - Scan (1.225 min) sulfas_PosMS.d

Figure 13 Main window with extracted spectra from both integrated peaks in the sulfas PosMS.d file

400 450 500 550 600 650 700 Courts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
2 Extract a spectrum that averages all points within a specified range for the last integrated peak for the sulfas_PosMS.d data file: Delete any existing User Spectra. Zoom out of the chromatogram. Turn off Spectrum Preview. Use the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. Set the range from the halfway point on the left to the same point on the right of the peak. Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed.	a Highlight the User Spectra to be deleted (Use Ctrl). b Right-click the selected User Spectra, and click Delete. c Click Yes in the Delete dialog box, if it is displayed. d Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon to zoom out completely. e Close the Spectrum Preview window. f Click the Range Select icon chromatogram toolbar. g Click at the halfway point on the left side of the last integrated peak and drag over to the halfway point on the right. h Extract the average spectrum using an option below or on the right. Right-click anywhere in the range of the peak, and click Extract MS Spectrum from the shortcut menu. Click Extract in the Extract Spectrum dialog box.	 You can also delete all user spectra if you right-click the User Spectra line in the Data Navigator window and click Delete. You can also extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram. You can change whether or not you are asked to confirm every time you delete a chromatogram or spectrum by using the Message Box Options dialog box. This dialog box is displayed from the Tools > Message Box Options command. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is only shown if more than one data file is loaded.

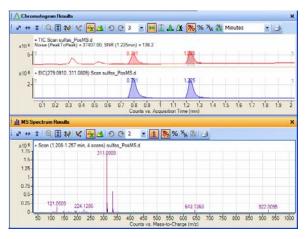


Figure 14 Average spectrum extracted from selected range for last peak

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
3 Extract a spectrum that averages the ranges of integrated peaks 1 and 2 together for the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. • Hint: Use the Range Select icon and the Ctrl key to select the Peak 1 range taken from the halfway point. • Extract the spectrum, using any of the options on the right.	 a Click the Chromatogram Results window title bar. The Chromatogram Results window becomes the active window, and the selected area is not lost. b Press and hold the Ctrl key. c Click at the halfway point on the left side of the first integrated peak, and drag over to the halfway point on the right. d Release the mouse. e Release the Ctrl key. f Extract the average spectrum using this option or the one on the right: Double-click inside the selected range in either peak. 	Remember that the second peak already has a range selected from step 2. You can also extract a spectrum by right-clicking anywhere in the chromatogram, and then click Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract.



Figure 15 An averaged spectrum created from multiple ranges.

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
4 Change the spectral display option for sulfas_PosMS.d. • Change the digits after the decimal to one more than the current setting. • Change back to the original number of digits.	 a Click Tools > Plot Display Options. b Click the MS and MS/MS Spectra tab. c Set Digits after the decimal to one more than the current setting for the m/z values. d Click OK. 	 Note that the label now shows m/ with one more digit.
	MS Spectrum Results	×
		% % 🔯 l 🗃
	x10 6 + Scan (1.208-1.257 min, 4 scans) sulfas_PosMS.d 311,08080	
	1- 121.05089 224.12862	643.13632 922.00947
	x10.5 + Scan (0.775-0.823, 1.208-1.257 min, 8 scans) sulfas PosMS.d	943.19632 322.00047
	279.09072	
	121 05005	9.15649 922.00931
	50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 Counts vs. Mass-to-C	
	e Repeat steps a and b, then set Digits after the decimal to one less than the current setting. f Click OK .	 The label should now show the original number of digits.

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum in sulfas_PosMS.d. Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator. Extract a background spectrum in the region of 0.0 to 0.25 minutes and have it appear in the Background Spectrum folder in Data Navigator. Use the current background MS spectrum for subtraction. Integrate the chromatogram, limiting the integrated peaks to 4. Extract a peak spectrum from the third integrated peak. 	a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, highlight the User Spectra to be deleted (Press the Ctrl key). b Right-click the spectra, and click Delete. c Click Yes. d Make sure the Range Select icon is selected in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, and drag the cursor between 0.0 and 0.25 min. e Right-click within the range, and click Extract MS Spectrum to Background. f In Method Explorer click Spectrum > Extract MS. g Click the Manual Extraction tab. h Under Manual Spectrum Background, select Current background spectrum for the MS spectrum. i From Method Explorer click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS). j Click the Peak Filters tab. k Mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box, and type 4. l From the main menu click Chromatogram > Entire Chromatogram > Entire Chromatogram Results toolbar. n Select the third integrated peak, and extract a peak spectrum using one of the following options	Note that at the end of this process, all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted. As an alternative way to move a background Spectrum to the Background Spectrum folder, follow these steps: Double-click the selected range to extract an averaged spectrum. Right-click anywhere in the spectrum window and click Move to Background Spectrum.

Task 8. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

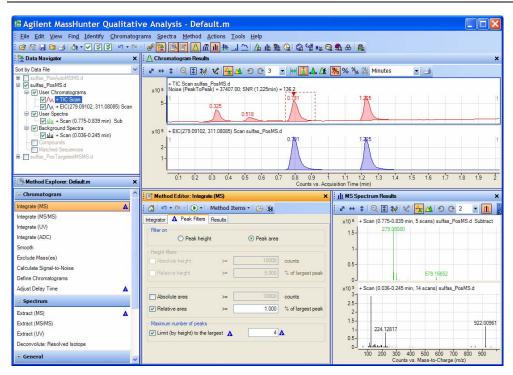


Figure 16 Spectrum with background subtracted

Tasks for LC/MS/MS Data (Q-TOF and Triple Quad)

Task 9. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In this task, you extract one chromatogram for MS data and one for MS/MS data in order to integrate the peaks. You cannot integrate the TIC of the original chromatogram because it contains both MS and MS/MS data.

Task 9. Extract chromatograms (MS and MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
Extract TICs for the MS data in the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file.	a In the Data Navigator, mark the check box for sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d and clear the check boxes for the other data files. b Display the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right: • Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d, if necessary. d Make sure the Type is TIC. e From the MS Level list, click MS. f Click OK.	You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, click User Chromatograms > TIC MS (AII), then right-click TIC MS (AII) and click Extract Chromatograms. You can also extract chromatograms from mass spectra.	

Task 9. Extract chromatograms (MS and MS/MS) (continued)

Extract Chromatograms

List of opened data files

sulfas_PosAutoMSMS.d
sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

MS Chromatogram Advanced Excluded Masses

MS List of opened data files

sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

WS Chromatogram Advanced Excluded Masses

MS List of opened data files

sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

wilfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

Scansegment

m/z value(s): 279.09100, 311.08090

Figure 17 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box.

- Extract another chromatogram but based on a product ion for the MS/MS data.
 - This time choose to integrate the extracted chromatogram.
- a Repeat steps b-c of Step 1.
- **b** Click **EIC** as the Type.
- c From the MS Level list, click MS/MS.
- d From the Scans list, click **Product ion**.
- e From the Precursor ion m/z, click 279.09100.
- f In the m/z value(s) text box, type 186.03299.
- g Mark the Integrate when extracted check box.
- h Click OK.

 In the m/z value(s) text box, you can also type a range (for example, 100 - 300)

Cancel

OK

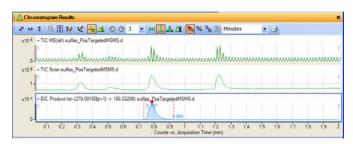


Figure 18 TIC for MS and EIC for MS/MS data compared to the original TIC

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In this task, you learn different ways to integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and calculate the S/N for the integrated peaks for MS/MS data.

You cannot integrate the original Q-TOF TIC chromatogram because it contains both MS and MS/MS data, possibly in no particular order.

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

S	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Integrate the TIC Scan chromatogram for the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file, using any of the options listed at right.	 a Highlight the TIC Scan chromatogram, and choose from any one of the following commands to integrate the chromatogram. From the menu bar click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In the Data Navigator window, select sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > TIC Scan, then right-click the TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram. 	 Note that the program integrated practically all the peaks in the chromatogram. You select the integrator to use for MS data, MS/MS data, UV data and ADC data in the Method Editor window.
2	Change the threshold to integrate fewer peaks. Change the threshold to retain only the two largest peaks.	 a From Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to display the Integrator tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. c In the Maximum number of peaks box, mark Limit (by height) to the largest, if necessary, and type in 2. 	 Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments Method Editor: Integrate (MS) × 🚮 🕒 🕶 🕒 🕟 🕶 Method Items 🖈 📙 🟢 Integrator A Peak Filters Results Filter on O Peak height Peak area % of largest peak Area filters Absolute area counts Relative area 1.000 % of largest peak Maximum number of peaks 2 🛕 Limit (by height) to the largest A

Figure 19 Peak Filters tab with Limit (by height) to the largest marked

- 3 Reintegrate the chromatogram.
- d Click the two button on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.
- Note that only the two largest peaks are now integrated.

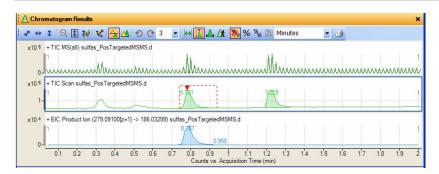


Figure 20 Integrated TIC MS and MS/MS chromatograms with higher threshold setting

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

St	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
4	Integrate the EIC Product Ion chromatogram for the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file, using any of the options listed at right.	a Highlight the EIC Product Ion chromatogram, and choose from any one of the following commands to integrate the chromatogram. • From the menu bar click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. • Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. • In the Data Navigator window, select sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > EIC Product Ion then right-click the EIC Product Ion and click Integrate Chromatogram.	 Note that the program integrated practically all the peaks in the chromatogram. You select the integrator to use for MS data, MS/MS data, UV data and ADC data in the Method Editor window. 	
5	Change the filter to filter on height. Display the Integration Method Editor window from Method Explorer for MS/MS data. Change the Filter on value to peak height Mark the Absolute height check box.	 a From Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS) to display the Integrator tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. c Under Filter on, click Peak height. d Under Height filters, mark the Absolute height check box. 	Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.	
6	Reintegrate the chromatogram	e Click the button on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.	Note that only the largest peak is now integrated.	

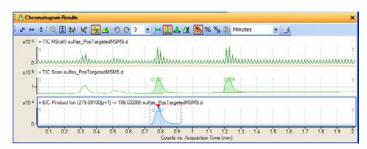


Figure 21 Integrated TIC MS and MS/MS chromatograms with higher threshold setting

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 7 Calculate the signal-to-noise ratio a Click Tools > Plot Display Options, Make sure the TIC is highlighted for the EIC of the product ion. and set the first Peak label to Area and before you calculate the Set the first Peak Label to Area the second Peak label to signal-to-noise. and the second Peak Label for · The area that you specified to be Signal-to-Noise. the chromatographic peaks to the noise region is drawn in bold in **b** In Method Explorer in the Signal-to-noise. Chromatogram section, select the Chromatogram Results window. Open the Method Editor. Calculate Signal to Noise. Use 0.0 - 0.76 for the c Type 0.0 - 0.76 for the Noise noise region, and calculate the regions, and click the Calculate signal-to-noise ratio for the Signal to Noise icon (). integrated peaks.

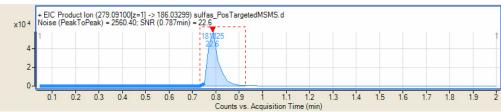


Figure 22 Signal-to-Noise results for MS/MS EIC Product Ion

- 8 Restore the settings that are saved for the current method and close Method Editor.
- a Click the Chromatogram > Calculate Signal-to-Noise section in the Method Explorer.
- b Click the Restore to last saved values from file icon on the Method Editor toolbar.
- c Click the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- d Click the icon
- e Click the Chromatogram > Integrate
 (MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- f Click the icon
- g Close Method Editor.

 To cancel your changes and restore the values from the method that is loaded, click the Restore to last saved values from file icon the Method Editor toolbar.

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 10. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
9 Return the peak labels to Retention Time.	 a Click Tools > Plot Display Options. b Select Retention Time for the the first Peak label and None for the second Peak label. c Click OK. 	
10 Delete all chromatograms except the original.	 a Under User Chromatograms in the Data Navigator window, highlight all the chromatograms except the original. b Right-click the highlighted chromatograms, and click Delete. 	

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. You can tell the Qualitative Analysis program to extract a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges.

This task also shows you how to walk a chromatogram, change spectral display options and subtract the background spectrum.

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Walk a chromatogram to view the precursor ion and product ion for the last peak of sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d. Zoom in on the region between 1.15 and 1.35 minutes. Use the Walk Chromatogram icon. Review the spectra starting at about 1.15 minutes, and move the arrow to the right. 	 a Click the TIC MS(all) chromatogram in the Data Navigator window. b To zoom in to the last peak, right-click the mouse above the peak at 1.15 minutes and drag it to 1.35 minutes, then release. c Click the Walk Chromatogram icon on the Chromatogram Results toolbar. d Move the Walk Chromatogram cursor to above the X axis at about 1.15 minutes, and click. e To navigate from spectrum to spectrum, use the right and left arrow keys on your keyboard. 	 The Walk Chromatogram tool is particularly useful on MS/MS data for identifying precursor and product ions. The spectrum for each point you click in the Chromatogram Results window is automatically displayed in the Spectrum Preview window, which is opened automatically. 	

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

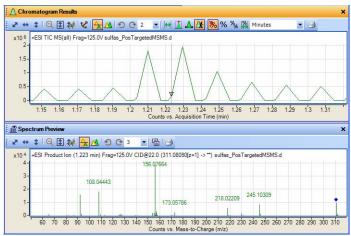
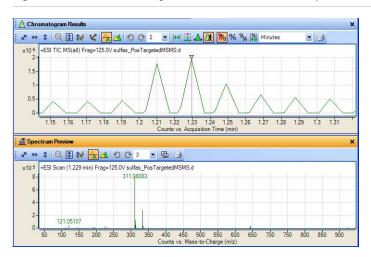


Figure 23 Walk chromatogram to view the MS/MS and product ion for the background at 1.223 minutes



If you want the Fragmentor voltage included in the chromatogram title and the spectrum title, you mark the Expanded check box in the Plot Display Options dialog box. You mark this check box on the Chromatogram tab and the MS and MS/MS Spectrum tab.

Figure 24 Walk chromatogram to view the MS scan for the peak at 1.229 minutes

places as well.

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 2 Extract spectra on specific data a Click the Range Select icon Kap from · When you zoom, make sure the the Chromatogram Results toolbar. points for the peak at .33 minutes AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, is "on". The background of the and the last peak of the **b** Close the Spectrum Preview window. c Click the Zoom Out icon, 🛂, in the sulfas PosTargetedMSMS.d data icon is orange when it is on. Chromatogram Results toolbar. · You can extract a spectrum in any of After zooming in on the region d To zoom in to the first peak, right-click the following ways: between 0.3 and 0.4 min., extract the mouse above the peak at 0.3 min. Double-click the data point in the a spectrum from one of the and drag it to 0.4 min., then release. chromatogram. peaks (MS) at or near 0.33 min. e On a peak near 0.33 min. extract a Click the data point in the and then one of the valleys spectrum in any of the ways listed in chromatogram, then right-click (MS/MS), using any one of the the Comments column. anywhere in the chromatogram. options described under f On a valley near 0.34 min., extract the Click Extract MS Spectrum. The Comments. Extract Spectrum dialog box is spectrum. After zooming in on the region g Click the **Zoom Out** icon, **7**, in the displayed. Make sure the between 1.15 and 1.25 min., Chromatogram Results toolbar. sulfas PosTargetedMSMS.d file extract a spectrum from one of h Zoom into the region between 1.15 and is selected, and click Extract in the peaks at or near 1.23 min. 1.25 min. the Extract Spectrum dialog box. (not the valley yet) i On a peak near 1.23 minutes, extract a Note that when you first extract a Change the display to show at spectrum in any of the ways listed in spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results least three spectra. the Comments column. (Do not extract window appears containing the the valley spectrum yet.) spectrum, and the type of spectrum i If necessary, click the arrow next to and retention time appear under the Maximum number of list panes User Spectra. All subsequent icon in the MS Spectrum Results extracted spectra appear in both

toolbar, and click 3.

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 🖺 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help A Data Navigator X Chromatogram Results Sort by Data File x10 6 +ESI TIC MS(all) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d ■ vulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d. User Chromatograms

I V A + TIC MS(all) ■ V User Spectra | | | | + Scan (0.332 min) | | | | + Product Ion (0.340 min) (271.0 | | + Scan (1.229 min) | 05 1.15 1.17 MS Spectrum Results Method Explorer: Default.m x10.5 +ESI Scan (0.332 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d Chromatogram Integrate (MS) 563.03692 Integrate (MS/MS) 121 05076 922.00805 224.12791 Integrate (UV) Integrate (ADC) x104 +ESI Product Ion (0.340 min) Frag=125.0V CID@12.0 (271.03171[z=1] -> **) sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d 156,01038 Smooth Exclude Mass(es) Calculate Signal-to-Noise 0.5-Define Chromatograms

x10 5 +ESI Scan (1.229 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d

200 250

100

Figure 25 The Qualitative Analysis program with MS Scan and Product Ion spectra from the first peak and MS Scan spectrum from the last peak

Adjust Delay Time

Deconvolute: Resolved Isotope

Extract (MS)

Extract (MS/MS)

Extract (UV)

450 500 550 600 650

700 750

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

3 Extract a product ion spectrum for the last peak of the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file.

Steps

- View the Spectrum Preview window.
- Extract a spectrum from the valley at RT 1.237 min.
- Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra folder.
- Change the display to show 4 spectra.
- · Turn off Spectrum Preview.

Detailed Instructions

a Click the **Spectrum Preview** icon, in the main toolbar.

- **b** On a valley near 1.23 minutes extract a spectrum.
- c Right-click the spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window, and click Copy to User Spectra.

The Spectrum Preview window is between the Chromatogram Results window and the MS Spectrum Results window.

- **d** Click the down arrow next to the spectrum pane list, and select 4.
- e Close the Spectrum Preview window.

Comments

- When Spectrum Preview is enabled, the system displays any manually-selected spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window but not in the User Spectra section of Data Navigator.
- With Spectrum Preview on, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum.
- Spectrum Preview mode is useful when you quickly want to review the spectra in your chromatogram and save only a few of the spectra.

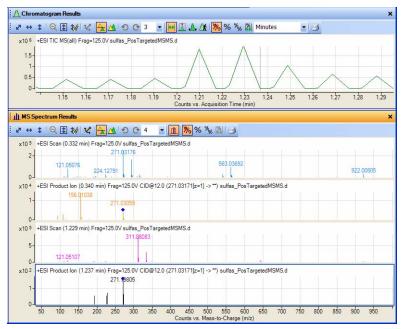


Figure 26 Main window with product ion spectrum from the last peak in the chromatogram

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 4 Extract a spectrum that averages a Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis You can extract an average icon an in the Chromatogram Results all points within a specified range spectrum by double-clicking the toolbar to zoom out completely. selected range in the for the last peak for the **b** Click the Range Select icon on the sulfas PosTargeted.d data file: chromatogram. Chromatogram toolbar. Zoom out. Or, right-click anywhere in the • Use the Range Select icon on the **c** Click at about 1.21 minutes of the last chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatogram toolbar. peak and drag over to about 1.229 MS Spectrum from the shortcut minutes on the right. menu. Then, click Extract. Set the range across the entire d Extract the average spectrum using Note that both the averaged MS Extract the spectrum, using any one of the options on the right. spectrum and averaged MS/MS of the options listed. e Click the down arrow next to the spectrum appear. Maximum number of list panes icon. and select 2.

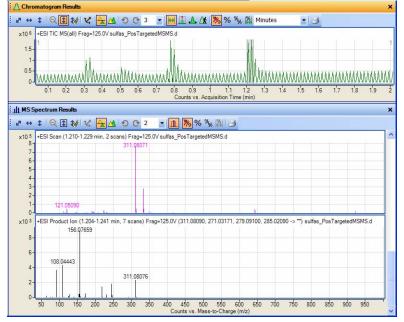


Figure 27 Averaged spectra extracted from selected range for last peak

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 5 Extract spectra that average the a Press and hold the Ctrl kev. Remember that the second peak ranges of peaks 1 and 4 together **b** Click at about 0.3 min. on the left side already has a range selected from for the sulfas PosTargeted.d data of the first peak and drag over to about step 4. file. 0.33 min. on the right, and release the To extract spectra, you can also Hint: Use the Range Select icon right-click anywhere in the mouse. and the Ctrl key to select the c Release the Ctrl key. chromatogram and clicking Extract Peak 1 range taken from the d Extract the averaged spectra using this MS Spectrum. The Extract option or the one on the right: halfway point. Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract the spectra, using any of Double-click inside the selected the options on the right. range in either peak. · The range that you select is shown in blue. When you use this range, the range that is actually used is shown in gray and the blue range is removed.

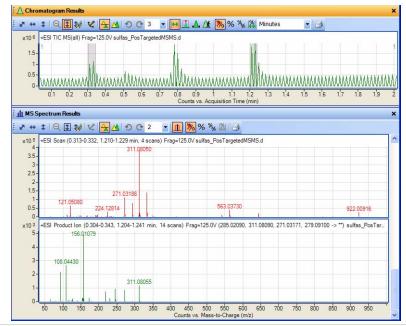


Figure 28 Averaged MS and MS/MS spectra created from multiple ranges.

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

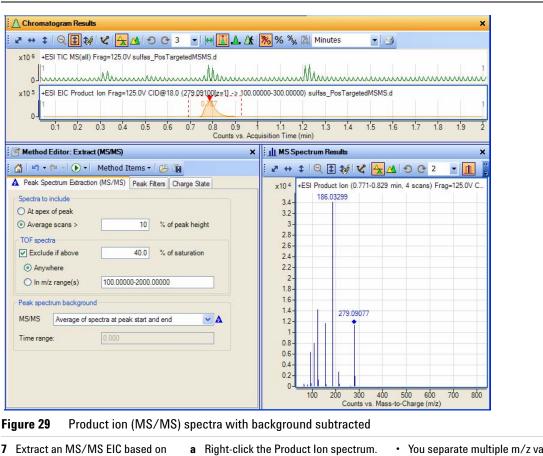
Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
6 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum for an MS/MS EIC extracted from sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d. Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator. Extract a background spectrum that is the average of a spectrum at the start of the peak and a spectrum at the end of the peak. Extract a peak spectrum from the integrated peaks.	a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, right-click the spectra, and click Delete. b Click Yes. c Extract an integrated MS/MS EIC of ions 279.09100 with an m/z range of 100-300 (see "Task 9. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)" on page 38) d In Method Explorer, select Spectrum > Extract (MS/MS). c Click the Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS/MS) tab, if not visible. f Under Peak spectrum background, click Average of spectra at peak start and end. g In the Chromatogram Results toolbar, click the Peak Select icon. h Select the peak at 0.8 min. i Right-click and click Extract Peak Spectrum.	Note that at the end of this process all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted.	

Comments

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Detailed Instructions



- 7 Extract an MS/MS EIC based on the product ion spectra, 186.03299 from Step 6.
 - Choose to integrate after extraction.

Steps

- **b** Click Extract Chromatograms.
- c From the Type list, select EIC.
- d Clear the Integrate when extracted check box.
- e From the MS level list, select MS/MS.
- f Type 186.03396, 156.07760 into the m/z values box.
- g Mark the Merge multiple masses into one chromatogram check box.
- h Click OK.

- You separate multiple m/z values with a comma.
- If you type a single m/z value, then it is changed to a range automatically by using the Single m/z expansion range for this chromatogram parameters that are entered on the Advanced tab.

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 11. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

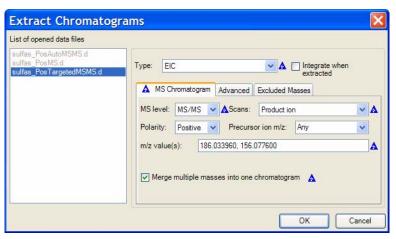


Figure 30 Extract Chromatograms dialog box for EIC based on product ions

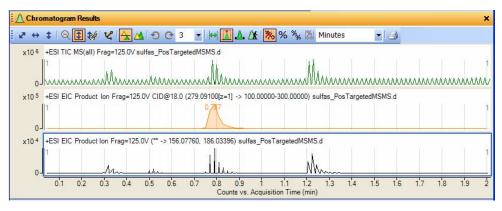


Figure 31 EIC based on background-subtracted product ion spectra

Tasks for MS and UV Data

Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

In this task, you extract MS and UV chromatograms from a data file.

Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
and ADC1) from the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Hide all data files except sulfas_PosMS.d Delete all chromatograms except the TIC MS(all). Extract the DAD1 chromatogram. Extract the ADC1 chromatogram. Change the number of panes visible to 3.	a In the Data Navigator window, clear the check boxes for the data files except for sulfas-PosMS.d. b Mark the check box for the sulfas-PosMS.d data file. c Delete all chromatograms except the TIC MS(all). d Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right:	You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extrace Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, highlight the TIC Scan for sulfas_PosMS.d, then right-clice TIC Scan and click Extract Chromatograms. Note that you can also choose to have the extracted chromatogram automatically integrated after extraction.

Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

Task 12. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV) (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments



Figure 32 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box with **Type** Other Chromatograms.

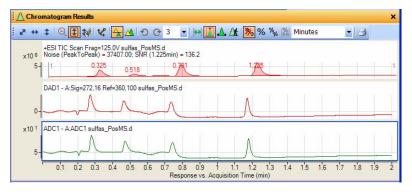


Figure 33 DAD1 and ADC1 compared to the original TIC

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

In this task, you learn different ways to interactively integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and view the signal-to-noise ratio for each peak.

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS and UV)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d UV chromatograms, using any of the options listed at right. Highlight the DAD1 and ADC1 chromatogram. Integrate the chromatograms. 	a Highlight the DAD1 and ADC1 chromatograms. b Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d UV chromatogram, using any of the following options. • From the main menu, click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. • Highlight the chromatogram. Then, right-click the chromatogram, and click Integrate Chromatogram. • In Data Navigator, highlight TIC Scan in the sulfas_PosMS.d > User Chromatograms section. Then, right-click TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram.	 The integration uses the General MS Integrator, because that is the integrator selected in the method default.m. You can change this value in the Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) > Integration tab. Note that the integration with default parameters is detecting very small peaks.

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)



Figure 34 One of the shortcut menus in the Data Navigator and integrated sulfas PosMS.d chromatograms

- 2 Enable system suitability calculations.
 - Display the Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) > Suitability tab.
 - · Enable Suitability calculations.
- a From Method Explorer, select
 Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) to display the Integrator tab.
- **b** Click the **Suitability** tab.
- c Mark Enable system suitability calculations.
- d Select the United States Pharmacopoeia (USP).
- e In the Column void time box, type 0.15.
- f In the Column length box, type 500.
- Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.
- The algorithms used to set several of the columns in the Integration Peak List change depending on the selected pharmacopoeia. See the online Help for more information.

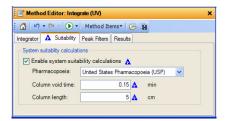


Figure 35 Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) Suitability tab

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV) $\frac{1}{2}$

Task 13. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
3 Reintegrate the chromatogram.	Click the Integrate Chromatogram icon on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.	
 View the system suitability calculations. Open the Integration Peak List window. Review the values for the noise region, and calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the integrated peaks. 	 a Click View > Integration peak list. b Right-click the header of the Integration peak list window and click Floating. c Right-click the column header of any column that you do not want to see and click Remove Column. d Right-click any column header and click Add/Remove Columns to change the columns that are visible. 	 The system suitability calculations are included in the Integration Peal List table. These values include k', Tailing factor, Plates, Plates/M, and Symmetry.
	1 0.1 0.1 2.07 0.01 -0.3 0.18 2 0.185 1.03 21.16 0.61 0.2 0.16 3 0.214 0.45 9.19 0.46 0.4 0.25 4 0.272 4.39 90.03 2.91 0.8 3 5 0.465 4.88 100 2.02 2.1 1.94 6 0.676 0.81 16.53 0.25 3.5 0.05 7 0.735 3.5 71.74 2.11 3.9 1.76 8 1.172 4.72 96.71 3.37 6.8 2.4	Addition Tailing fact Plates Plates M Resolution Symmetry
5 Restore the settings for the default method, and close the Method Editor window and the Integration Peak List window.	 a To cancel your changes and restore the values from the default method, click the Restore to last saved values from file icon on the Method Editor toolbar. b Close Method Editor. c Right-click the header of the Integration peak list window and click Floating. d Click View > Integration Peak List. 	When you click the Floating command in the shortcut menu the second time, the Integration Peak List window is docked where it was originally.

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. You can tell the Qualitative Analysis program to extract a UV spectrum from a specific data point, extract an averaged UV spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges, or extract a Peak Spectrum.

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments · You cannot extract spectra from an a Delete the ADC1 chromatogram. 1 Extract spectra on specific data Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis points for the peak at 1.2 min. and ADC chromatogram. icon in the Chromatogram Results the last peak of the · When you zoom, make sure the sulfas PosMS.d data file. toolbar to zoom out completely. AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, is "on". The background of the c Click the Range Select icon on the Delete the ADC1 chromatogram. Chromatogram Results toolbar. After zooming in on the region icon is orange when it is "on". between 0.17 and 0.31 minutes, d Highlight the DAD1 chromatogram. · You can extract a spectrum in any of extract a spectrum from the peak e To zoom in to the first peak, right-click the following ways: at or near 0.27 minutes using any the mouse above the peak at 0.17 min. Double-click the data point in the one of the options described and drag it to below the curve at 0.31 chromatogram. under Comments. minutes, then release. Click the data point in the Open Spectrum Preview. f On the peak near 0.27 minutes, extract chromatogram, then right-click After zooming in on the region a UV spectrum using one of the anywhere in the chromatogram. between 1.1 and 1.3 minutes. methods in the Comments column. Click Extract UV Spectrum. The q Click the Zoom Out icon, 🛂 , in the Extract Spectrum dialog box is extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 1.17 minutes. Chromatogram Results toolbar. displayed. Make sure the Copy this spectrum to the User h To open Spectrum Preview, click the sulfas PosMS.d file is selected, Spectrum Preview icon, R Spectra section. and click Extract. Change the display to show at i Zoom into the region between 1.1 and Note that when you first extract a 1.3 min. spectrum, the UV Spectrum Results least two spectra. i On the peak near 1.22 min. extract a window appears containing the UV spectrum. The spectrum is shown spectrum, and the type of spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window. and retention time appear under k Right-click the spectrum, and click User Spectra in the Data Navigator. Copy to User Spectra. The Spectrum When Spectrum Preview is enabled, Preview window is tabbed with the UV the system displays any Spectrum Results window. manually-selected spectrum but it is I If necessary, click the arrow next to not kept in the User Spectra section. the Maximum number of list panes With Spectrum Preview open, icon in the MS Spectrum Results Qualitative Analysis overwrites the toolbar, and select 2. previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum.

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

UV Spectrum Results R Spectrum Prev

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments ■ Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m Elle Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help A Data Navigator Sort by Data File - 3 Suffer PosAutoM
Suffer PosMS.d x10 4 +ESI TIC Scan Frag+125 0V sulfas_PosMS.d DAD1 - A:Sig=272 16 Ref=360 100 sulfas PosMS d Method Explorer: Default m 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 12 1.22 Chromatogram Integrate (MS) UV Spectrum Results Integrate (MS/MS) Integrate (UV) UV (0.272 min) sulfas_PosMS.d Integrate (ADC) Exclude Mass(es) Calculate Signal-to-Noise Define Chromatograms x10 1 UV (1.170 min) sulfas_PosMS.d Adjust Delay Time **≘** Spectrum Extract (MS) Extract (MS/MS) 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300 310 320 330 340 350 360 370 380 390 Extract (UV) mAU vs. Wavlength (nm)

Figure 37 Main window with extracted UV spectra from two integrated peaks in the sulfas PosMS.d file

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 2 Extract a spectrum that averages a Highlight the User Spectra to be You can also extract an average all UV points within a specified deleted (Use Ctrl). spectrum by double-clicking the **b** Right-click the selected User Spectra, range for the last integrated UV selected range in the peak for the sulfas PosMS.d data and click Delete. chromatogram. file: c Click Yes in the Delete dialog box, if it You can change whether or not you are asked to confirm every time you Delete any existing User Spectra. is displayed. d Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis Zoom out of the chromatogram. delete a chromatogram or spectrum icon a to zoom out completely. Turn off Spectrum Preview. by using the Message Box Options Use the Range Select icon on the e Click the Spectrum Preview window. dialog box. This dialog box is Chromatogram toolbar. then close the window. displayed from the Tools > Set the range from the halfway f Click the Range Select icon on the Message Box Options command. point on the left to the same Chromatogram toolbar. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is point on the right of the peak. a Click at the halfway point on the left only shown if more than one data Extract the spectrum, using any side of the last integrated peak in the file is loaded. of the options listed. DAD1 chromatogram and drag over to the halfway point on the right. h Extract the averaged spectrum using the option below or on the right. Right-click anywhere in the range of the peak, and click Extract UV Spectrum from the shortcut menu. Click Extract in the Extract

Spectrum dialog box.

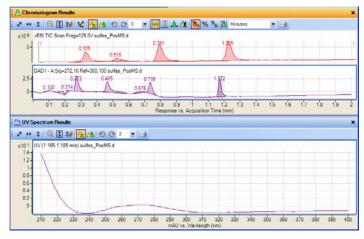


Figure 38 Average spectrum extracted from selected range for last peak

Task 14. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 3 Extract a UV peak spectrum in a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, Extracted peak spectra are always sulfas PosMS.d. highlight the User Spectra to be put into either the UV Spectrum Results window or the MS Delete any scans under User deleted (Use Ctrl). Spectra in Data Navigator. **b** Right-click the spectra, and click Spectrum Results window, even if Delete. Integrate the DAD1 the Spectrum Preview window is chromatogram. c Click Yes. open. Extract a peak spectrum from the **d** Highlight the DAD1 Chromatogram. third integrated peak. e Click Chromatogram > Integrate Chromatogram. f Click the Peak Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. g Click the third integrated peak (at 0.225 minutes) in the DAD1 chromatogram. h Right-click the peak and click Extract Peak Spectrum.

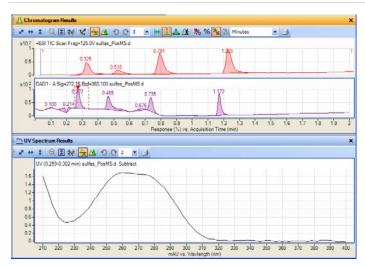


Figure 39 Integrated DAD1 chromatogram and UV Peak Spectrum

- 4 Close all three data files.
- a Click File > Close All.
- b Click No when asked to save the results.

Tasks for GC-MS data

Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC

In this task, you switch to the General workflow. This is the only workflow that supports analyzing GC/MS data. Then, you open the User Interface Configuration dialog box and mark the appropriate check boxes for a GC $\rm QQQ$ system.

Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the Qualitative Analysis program. Open the data files, sulfas-PosAutoMSMS, sulfas-PosMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d in the folder \\MassHunter\Data, or in the folder where you copied them.	 a Double-click the Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis icon The system displays the Open Data Files dialog box. b Go to the folder \\MassHunter\\Data\\LC or the folder where the example files are located. 	 The sulfas-PosMS.d file contains MS (TOF or Q-TOF) data, and the sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d files contain both MS and MS/MS (Q-TOF) data. You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by pressing the F1 key when that window is active.
2	Switch to the General Workflow.	 a Click the View > Configure for Workflow > General command. b Click the List Mode icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. 	 If the Data Acquisition program for GC-QQQ is installed on the same computer, the software configures the User Interface automatically. By default, chromatograms are overlaid. For these examples, the chromatograms are shown in List Mode.

Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 3 Configure the user interface to a Click Tools > User Interface · You change which commands are show GC features only. Configuration. available in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. **b** Under Separation types, mark the **GC** check box. Clear the LC check box. · If a feature is not visible, it probably c Under Ionization type, mark the El or was hidden when a check box was other "hard" ionization technique cleared in the User Interface check box. Clear the Cl. APCI. ESI. Configuration dialog box. MADLDI or other "soft" ionization technique check box d Unser Mass accuracy, clear the Accurate mass (TOF, Q-TOF) check box. Mark the Unit mass check box. e Under Non-MS detectors, clear the UV and ADC check boxes. f Clear the Show advanced parameters check box. g Click OK.

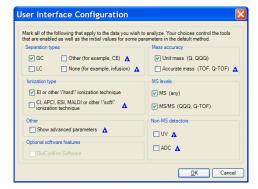


Figure 40 Configuring the user interface for a GC Triple Quadrupole

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

In this task, you extract one BPC chromatogram from a GC/MS data file. You also extract an EIC chromatogram from two GC/MS/MS data file.

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

S	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the three example GC data files. Open the data files, Pest - 200 - Scan.D, Pest - STD 200 MRM.D, and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D in the folder \MassHunter\Data\GC, or in the folder where you copied them.	 a Click File > Close All. b Click No in the Save dialog box. c Click File > Open Data File. d Go to the folder \MassHunter\Data\GC or the folder where the example files are located. e Select the three data files. f Clear the Load result data check box. g Click Open. 	 First, close any other data file that was loaded. The Pest - 200 -Scan.D file contains MS (GC/MS) data, and the Pest - STD 200 MRM.D and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D files contain both MS and MS/MS (GC/MS) data. You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by pressing the F1 key when that window is active
2	Configure the user interface to work with GC data.	• Follow the instructions in Task 15. Configure User Interface for GC 64.	
3	Extract a BPC for the GC/MS data in the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file.	 a In the Data Navigator, mark the check box for Pest - 200 - Scan.d and clear the check boxes for the other data files. b Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right: Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click Pest - 200 - Scan.d, if necessary. d Make sure the Type is BPC. e Click OK. 	You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, click User Chromatograms > TIC MS (AII) then right-click TIC MS (AII) and click Extract Chromatograms. You can also extract chromatograms based upon a mass spectrum.

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

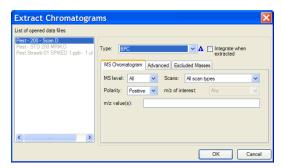


Figure 41 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box.

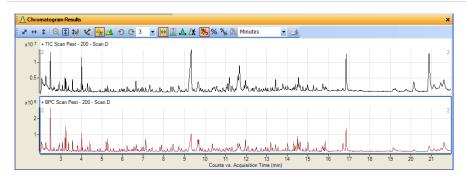


Figure 42 TIC for GC/MS and BPC for GC/MS data

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments In the m/z value(s) text box, you 4 Extract the 160 -> 133 EIC from the a In the Data Navigator, mark the check MS/MS data files. box for Pest - STD 200 MRM.d and can also type a range (for example, This time choose to integrate the Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul 100 - 300) or multiple values extracted chromatogram. inj.D and clear the check boxes for (for example, 133, 139). Pest - 200 - Scan.D. • If you type a single m/z value, it is **b** Open the Extract Chromatograms automatically converted to a range dialog box, using the option below or using the parameters on the one of the options to the right: Advanced tab. Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click Pest - STD 200 MRM.d and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D, if necessary. d Select EIC as the Type. e From the MS Level list, select MS/MS. f From the Scans list, select Multiple reaction monitor. g From the Precursor ion m/z, select 160. h In the m/z value(s) text box, type i Mark the Integrate when extracted check box. j Click OK.

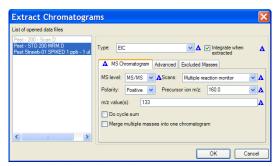


Figure 43 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box.

Task 16. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 5 Change the plot display options to a Click Tools > Plot Display Options. You can customize how graphics not label the Time segment **b** In the Plot Display Options dialog box, are displayed in many different click Line for the Time segment markers. ways by modifying values in this markers. dialog box. Plot Display Options △ Chromatogram MS and MS/MS Spectra Deconvoluted Spectra Common Retention time units: Minutes O Seconds O Scans 3 (Retention time values) Digits after the decimal: 4 0 The example data files have many Color only time segments. You remove the labels Peak lahels Retention Time Compound Label from the Time segment markers by Vertical labels clicking the Line button. Allow overlap with other labels Plot titles Expanded (with ionization, fragm age and collision energy Peak fill Translucent Baseline calculation points Peak end markers Peak baselines Peak highlighting ✓ Arrow ✓ Lines ☑ Bold ⊙ Line 🛕 O Labeled line O None SNR results ✓ Bold noise regions Show in title OK Cancel Default

Figure 44 Plot Display Options dialog box

- 6 Display all four chromatograms from the MS/MS data files at the same time
- Select 4 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar.

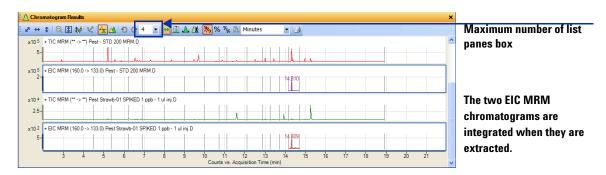


Figure 45 TIC MRM Chromatograms and EIC MRM Chromatograms for MS/MS data files

Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

In this task, you learn different ways to integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and calculate the S/N for the integrated peaks for MS/MS data.

Task 17. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS)

Detailed Instructions Steps Comments 1 Integrate the TIC Scan a Mark the Pest - 200 - Scan.D line in the Note that the program integrated chromatogram for the Pest - 200 -Data Navigator window. practically all the peaks in the Scan.d data file, using any of the **b** Highlight the TIC Scan chromatogram, chromatogram. options listed at right. and use one of the following · You select the integrator to use for commands: MS data, MS/MS data, UV data and From the menu bar click ADC data in the Method Editor Chromatograms > Integrate window. · This chromatogram is an MS Chromatogram. Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, so the values that chromatogram window, and click are set in the Integrate (MS) section Integrate Chromatogram. of the Method Editor are used when In the Data Navigator window. integrating this chromatogram. select sulfas PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > TIC Scan, then right-click the TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram. 2 Display only two chromatograms at Select 2 in the Maximum number of the same time. list panes box in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar.

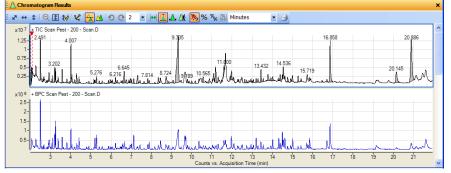


Figure 46 Integrated TIC Scan Chromatogram with many small peaks

Many small peaks are integrated.

Task 17. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 3 Change the threshold to integrate a From Method Explorer, click Note the blue triangle that appears fewer peaks. Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. Change the threshold to retain display the Integrate (MS) tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. When you save the method, the only the three largest peaks. c Under Maximum number of peaks, triangles disappear. mark Limit (by height) to the largest, and type 3.

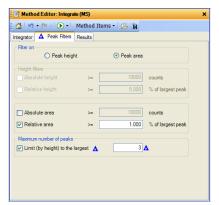


Figure 47 Peak Filters tab with Limit (by height) to the largest marked

- 4 Reintegrate the chromatogram
- d Click the button on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.
- Note that only the three largest peaks are now integrated.

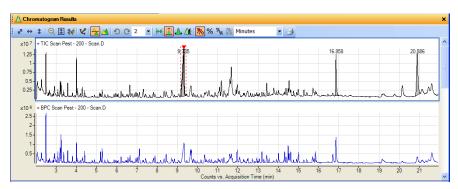


Figure 48 Integrated TIC Scan chromatogram when limiting the number of peaks

Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

Task 17. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** 5 Integrate the TIC MRM and EIC a In the Data Navigator window, select Press the Ctrl key to highlight more the TIC MRM for the Pest - STD 200 MRM chromatograms for the **Pest** than one chromatogram in the Data - STD 200 MRM.D data file. MRM.d data file. Press Ctrl and click Navigator window. the EIC MRM chromatogram. Note that the program integrated **b** Use one of the following commands to practically all the peaks in the integrate the chromatograms. chromatogram. From the menu bar click These chromatograms are MS/MS Chromatograms > Integrate chromatograms, so the values that Chromatogram. are set in the Integrate (MS/MS) · Right-click anywhere in the section of the Method Editor chromatogram window, and click window are used when integrating Integrate Chromatogram. this chromatogram. You can select In the Data Navigator window. one integrator to use to integrate right-click the highlighted MS chromatograms and a different chromatograms and click Integrate integrator to use to integrate Chromatogram. MS/MS chromatograms.

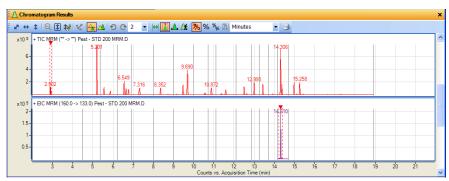


Figure 49 Integrated MRM chromatograms

- 6 Select the MS/MS (GC) integrator. Change the filter to only accept peaks with an absolute height greater or equal to 10,000.
- a From Method Explorer, select
 Chromatogram > Integrate
 (MS/MS).
- b Select MS/MS (GC).
- c Click the Peak Filters tab.
- d Under Filter on, click Peak height.
- e Under Height filters, mark the **Absolute height** check box.
- f Type 10000 as the Absolute height.
- Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method.
 When you save the method, the triangles disappear.

Task 17. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

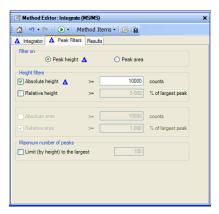


Figure 50 Peak Filters tab with Absolute height marked

- 7 Reintegrate the chromatogram
- g Click the button on the Method Editor toolbar.
- Note that only the largest peaks are now integrated.

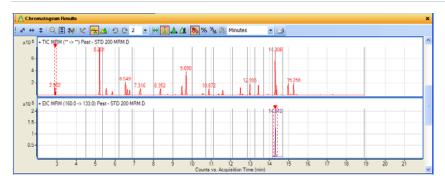


Figure 51 Integrated TIC MS and MS/MS chromatograms with higher threshold setting

- 8 Restore the settings that are saved for the current method and close Method Editor.
- a Select the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- **b** Click the icon
- c Select the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- d Click the icon 🧳
- e Close Method Editor.

 To cancel your changes and restore the values from the method that is loaded, click the Restore to last saved values from file icon the Method Editor toolbar.

1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Task 17. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

Task 17. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
9 Delete all chromatograms except the original. Delete the integration results on the original chromatogram.	 a Under User Chromatograms in the Data Navigator window, highlight all the chromatograms except the original. b Right-click the highlighted chromatograms, and click Delete. c Click Chromatograms > Clear Results. 	

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. You can tell the Qualitative Analysis program to extract a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges.

This task also shows you how to walk a chromatogram, change spectral display options, subtract the background spectrum and integrate and extract peak spectra.

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments a Click on the TIC MRM chromatogram · The Walk Chromatogram tool is 1 Walk a chromatogram to view the precursor ion and product ion for in the Data Navigator window. particularly useful on MS/MS data the last few peaks of Pest - STD **b** Close the Method Editor window. for identifying precursor and 200 MRM.d. c Close the MS Spectrum Results product ions. Zoom in on the region between window. · The spectrum for each point you click in the Chromatogram Results 13 and 16 minutes. d Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Use the Walk Chromatogram **Zoom** icon n in the Chromatogram window is automatically displayed Results toolbar. in the Spectrum Preview window, Review the spectra starting at e To zoom in to the last few peaks. which is opened automatically. about 13 minutes, and move the right-click the mouse above the peak Sometimes, two spectra are arrow to the right. at 13 min. and drag it to 16 min., then displayed in the Spectrum Preview release. window. For example, two spectra f Click the Walk Chromatogram icon are shown in the Spectrum Preview 📭 in the Chromatogram Results window for each point you click toolbar. near the peak at 13.431 minutes. Move the Walk Chromatogram cursor to above the X axis at about 13 minutes, and click. h To navigate from spectrum to spectrum, use the right and left arrow keys on your keyboard.

1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Figure 52 Walk chromatogram to view the two MRM spectra for the peak at 13. 431 minutes

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 2 Extract spectra on specific data a Click the Range Select icon Kap from When you zoom, make sure the points for the peak at 5.2 minutes the Chromatogram Results toolbar. AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, and the peak at 14.3 minutes of the **b** Close the Spectrum Preview window. is "on". The background of the c Click the Zoom Out icon, 🛂, in the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file. icon is orange when it is on. Chromatogram Results toolbar. Extract a spectrum from the peak You can extract a spectrum in any of at or near 5.2 min. and then one **d** To zoom in to the peak at 5.2 minutes, the following ways: of the valleys, using any one of right-click the mouse above the peak Double-click the data point in the the options described under at 4.0 min. and drag it to 6.0 min., then chromatogram. Comments. Click the data point in the Extract a spectrum from the peak e On a peak near 5.2 min. extract a chromatogram, then right-click at or near 14.3 minutes. (not the spectrum in any of the ways listed in anywhere in the chromatogram. valley yet) the Comments column. Click Extract MS Spectrum. The Change the display to show at f On a valley near 5.1 min., extract the Extract Spectrum dialog box is least three spectra. spectrum. displayed. Make sure the Click the **Zoom Out** icon, , in the sulfas PosTargetedMSMS.d file Chromatogram Results toolbar. is selected, and click Extract in h Zoom into the region between 14 and the Extract Spectrum dialog box. 15 min. Note that when you first extract a i On a peak near 14.3 minutes, extract a spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results spectrum in any of the ways listed in window appears containing the the Comments column. (Do not extract spectrum, and the type of spectrum the valley spectrum yet.) and retention time appear under If necessary, select 4 in the **Maximum** User Spectra. All subsequent number of list panes icon in the MS extracted spectra appear in both Spectrum Results toolbar. places as well.

1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

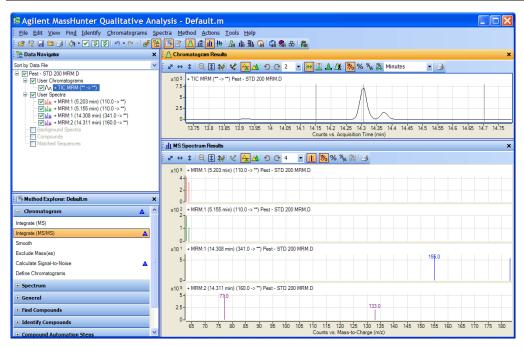


Figure 53 Main window with two MRM spectra from the peak at 5.2 minutes and two MRM spectra from the peak at 14.3 minutes

- 3 Extract an MS Spectrum for the valley at 14.35 minutes of the **Pest**
 - STD 200 MRM.d data file.
 - Bring up Spectrum Preview.
 - Extract a spectrum from the valley at RT 14.3 minutes.
 - Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra folder.
 - Change the display to show 6 spectra.
 - Turn off Spectrum Preview.

- a Click the **Spectrum Preview** icon,
- **b** On a valley near 14.3 minutes extract a spectrum.
- c Right-click the spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window, and click Copy to User Spectra.
 Spectrum Preview is above the MS Spectrum Results window.
- **d** Click the down arrow next to the spectrum pane list, and select **6**.
- e Close the Spectrum Preview window.
- When Spectrum Preview is enabled, the system displays any manually-selected spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window but not in the User Spectra section of Data Navigator.
- With Spectrum Preview on, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum.
- Spectrum Preview mode is useful when you quickly want to review the spectra in your chromatogram and save only a few of the spectra.

Comments

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps

- 🔒 x10 5 + TIC MRM (** -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D 14.15 14.2 14.25 14.3 14.35 x10 5 + MRM:1 (5.203 min) (110.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D x10 2 + MRM:1 (5.155 min) (110.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D + MRM:1 (14.308 min) (341.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D x10.5 + MRM:2 (14.311 min) (160.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D + MRM:1 (14.342 min) (341.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D x103 + MRM:2 (14.345 min) (160.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D 120 125 . Mass-to-Ch

Detailed Instructions

Figure 54 Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results windows

- 4 Extract a spectrum that averages all points within a specified range for the peak at 14.3 minutes for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file:
 - Zoom out.
 - Chromatogram toolbar.
 - Set the range across the entire peak.
 - Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed.

- a Click the Range Select icon | on the Chromatogram toolbar.
- **b** Click at the left side of the base of the peak at 14.3 minutes and drag to the base of that peak on the right.
- Use the Range Select icon on the c Extract the average spectrum using one of the options on the right.
 - d Select 2 in the Maximum number of list panes in the MS Spectrum Results window.
- You can extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram.
- · Or, right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, and click Extract MS Spectrum from the shortcut
- Note that two averaged MRM spectra appear.

1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

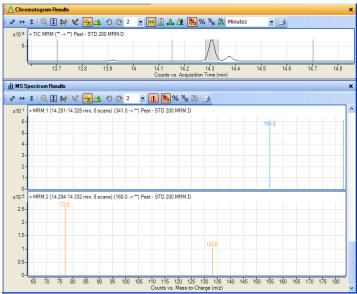


Figure 55 Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results showing two averaged spectra

- 5 Extract spectra that average the ranges of peaks at 5.2 minutes and at 14.3 minutes together for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file.
 - Hint: Use the Range Select icon and the Ctrl key to select the Peak 1 range taken from the halfway point.
 - Extract the spectra, using any of the options on the right.

- a Click the **Zoom Out** icon, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.
- b Press the Ctrl key.
- c Click at about 5.0 min. on the left side of the first peak and drag over to about 5.3 min. on the right, and release the mouse.
- d Release the Ctrl key.
- **e** Extract the averaged spectra using this option or the one on the right:
 - Double-click inside the selected range in either peak.

- Remember that the second peak already has a range selected from step 4.
- To extract spectra, you can also right-click anywhere in the chromatogram and clicking Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract.

Comments

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

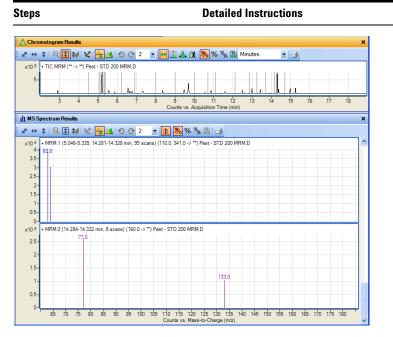


Figure 56 Two averaged spectra from two different ranges in the chromatogram

- 6 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum from Pest STD 200 MRM.d.
 - Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator.
 - Extract a background spectrum that is the average of a spectrum at the start of the peak and a spectrum at the end of the peak.
 - Extract a peak spectrum from the integrated peaks.

- a Click the User Spectra line in the Data Navigator. Right-click the User Spectra line, and click Delete.
- b Click Yes.
- c In Method Explorer, select Spectrum> Extract (MS/MS).
- d Click the Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS/MS) tab, if not visible.
- e In the Peak spectrum background box, select Average of spectra at peak start and end.
- f In the Chromatogram Results toolbar, click the **Peak Select** icon,
- **g** Select the peak at 14.287 minutes.
- Right-click and click Extract Peak
 Spectrum from the shortcut menu.

 Note that at the end of this process, all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted.

Learn basics of qualitative analysis

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps **Detailed Instructions Comments** B Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help 強 Data Navigator Sort by Data File · 🗐 x10 5 + TIC MRM (** -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D ☐ User Chromatograms
☐ ✓ User MRM (** -> **) User Spectra + MRM:1 (14.287-14.328 min) (341.0 -> **) + MRM:2 (14.291-14.332 min) (160.0 -> **) 6.549 7.316 A 7.316 ∭ MS Spectrum Re 🚮 🖹 🕶 🕶 🕒 🕶 Method Items 🕶 👺 A Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS/MS) | Peak Filters + MRM:1 (14.287-14.328 min, 7 scans) (341.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200... Method Explorer: Default.m At apex of peak Average scans > 10 % of peak height ■ Chromatogram A TOF spectra Integrate (MS) Exclude if above 40.0 % of saturation Integrate (MS/MS) Anywhere Smooth 100.0-2000.0 Exclude Mass(es) x10 5 + MRM:2 (14.291-14.332 min, 7 scans) (160.0 -> **) Pest - STD 200. Calculate Signal-to-Noise 2.5 Define Chromatograms MS/MS Average of spectra at peak start and end ~ A 2. **■** Spectrum 1.5-133.0 Extract (MS) Extract (MS/MS 0.5 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Figure 57 Peak spectra with background subtracted

7 Integrate and extract peak spectra from the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file.

Find Compounds

- a Click the TIC MRM chromatogram in the Data Navigator window.
- **b** Click **Chromatograms** > **Integrate** and **Extract Peak Spectra.**

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

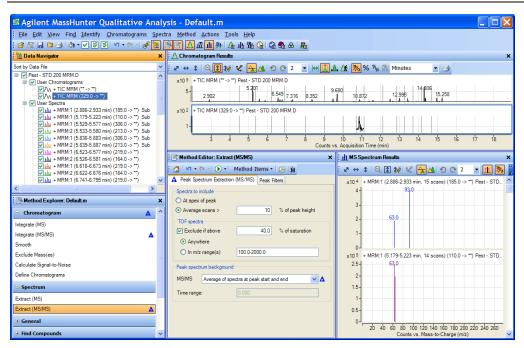


Figure 58 Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra

1	learn	basics	οf	aua	litati	ive	anal	vsis
	LGain	nasics	UI	quu	IILAL	VC	anai	yoro

Task 18. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file





Exercise 2 Find and identify compounds

```
Tasks for MS-Only Data (LC/MS - TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 87
   Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only) 87
   Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS
   only) 91
   Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only) 93
   Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity
   (LC/MS - MS only) 95
   Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS -
   MS only) 98
Tasks for MS/MS Data (LC/MS - Q-TOF or Triple Quad) 101
   Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS) 101
   Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and
   MS/MS) 104
   Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS) 107
   Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS -
   MS and MS/MS) 109
Tasks for GC/MS Data (Triple Quad) 111
   Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS -
   MS only) 111
   Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm
```

In the first two sets of tasks, you find and identify low-concentration sulfa drugs within a complex matrix and generate their formulas for both TOF and Q-TOF data. You also do a molecular feature extraction on a protein digest with both TOF and Q-TOF data. These tasks can also be performed on Triple Quad data.

(GC/MS - MS only) 114



- In Task 1, you use the Find Compounds algorithms to find compounds and create averaged spectra for each compound.
- In Task 2, you generate formulas and do a database search to identify compounds.
- In Task 3, you print a compound report based on the results of Tasks 1 and 2.
- In Task 4, you find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity.
- In Task 5, you run a molecular feature extraction on a protein digest.

In the third set of tasks, you find and identify compounds in a GC/MS pesticide data file. You find compounds using the Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm. You identify these compounds using the Search Library algorithm.

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

Tasks for MS-Only Data (LC/MS - TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

The FindCompounds algorithms find compounds in data and create averaged MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. This algorithm only works with data that contains MS scan data. It does not work on data with unit mass resolution (for example, Triple Quad data).

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments 1 Open the sulfas PosMS.d a Double-click the Mass Hunter · The method Default.m is loaded chromatogram. Qualitative Analysis icon. automatically. To load this method Use the General workflow **b** Click the **sulfa PosMS.d** data file in interactively, click **Method** > **Open**. Select a range between 0.24 and the example data file directory. Clear Select Default.m and click Open. 1.5 minutes. the Load result data check box and · You can get help for any window, click Open. dialog box, or tab by using the F1 c Click View > Configure for Workflow key when that window is active. > General. d Click the Range Select tool, and select the region from 0.24 to 1.5 minutes.

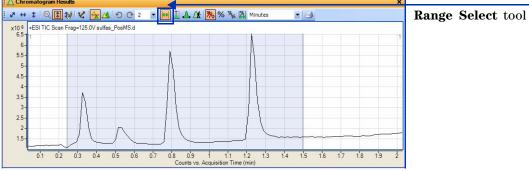


Figure 59 Selecting a time range in the TIC chromatogram

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments 2 Find compounds in the a In Method Explorer click Find · Learn more about Target data type chromatogram. Compounds > Find Compounds by in the online Help. · You choose the region of the Restrict m/z to 100-350. Molecular Feature. **b** Select **Small molecules** Make sure you can see chromatogram for which you intend chromatograms and spectra for (chromatographic) as the Target data to find compounds. See Figure 59 all the compounds. on page 87. c Mark the Restrict m/z to check box. • The blue triangle appears when you change a setting from the value that **d** Type 100-350. is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. Method Explorer: Default.m Method Editor: Find Compounds by Molecular Feature 🚮 | 🔄 • 🍽 • | 🕟 • | Method Items • | 🔑 🐚 ■ Chromatogram ٨ Compound Filters Mass Filters Mass Defect The Advanced tab is only available if Results Advanced **■ Spectrum** Ion Species Charge State **■** General the Advanced check box is marked Extraction algorithm ☐ Find Compounds in the User Interface Configuration Target data type Small molecules (chromatographic) Find by Auto MS/MS dialog box. Input data range Find by Targeted MS/MS Find by Molecular Feature ▼ Restrict m/z to ▲ 100-350 A m/z Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution Find Compounds by Formula Peak filters O Use peaks with signal-to-noise ■ Identify Compounds (Profile spectra only) ■ Compound Automation Steps Use peaks with height (Profile and centroid spectra) ■ Worklist Automation **■ Export** Figure 60 Restricting mass range for finding compounds by molecular feature

- e Click the Results tab.
- f Mark Extract ECC and Extract MFE spectrum.
- **g** Mark **Display only the largest** and type 4 for the number of compounds.
- You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Find > Extract Complete Result Set command when a compound is highlighted.

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

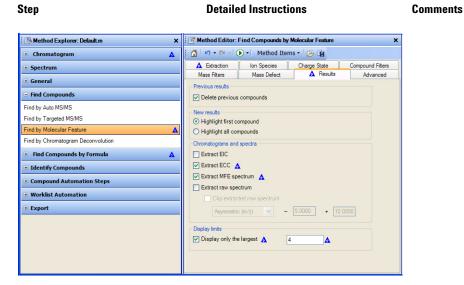


Figure 61 Changing the values in the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature > Results tab

- h Click to run the Find
 Compounds by Molecular Feature
 algorithm on the data file.
- i Change the number of panes to view in both the Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results windows.
- j Click the Autoscale Y-axis during
 Zoom icon, , in the MS Spectrum
 Results toolbar.
- **k** Zoom in on the m/z range from 200 to 350.

- The Qualitative Analysis program should find 4 major compounds in the selected range.
- The selected range is automatically used when you click in the Method Editor toolbar. In the Find > Find by Molecular Feature command, you click either Entire Chromatogram or Over Selected Ranges.

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Step Detailed Instructions Comments

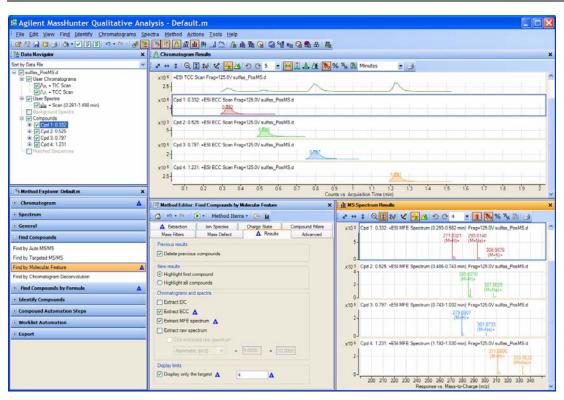


Figure 62 Finding all four compounds in the sulfa drug mix

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

In this task, you generate possible formulas and search for each of those compounds found in Task 1.

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 Generate formulas for Compounds 1-4. • View the MS Formula Results for each compound. • View the Compound List. • Close the MS Spectrum Results window. Hint: To obtain the same results as in Figure 63, make sure you have selected Common organic molecules as the Isotope model.	a In Method Explorer, click Identify Compounds > Generate Formulas. b Click the Charge State tab, and select Common organic molecules as the Isotope model. c In the Data Navigator window, click Compounds to highlight all of the compounds. d Click the Generate Formulas from Compound icon ■ to run the algorithm. e Click a compound in the Data Navigator to see the MS Formula Results for that compound. f If necessary, click View > Compound List.	 By default, the MS Formula Results window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window. Click on the tab at the bottom of the window to switch between windows. You can see the predicted isotope abundance ratios on the spectrum plot when you zoom in at the appropriate m/z. See the online Help for more information. The Run icon in the Method Editor toolbar sometimes allows you to choose an action from a set of possible actions. For example, two different actions are possible when you click the Run icon in this section. If you click the arrow, a list of possible actions is shown, and you can choose which action to do. Choosing a different action from the list changes the default action. If you simply click the Run button, the default action is performed.
 Do a database search based on formulas on Compounds 1-4. Base search on formula. 	 a In the Data Navigator window, click Compounds. b In Method Explorer, click Identify Compounds > Search Database. c Under Search Criteria click Molecular formula. d Click Identify > Search Database for Compounds in the main menu. 	 Note in the Compound List that all four sulfa drugs have been identified (See Figure 63). If the DB Search Results window is not displayed, click View > DB Search Results.

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Step **Detailed Instructions Comments** S Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help なべい はらし ターマッグ マット・・グラ 日本 八月川井 1 二 八月 出来 日 日報 **日本 8 日本 × Compound List Data Navigator Show/Hide Cpd Sort by Data File Mass (Tgt) Diff (Tgt, ppm) Formula (Tgt) Score (Tgt) Sulfas_PosMS.d
□ ✓ User Chromatograms 2 Sulfachloropyndazine 3 Sulfacent sulfas PosMS.d 0.525 Find by Molecular. C10 H9 CI N4 ✓ M + TIC Scan ✓ M + TCC Scan ✓ User Spectra 0.797 278.0835 C12 H14 N4 sulfas PasMS d Find by Molecular Sulfadimethoxine sulfas PosMS.d 1,231 Find by Molecular... VIIu + Scan (0.261-1.498 min) DB Search Results: Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole × Compounds
 Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole
 Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole
 Cpd 2: Sulfachloropyridaz
 Cpd 3: Sulfamethizone 🛕 Chromatogram Results 🎏 MS Formula Results: Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole . 📮 DB Search Results: Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole Method Explorer: Default.m Method Editor: Search Database X III MS Spectrum Results Method Items • 🔑 🙀 • Chromatogram Negative Ions

A Search Criteria Search Results
Positive Ions Cpd 1; Sulfamethizole: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.293-0.582 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_Pos. **■** Spectrum Peak Limits Database Find Compounds Find by Auto MS/MS Mass. x10 5 Cpd 2: Sulfachloropyridazine: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.486-0.743 min) Frag=125.0V sulfa. Find by Targeted MS/MS Mass and retention time (retention time optional) Find by Molecular Feature Mass and retention time (retention time required) Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution Find Compounds by Formula v10 6 Cpd 3 Sulfamethazine +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.743-1.032 min) Frac+125.0V sulfas Po... **Identify Compounds** Search Library x106 Cpd 4: Sulfadimethoxine: -ESI MFE Spectrum (1.192-1.530 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_P_ Generate Formulas · Compound Automation Steps · Worklist Automation

Figure 63 DB Search Results for Compounds 1-4 in sulfas_PosMS.d

300 400 500 600 rus Response vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

800

200

Export

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

You generate a report for each of those compounds found in Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only) identified in Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only) 91.

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Step **Detailed Instructions** Comments 1 Change some of the selections in a In Method Explorer, click General > the method for compound reports: Compound Report.

- Turn off viewing the MS spectra zoomed in on special peaks.
- Turn off the MS/MS options in the report.
- **b** Clear the **Show MS spectrum** check
- c Clear the Show MS/MS spectrum check box.
- d Clear the Show MS/MS peak table check box.
- e Click the Print Compound Report icon to run the algorithm.
- These check boxes allow you to specify what information to include in a report if it is available. If the information is not available, that section is automatically skipped. For example, MS/MS results are never included when the data file only has MS data.

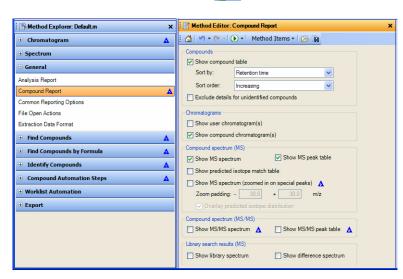


Figure 64 Compound Report window in the Method Editor

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
2 Close the data file without saving results.	 a Click File > Close Data File. b Click No when asked if you want to save the results. 	

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

The Find Compounds algorithms find compounds in data and create averaged MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. You can also compute sample purity.

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
Open the sulfas_PosMS.d chromatogram. Use the General workflow. Select a range between 0.2 and 1.5 minutes.	 a Click File > Open Data File. b Select sulfas_PosMS.d and click OK. c Click View > Configure for Workflow > General. d Click the Autoscale Y-Axis during zoom button in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. e Click the Range Select tool, and select the region from 0.2 to 1.5 minutes. 	 If you switch to the Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity workflow, the Compound List table automatically shows the sample purity columns. The Find by Formula sections are included in the Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity Workflow section. 		
 2 Find compounds within the specified range on the chromatogram. Enable sample purity calculations. Calculate the TIC %, ADC %, UV A%, and UV B% purity values. Use the maximum value as the purity value. Add columns to the Compound List window. Review results. 	 a In Method Explorer click Find Compounds by Formula > Find by Formula - Options tab. b Click Database as the Source of formulas to confirm. c In Method Explorer click Find Compounds by Formula > Find by Formula - Sample Purity tab. d Mark the Compute sample purity check box. e Mark the TIC %, ADC %, UV A% and UV B% check boxes. f Click Maximum of all selected algorithms. g In the Minimum acceptable purity box, type 20. 	 The blue triangle appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. This data file contains multiple sulfa drugs which is why the expected purity is 20%. 		

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

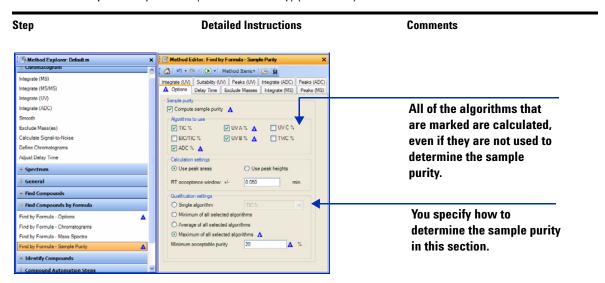


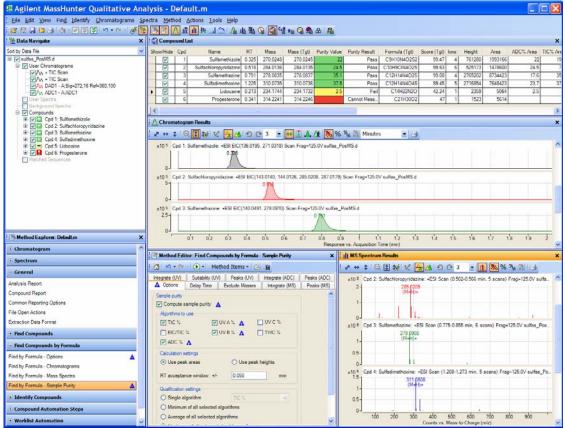
Figure 65 Setting sample purity options for the Find Compounds by Formula algorithm

- h Click to run the Find
 Compounds by Formula algorithm on
 the data file.
- i Change the number of panes to view in both the Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results windows.
- j Click **View > Compound List** to open the Compound List window.
- k Right-click the Algorithm column, and click Add/Remove Columns to open Compound Columns dialog box.
- I Click the Category column header to sort the possible columns.
- m Mark the **Purity Value** column, the Purity Result column, the ADC% Area column, TIC% Area column, the UVA% Area column, and the UVB% Area column.
- n Click OK.

- The Qualitative Analysis program finds 6 major compounds in the selected range.
- Other columns were removed from the Compound List table to show you the Sample Purity results.
- The Compound List was docked at the top of the Qualitative Analysis window so that more columns are visible. See "Task 4. Change window layouts" on page 22 for more information on moving windows.

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments ☐ Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m Eile Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Iools Help



Finding all four compounds in the sulfa drug mix Figure 66

- The icon for the Compound in the Data Navigator indicates whether the Compound passed the Sample Purity test.
- 3 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- b Click No when asked if you want to save the results.
- · The Purity Value column is color coded:
 - Green Pass
 - Yellow Fail
 - Red Cannot measure

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

In this task, you do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest using only MS data.

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Step		Detailed Instructions		Comments		
1	Do a molecular feature extraction for the data file peptide-ms-only.d with these parameters: Time range is 2.5 to 4 minutes. Specify that the Isotope model is peptides. Filter to show only the largest 20 compounds in abundance. Change the window layout to match that of Figure 67 (next page).	c d e f	Open the peptide-ms-only.d data file. Click Find Compounds > Find by Molecular Feature in the Method Explorer to display the parameters in the Method Editor window. In the Extraction tab, mark the Restrict retention time to check box. Type 2.5 - 4. Clear the Restrict m/z to check box, if necessary. On the Charge State tab, select Peptides in the Isotope model box. On the Compound Filters tab, mark the Limit to the largest check box and type 20 for the number of compounds. On the Results tab, mark the Extract ECC and Extract MFE spectrum check boxes. Click to run the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm on the data file. If necessary, click 2 in the Maximum number of list panes in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.		The Limit to the largest filter does not limit the number of features extracted It just limits the number of compounds displayed in Qualitative Analysis. The resulting .mhd files are stored in the Results directory under the data file directory. You extract features using the Qualitative Analysis Molecular Feature algorithm. Then, you can compare sets of data from different extractions using Agilent MassHunte Profiling software or GeneSpring MS software. If you click Apply all filters to MHD file, then only compounds that pass the filters are written to the MHD file. Otherwise, compounds are written to the MHD file before the filters are applied. The Limit to the Iargest filter does not ever apply to the MHD file.	
2	Find the compound spectrum for the <i>m/z</i> 570.7362 ion and determine the charge state, mass and ion species.	b c d	In the MS Spectrum Results window, scroll to find the spectrum containing the <i>m/z</i> 570.7362 ion. Find the charge state. Find the ion speices. Find this compound in the Compound List. Find the mass.	•	Compound 4 has a spectrum containing this ion with a charge state of +2. The mass is 1139.4577. The ion species is (M+2H)+2. You can see the ion species in the MS Spectrum Results window and also in the Spectrum Peak List window in the column labeled lon .	

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m Elle Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help A Data Navigator × Compound List Show/Hide Cpd Sort by Data File RT Mass Mass (Tgt) Purity Value Purity Result Formula (Tgt) Score (Tgt) Ions Height ADC% Area TIC% peptide-ms-only.d

User Chromatograms 2 578 664 367 2 691 688 3638 32469 ✓ AA + TIC Scan 2.716 1443.62 26791 1139.45 V 2.781 788.4632 61264 Compounds 2.89 624.3057 ⊞ ☑ Cpd 1: 2.578 ⊞ ☑ Cpd 2: 2.691 Cpd 3: 2.716 x10 4 Cpd 3: 2.716: +ESI ECC Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d Cpd 5: 2.781 Cnd 6: 2 890 2.5 ⊕ ✓ Cpd 9: 2.901 ⊕ ✓ Cpd 10: 2.912 x104 Cpd 4: 2.758: +ESI ECC Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d ✓ Cpd 11: 2.921 ✓ Cpd 12: 3.036 ■ Cpd 13: 3.062 ● ✓ Cpd 14: 3.279 ● ✓ Cpd 15: 3.327 Method Explorer: Default.m Method Editor: Find Compounds by Molecular Feature X MS Spectrum Results Chromatogram 🚰 💆 • 🙉 • 🕞 • | Method Items • | 🚇 🙀 Spectrum
 ▲ Extraction
 Ion Species
 ▲ Charge State

 ▲ Compound Filters
 Mass Filters
 Mass Defect
 ▲ Results
 Advan
 Cpd 4: 2.758: +ESI MFE Spectrum (2.721-2.797 min) Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d Advanced Find Compounds Delete previous compounds 1.25 Find by Auto MS/MS Find by Targeted MS/MS 0.75 Highlight first compound Find by Molecular Feature O Highlight all compounds Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution 0.25 # Find Compounds by Formula Extract EIC x10 4 Cpd 5: 2.781: +ESI MFE Spectrum (2.731-2.834 min) Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d Identify Compounds Extract ECC A Extract MFE spectrum + Compound Automation Steps Extract raw spectrum **■ Worklist Automation Export** Asymmetric (m/z) - 5.0000 + 10.0000 Display only the largest Thompsons vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Figure 67 Find Compounds by Molecular Feature with Qualitative Analysis

- 3 Extract an integrated EIC for this peptide.
 - Use 570.7362 as the m/z value.
- a Right-click the TIC for the data file, and click **Extract Chromatograms**.
- **b** From the **Type** list, click **EIC**.
- c Mark the Integrate when extracted check box.
- d Type 570.7362 as the m/z value.
- e Click the Advanced tab.
- f Select Symmetric (ppm) and click OK.

It is important that the Single m/z expansion value is set appropriately for the data file. For this Q-TOF data file, an extraction range of \pm 100 ppm is more appropriate.

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Step **Detailed Instructions Comments** 4 Extract an averaged spectrum for a Right-click the EIC, and drag the cursor the first integrated peak in the EIC. to zoom in around the first integrated Zoom into what appears to be the first integrated peak. **b** Make sure that the **Range Select** icon · Select a range from the halfway has been selected, and select a range point across the highest peak. across the peak at the midpoint. +ESI EIC(570.7362) Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d c Double-click within the shaded region of the peak to extract an averaged spectrum. +ESI Scan (2.748-2.771 min, 8 scans) Frag=175.0V peptide-ms-only.d 1.75-570.7363 1.5-1.25-0.75 1221.9922 0.5-0.25 723.3118 5 Close the data file. a Click File > Close Data File. **b** Click **No** when asked to save results.

Tasks for MS/MS Data (LC/MS - Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

The FindCompounds algorithms identify compounds in MS/MS data and create averaged MS and MS/MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data.

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Detailed Instructions Comments Step 1 Open the TIC for the The method default m is **a** If the program is not open, double-click sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis automatically opened. To open a and select a range from 0.2 to 1.3 icon. Otherwise, click File > Open different method, click Method > minutes. Data File. Open, select the method, and click Use the General workflow. b Click the sulfa-PosAutoMSMS.d data Open. Highlight a range from 0.2 to 1.3 file in the example data file directory. A blue triangle is automatically minutes. and click Open. shown in the Adjust Delay Time c Click the View > Configure for tabs in the Method Explorer, This Workflow > General command. data file also contains DAD and d Click the Range Select icon in the ADC data. You may ignore these Chromatogram Results toolbar, if blue triangles unless you want to necessary. enter a delay time. e Click the Auto-scale Y-axis during Zoom icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, if necessary. f Zoom in from 0.2 to 1.3 minutes.

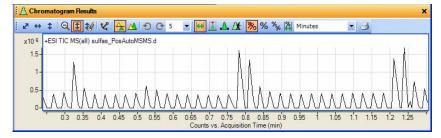


Figure 68 Zoomed range for TIC chromatogram of sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments 2 Find compounds from 0.2 to 1.3 a In Method Explorer click Find You choose the region of the minutes on the chromatogram. Compounds > Find by Auto MS/MS. chromatogram from which you Enter a Positive MS/MS TIC **b** Under Processing, in the **Positive** intend to find compounds. See threshold of 100000. MS/MS TIC threshold, type 100000. Figure 68. Exclude masses 121.0504 and c Click the Excluded Masses tab. You can extract the complete result 922.0097. d Click Exclude masses (or m/z

- e Type 121.0504,922.0097
- f Select Symmetric (ppm).

ranges) from all new

chromatograms.

g Select 20.

You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the **Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set** menu item when a compound is highlighted.

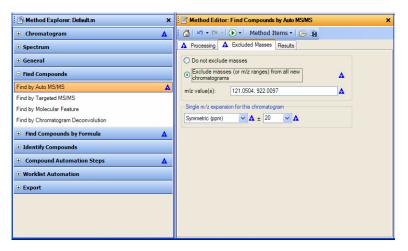
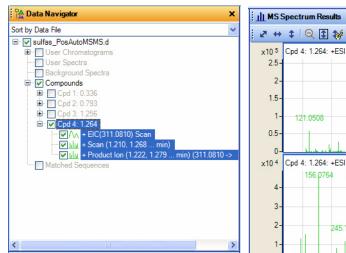


Figure 69 Excluded Masses tab of Find Compounds by AutoMS/MS

- Select to extract EIC, MS spectra and MS/MS spectra.
- h Click the Results tab.
- i Mark the Extract EIC, MS and MS/MS check boxes.
- j Click to run the Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS algorithm on the data file.
- The Qualitative Analysis program will find 4 compounds in the selected range under these conditions.
- In the next task you identify which compounds are the sulfa drugs.

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step **Detailed Instructions Comments** 3 Display both spectra for Compound a Highlight Compound 4 only. Showing both spectra is a convenient 4 only. See Figure 70. **b** Click the **Show only the highlighted** way to display all the information for a items icon in the main toolbar. single compound. c Expand Compound 4 to see the · Note that both the precursor and chromatogram and two spectra. product spectra are extracted for each compound. The red diamond represents the precursor ion.



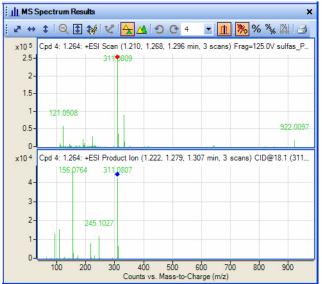


Figure 70 Data Navigator window and MS Spectrum Results window showing MS and MS/MS spectra for Compound 4

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

In this task, you identify and generate formulas for the compounds found in Task 1.

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
1 Do a database search of Compounds 1-4 based on masses.	 a Highlight all compounds in the Data Navigator window. b In Method Explorer, click Identify Compounds > Search Database. c In the Search Criteria tab, click Mass. d Click Identify > Search Database for Compounds from the main menu. You can instead click the Search Database for Compounds icon to run the algorithm. e Click View > Compound List. f Mark the Show/Hide check boxes for each compound in the Compound List. Compounds 1 - 4 were hidden in the last task. Or, use the Show all highlighted items icon in the main toolbar. g Display the Chromatogram Results window by clicking on the Chromatogram Results tab. This window is tabbed with the MS Formula Results window. 	 Note that three sulfa drugs have been identified in the Compound List (See Figure 72 on page 106). Note that no compound name was found for Compound 3 in the database search. 		

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step Detailed Instructions Comments

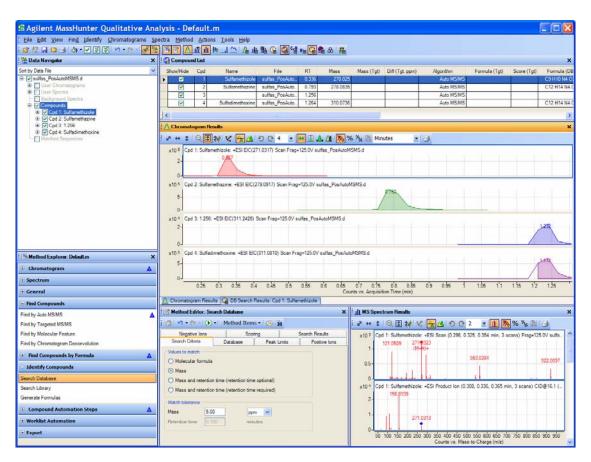


Figure 71 Compounds in sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file identified by search a database

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step **Detailed Instructions** Comments 2 Generate formulas for a In Method Explorer, click Identify By default, the MS Formula Results Compounds 1-4. Compounds > Generate Formulas. window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window. View the MS Formula Results for **b** Click the **Charge State** tab, and select Common organic molecules. each compound. Click on the tab at the bottom of the View the Compound List. c Click the Generate Formulas from window to switch between Compound icon () to run the Close the MS Spectrum Results windows. window. algorithm. You can see the predicted isotope d Click on the Plus sign icon in the MS abundance ratios on the spectrum Hint: To obtain the same results as in Formula Results window to expand the plot when you zoom in at the Figure 72, make sure you have table. appropriate m/z. See the online selected Common organic molecules e Click View > MS/MS Formula Help for more information. Details. Note that one or more formula were for the Isotope model. f Move this window to below that of the found for all compounds. MS Formula Results window. Use the Remove column shortcut g In Data Navigator highlight the command to remove empty compound whose MS Formula columns from the Compound Table. Results and MS/MS Formula Details Note that the formula from the vou want to see. database search is the same as the h Use the scroll bar in the Compound formula determined by the Generate List window to see the MFG results. Formulas algorithm. Click Tools > Compound Label Configuration to change the compound label.

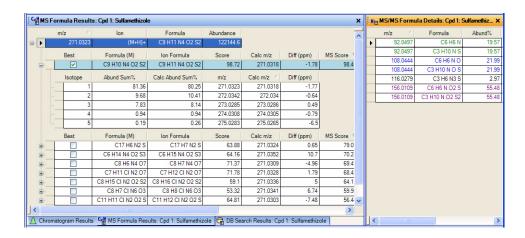


Figure 72 MS Formula Results and MS/MS Formula Details for Compound 1 in sulfas_PosAutoMSMS.d

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

In this task, you generate a report for each of those compounds found in Task 1 and identified in Task 2.

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Step **Detailed Instructions** Comments 1 Change some of the selections in a In Method Explorer, click General > · Only sections that are marked in the method for compound reports: Compound Report. this tab are included in the report. Turn off viewing the MS spectra **b** Clear the **Show MS spectrum** zoomed in on special peaks, if (zoomed in on special peaks) check necessary. box, if necessary. Turn on the MS/MS options in c Mark the Show MS/MS spectrum the report. check box and the Show MS/MS peak table check box. Method Explorer: Default.m x Method Editor: Compound Report [🐧 | 🤟 - 🗠 - | 🕟 - | Method Items - | 🔑 🛐 • Chromatogram **Spectrum** Show compound table Sort by: Retention time Analysis Report Sort order: Increasing Exclude details for unidentified compounds Common Reporting Options Show user chromatogram(s) Extraction Data Format ✓ Show compound chromatogram(s) Find Compounds Compound spectrum (MS) **⊞** Find Compounds by Formula Show MS peak table Show MS spectrum Identify Compounds Show predicted isotope match table Compound Automation Steps Show MS spectrum (zoomed in on special peaks) * Worklist Automation Zoom padding: - 30.0 + 30.0 m/z Compound spectrum (MS/MS) Show MS/MS spectrum ✓ Show MS/MS peak table Library search results (MS) Show library spectrum Show difference spectrum

Figure 73 Compound Report window in the Method Editor

- 2 Print the report.
 - · Preview the report.
- a Click the **Print Compound Report** icon
 to print the report.
- **b** In the Print Compound Report dialog box, click **All results**.
- c Mark Print report.
- d Mark Print preview.
- e Click OK.

 You can also create a PDF file by marking the Save report as PDF file check box. This option only works if you installed the Microsoft Excel PDF add-in after installing Excel.

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Figure 74 Compound Report window in the Method Editor

- 3 Close the Print Preview window.
- a Click Close Print Preview in the toolbar.
- 4 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.
- If you want to print the report, click the Print button. The report is printed on the printer selected earlier in the Print Compound Report dialog box.

Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

In this task, you do molecular feature extraction on protein digest data obtained on a Q-TOF in Auto MS/MS mode.

Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Sı	tep	Detailed Instructions Comments
1	Do a molecular feature extraction in the data file peptide-auto.d with these parameters: Make sure the layout is returned to the Default Layout. Time range is 2.5 to 4 minutes. Set the isotope model to peptides. Filter to show only the largest 20 compounds in abundance. Change the window layout to match that of Figure 75 (next page).	 a Open the peptide-auto.d data file. b Click the View > Configure for Workflow > General command. c Click OK to continue. d Click No to save method changes. e Click Find Compounds > Find by Molecular Feature in the Method Explorer to display the parameters in the Method Editor window. f In the Extraction tab, select Small molecules (chromatographic) as the Target data type. g Mark the Restrict retention time to check box. h Type 2 . 5 - 4. i On the Charge State tab, select Peptides as the Isotope model. j On the Compound Filters tab, mark the Limit to the largest check box and type 2 0 for the number of compounds. k On the Results tab, mark the Extract ECC and Extract MFE spectrum check boxes. l Click to voitinue. * The Limit to the largest filter does not limit to the largest f
2	Find the compound spectrum for the <i>m/z</i> 625.31585 ion and determine the charge state.	 a In the MS Spectrum Results window, scroll to find the spectrum containing the m/z 625.3166 ion. b Find the charge state. Compound 7 has a spectrum containing this ion with a charge state of +1.

2 Find and identify compounds

Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 4. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments 🖼 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m Elle Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help n Data Navigator X Chromatogram Results Sot by Data File x10.4 Cpd 7: 2.894: +ESI ECC Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-auto.d Compounds

Cy Cpd 1: 2594

Cy Cpd 2: 2543

Cy Cpd 3: 2.702

Cy Cpd 4: 2.723

Cy Cpd 5: 2.767

Cy Cpd 6: 2.786 x10.4 Cpd 8: 2.899: +ESI ECC Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-auto.d x10.4 Cpd 9: 2:900: +ESI ECC Scan Frag=175.0V peptide-auto.d Cpd 8: 2.899
Cpd 9: 2.900
Cpd 10: 2.915
Cpd 11: 2.918
Cpd 12: 3.060
Cpd 13: 3.280 02 04 05 08 1 12 14 15 18 2 22 24 25 28 3 32 34 36 38 4 Cpd 13: 3.280 Cpd 14: 2.322 Cpd 15: 3.372 Cpd 16: 3.517 Cpd 17: 3.566 Cpd 18: 3.735 Cpd 19: 3.931 Method Editor: Find Compounds by Molecular Feature X MS Spectrum Results Method Items + B ▲ Edraction Ion Species ▲ Charge State

Mass Defect ▲ Results x10 4 Cpd 7: 2.894: +ESI MFE Spectrum (2.858-2.936 min) Frag=175.0V peptide-auto.d Mass Defect Method Explorer: Default.m Previous results Chromatogram Delete previous compounds **€** Spectrum **■** General Highlight first compound Analysis Report O Highlight all compounds Compound Report Overnatograms and spectra Common Reporting Options Extract EIC File Open Actions Extract ECC A Extraction Data Format Extract MFE spectrum x10.4 Cpd 8: 2.899: «ESI MFE Spectrum (2.872-2.995 min) Frage175.0V peptide-auto.d Extract raw spectrum **∃** Find Compos 2.5-Find by Auto MS/MS Asymmetric (ni/s) - 5 0000 - 10 0000 Find by Targeted MS/MS Find by Molecular Feature 15-Display only the largest 0.5- Identify Compounds • Compound Automation Steps **Worklist Automation**

Figure 75 Find Compounds by Molecular Feature for a protein digest with auto MS/MS data

- 3 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- b Click No when asked to save the results.

Tasks for GC/MS Data (Triple Quad)

Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS-MS only)

This FindCompounds algorithm identifies compounds in GC/MS data and creates a cleaned MS spectrum for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. You can only use the Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm on GC/MS sample data acquired in Scan, Product Ion scan or Neutral Loss scan mode.

Task 1. Find compounds using Chromatogram Deconvolution (GC/MS - MS only)

Detailed Instructions Step Comments 1 Open the TIC for the Pest - 200 a If the program is not open, double-click You only use the General Workflow Scan.d data file. the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis when working with GC/MS data. Use the General workflow. icon. Otherwise, click File > Open Data File. b Click the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file in the GC example data file folder. c Clear the Load result data check box and click Open.

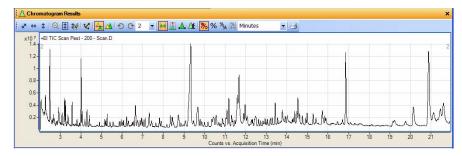


Figure 76 TIC chromatogram from Pest - 200 - Scan.d

- 2 Configure the user interface to work with GC data.
- Follow the instructions in Task 15.
 Configure User Interface for GC 64.

2 Find and identify compounds

Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds using Chromatogram Deconvolution (GC/MS - MS only) **Detailed Instructions** Step Comments 3 Find compounds using the a In Method Explorer select Find You can choose the region of the chromatogram deconvolution Compounds > Find by Chromatogram chromatogram from which you algorithm. Deconvolution. intend to find compounds. Enter an SNR threshold of 20. b Under Peak filter, in the SNR You can extract the complete result threshold, type 20. set for a compound after it is found by using the Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set menu item when a compound is highlighted. Method Explorer: Default.m Method Editor: Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution 🚰 🛮 🕶 🕶 🕒 🕩 🕶 Method Items 🕶 🔑 🙀 ± Chromatogram A Settings Results **■ Spectrum ⊞** General RT window size factor: 100.00 Find Compounds ind by Chromatogram Deconvolution Excluded m/z 28 ■ Identify Compounds **■ Compound Automation Steps** 0.00 % ■ Worklist Automation 20 🛕 **■ Export** Left m/z delta: Right m/z delta: m/z delta units: AMU onent shape Use base peak shape Sharpness threshold: 25.00 Figure 77 Settings tab of Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution c Click the Results tab. Select to extract EIC, MS spectra The Qualitative Analysis program and MS/MS spectra.

- d Mark the Extract EIC, Extract ECC, Extract cleaned spectrum and Extract raw spectrum check boxes.
- e Click **()** to run the **Find Compounds** by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm on the data file.
- finds 69 compounds under these conditions.
- · In the next task you identify these compounds by searching the NIST08.L library.

- 4 Examine the compounds. See Figure 70.
- a Select 2 in the Maximum spectra panes box in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar.
- **b** Click the first compound in the Data Navigator window.
- c When the Data Navigator window is selected, use the arrow keys to switch compounds.
- · Showing both spectra is a convenient way to display all the information for a single compound.
- · Note that both the cleaned spectrum and the raw spectrum are shown.

Task 1. Find compounds using Chromatogram Deconvolution (GC/MS - MS only)

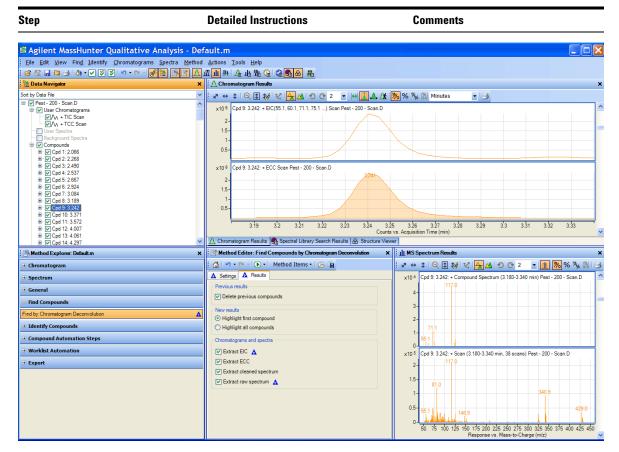


Figure 78 Using the arrow keys in the Data Navigator window to switch compounds

2 Find and identify compounds

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS - MS only)

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS - MS only)

In this task, you identify and generate formulas for the compounds found in Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS - MS only) 111. You can only do this task if you have purchased the NIST08.1 library.

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 Do a library search of all of the compounds.	a Highlight all compounds in the Data Navigator window. b In Method Explorer, click Identify Compounds > Search Library. c In the Settings tab, click the button. Select the NISTO8.I library and click OK. d Click Identify > Search Library for Compounds from the main menu. You can instead click the Search Library for Compounds icon algorithm. e Click View > Compound List. f Close the MS Spectrum results window by clicking View > MS Spectrum Results. g Display the Chromatogram Results window by clicking on the Chromatogram Results tab. This window is tabbed with the MS Spectral Library Search Results window.	 Note that many of the compounds are identified after searching the NIST08.I library. You can use the search library algorithm on an MS/MS spectrum i you have an XML library. You can create and edit an XML library using the Library Editor program which is installed with the Quantitative Analysis program. See the online Help for more information.
	h Click View > Difference Results. i Click View > Structure Viewer.	

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS - MS only)

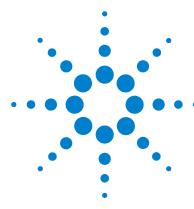
Detailed Instructions Step Comments 🖺 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help x : Structure Viewer: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) 🌦 Data Navigator 🌺 Spectral Library Search Results: Cpd 5: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-Sort by Data File RT (Library) Match Score Weight (Library) Structure MOL Text ■ • Pest - 200 - Scan.D User Chromatograms 121-71-1 Ethanone, 1-(3-h. ✓ AA + TIC Scan 1000342-69-2 p-Hydroxyn C15H22O2 224.2 1000331-37-8 5-Clorovaleric ac C14H19CIO2 254 CH3 1000330-93-6 Hexan 61.2 C15H22O2 234.2 107815-05-4 alpha-lonone, 6-... 60.9 C14H22O 206.2 586-62-9 Cycloh 29050-33-7 (+) 136.1 Cpd 3: Senzalderlyde, 2,4-bis(trimethylisidoxy) Cpd 4: Xylose
 Cpd 5: Eltanone, 1-(8-hydroxyphenyl) Cpd 6: Silanol, trimethyl-, formate
 Cpd 7: Pyridine, 2-chloro-6-(2-furanylmethoxy) Cpd 8: 3.189 (+)-4-Care 58.9 C10H16 136.1 499-03-6 Cyclohexene, 1-. 58.9 136.1 Cpd 9: Tridecanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-, ethyl ester OH Cpd 10: 3,5-Dichlorobenzonitrile Cpd 11: 3.572
Cpd 12: 2,4-Decadienoic acid, ethyl ester, (E.Z) Cpd 12: 2,4-uecaurenou out, only
 Cpd 13: 4,051
 Cpd 14: 4,257
 Cpd 15: Benzamide, N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-2,6-di Cpd 15: Senzamoe, N-terranyaroturury-2.
 Cpd 16: Methane, trichloroisocyanato Cpd 17: Isophthalic acid. di(3.5-diffuorophe 🛕 Chromatogram Results 📑 Spectral Library Search Results: Cpd 5: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydr Cpd 18: Phenol, 4-propoxy Method Editor: Search Library X H+ Spectral Difference Results: Cpd 5: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydroxy) 🚰 🔄 🕶 🕶 🕒 🕟 📲 Method Items 🕶 🔑 🔞 ≥ + + | Q ‡ * Method Explorer: Default m ▲ Settings | Search Results x10 ² Cpd 5: Ethanone. 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-: +El Compound Spectrum (2.604-2.760 min) Pest - 2... Chromatogram Integrate (MS) Integrate (MS/MS) Spectral library path: 0.5 C:\MassHunter\lbraries\NIST08.L Smooth Exclude Mass(es) Calculate Signal-to-Noise Cpd 5: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-: +El Compound Spectrum (2.604-2.760 min) Pest - 2 x10 2 Begin spectral matching at Define Chromatograms **■** Spectrum MS/MS search **⊕** General M/z expansion for precursor ion -0.5 Symmetric (m/z) ± 0.5 ☐ Find Compounds thanone, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)- C8H8O2 NIST08.L ■ Identify Compounds 0.75 0.5 Compound Automation Steps * Worklist Automation **■** Export # Spectral Difference Results: Cpd 5: Ethanone, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-

Figure 79 Compounds in Pest - 200 - Scan.D data file and the library search results

- 2 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked to save the results.

2	Find and identify compounds Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS - MS only)





Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow 118

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow 124

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow 129

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist 134

In this exercise, you learn to set up and run any qualitative analysis method. You also learn to edit a method to automate the analysis and/or compound identification. Then you run the actions within the automated method when you open a data file. You also learn to create a method to perform automated actions with a worklist.

You learn to create the worklist method with qualitative analysis parameters only or with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters.

An MS-only data file (Q-TOF) is used for illustration, although all of these tasks apply to MS/MS data from either a Q-TOF or Triple Quad as well.

Different workflows are used for these examples. You can explore these different workflows before deciding which one best matches your tasks. See "Workflows" on page 144 for more information.

The General workflow supports both GC/MS and LC/MS data. The other workflows only support LC/MS data.



Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

When you first start to use the Qualitative Analysis program, the method default.m is loaded. You can make changes to the opened method and save it, or open a new method, make changes and save the method. You cannot overwrite the method default.m.

You can also set up to run specific actions in the method when you open a data file.

When you open a data file, you can also load the method that was used to create the results that are stored with the data file. This method is automatically saved whenever you save the results with the data file.

The General workflow can be used with either GC/MS or LC/MS data files.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Set up the method to extract a TIC chromatogram. Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Make sure that the program will not run any file actions when the data file is open. Make sure the method is Default.m. Make sure the window layout is the default layout. Define a TIC chromatogram for MS data. Turn off cycle sum since this is an MS-only data file. 	a Double-click the Qualitative Analysis icon on your desktop. b In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d, c If necessary, clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d If necessary, clear the Load result data check box. e Click Open. f Click the View > Configure for Workflow > General command. g Click OK to continue loading the workflow. h Click No to save the method changes. i In Method Explorer, select Chromatogram > Define Chromatograms. j Delete the BPC selection. k Select TIC as the Type. I Make sure the MS Level is MS. m Clear the Do cycle sum check box. n Click Add.	 The default layout for the General workflow is automatically loaded. If you want to return to this default layout, click View > Window Layouts > Restore Default Layout. This command always restores the layout that is used with the General workflow. To load a method, do this: Click Method > Open. Select the method Click Open. As you noticed in the last exercise, every time a change is made to a method, a blue triangle appears next to the change and in the Method Explorer next to the section which has changed. You can also change the workflow by clicking a command in the Tools > Configure for Workflow menu.
 2 Edit the method to integrate the data. • Limit the integration to the four highest peaks. 	 a In Method Explorer, click b Click the Peak Filters tab. c In the Maximum number of peaks section, mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box. d Type 4. 	 Updating a value in the Peak Filters tab in the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) section also updates values in other sections of the Method Explorer. Blue triangles appear to show these other sections.
Test the integration to make sure that only 4 integrated peaks appear.	 Click the Integrate Chromatogram icon to run the action on the data file. 	
4 Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise1, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	 a From the top menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise1. c Click Save. 	Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

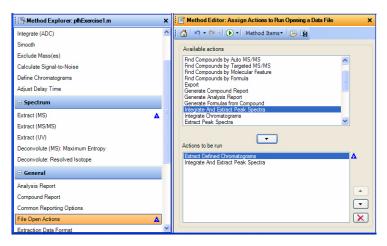
Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 5 Change the peak spectrum a In Method Explorer, click Spectrum > Any changes after saving will background to use the spectrum at Extract (MS). produce more blue triangles. the start of a peak. **b** Click **Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS)**. c For the Peak spectrum background, select Spectrum at peak start. X Method Editor: Extract (MS) Method Explorer: pfhExercise1.m 🚰 🕒 🕶 🕒 🕩 🕶 Method Items 🕶 📴 ■ Chromatogram Manual Extraction A Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS) Peak Filters Charge State You can click the Save Integrate (MS) Integrate (MS/MS) Spectra to include Method icon to save the At apex of peak Integrate (UV) current method. Average scans > 10 % of peak height Integrate (ADC) TOF spectra Smooth 40.0 % of saturation Exclude Mass(es) ✓ Exclude if above Calculate Signal-to-Noise Anywhere Define Chromatograms O In m/z range(s) 100 0000-2000 0000 Adjust Delay Time ■ Spectrum Spectrum at peak start Time range: Extract (MS/MS) Figure 80 The Spectrum > Extract (MS) > Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS) tab 6 Test the MS spectrum extraction to Click the Extract MS spectrum icon make sure a background spectrum () to run the action on the data file. is subtracted. 7 Save the method. · Save the method in one of three ways: · The Save Method icon is shown in · Click the Save Method icon Figure 80 on page 120 in the Method Editor. Right-click the Method Editor, and click Save Method.

From the top menu click Method >

Save.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 8 Set up the method to automate the a In the Method Explorer, select General actions whose parameters you just > File Open Actions. changed. **b** Select Integrate and Extract Peak List the actions to be performed Spectra from the Available actions when this or another data file is opened. c Click the Add button, , to move the selected action to the Actions to Hint: Look under General in Method be run list. You can also double-click on the Explorer. selected action to move it to the other list. 9 Test the File Open Actions. · Click the Run File Open Actions Now The chromatograms and spectra are icon 🕟 🔻 to run the actions on the not overwritten. New data file. chromatograms and spectra are



Two different actions are part of the Actions to be run list. The first action is to extract the defined chromatograms. Then, that chromatogram is integrated and

peaks are extracted.

added.

Figure 81 The General > File Open Actions section in the Method Editor

- 10 Save the method and close the data file without saving results.
- a Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor.
- b Click File > Close Data File, and click
 No when asked to save results.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
11 Open the data file again and run the actions specified.	 a Click File > Open Data File, and select sulfas_PosMS.d. b Mark the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. 	If you have saved the previous results by mistake, clear the Load Result data check box.

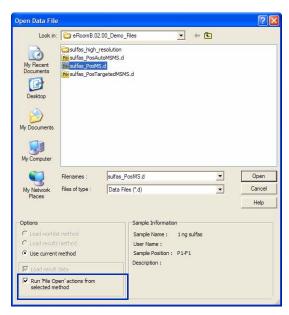


Figure 82 The Open Data File dialog box with "Run 'File Open' actions..." marked

c Click Open.

 The screen should look like the one in Figure 83. (You may have to move window boundaries.)

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Detailed Instructions Steps Comments Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - pfhexercise1.m Elle Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help A Data Navigator X Chromatogram Results Sort by Data File 2 ↔ \$ | Q 1 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 1/2 | 1/2 - 3 ■ V sulfas PosMS.d x10 6 +ESI TIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d ☐ User Chromatogram □ V User Scan
□ V User Spectra
□ V List Scan (0.309-0.373 min) Sub
□ V List + Scan (0.502-0.532 min) Sub
□ V List + Scan (0.502-0.532 min) Sub
□ V List + Scan (0.502-0.533 min) Sub
□ V List + Scan (1.208-1.273 min) Sub 5.75 5.5 5.25 4.25 3.75 3.5-25 2.25 0.518 1.75 1.25 Method Explorer: pfhexercise1.m Method Editor: Assign Actions to Run Opening a Data File X MS Spectrum Results 🚵 🔊 - 🎮 - 🕩 • | Method Items • | 🥭 👣 Spectrum +ESI Scan (0.309-0.373 min, 5 scans) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Subtract Extract (MS) Available actions Edited Felix Spectra
Edract Pelix Spectra
Edract Defined Chromatograms
Integrate Chromatograms
Integrate Chromatograms
Integrate Chromatograms
Cenerate Compound Report
Smooth Chromatograms
Cenerate Compound Report
Integrate Chromatograms
Cenerate Compound Report
Integrate Chromatograms
Cenerate Compound Report
Integrated Mor. MS
Find Compounds by Auto MS./MS
Find Compounds by Mote Culture
Find Compounds by Mote Culture
Find Compounds by Mote Culture
Find Compounds by Formula Extract (MS/MS) 3.5 Extract (UV) Deconvolute: Resolved Isotope 2.5 ■ General 1.5 563 0380 Analysis Report Compound Report 0.5 195.1236 Common Reporting Options x10 5 +ESI Scan (0.502-0.582 min, 6 scans) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Subtract -Actions to be run 1.8-285.0209 Extraction Data Format Extract Defined Chromatograms Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra 1.4-Find Compounds Find Compounds by Formula 221 0588 08-. Identify Compounds 0.6-E Compound Automation Steps • 04-0.2-X Worklist Automation 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 **Export**

Figure 83 Integrated TIC and background-subtracted spectra – result when sulfas_PosMS.d data file opened

- 12 Close the data file again, not saving the results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
 - **b** Click **No** when asked to save results.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of analysis actions to run in a specific order. These include extracting and integrating chromatograms, extracting spectra, searching a database for peak spectra, generating formulas for spectra and printing an analysis report.

You switch to the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow to set up this method. You will also set up to run this automated analysis in the method when you open a data file.

The Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow can only be used with LC/MS data files.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Open the sulfas_PosMS.d again. Make sure that the method will not perform any actions on the data file when opening the file. Make sure the method is iii exercise1.m.	a Click the View > Configure for Workflow > Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow command. b Click OK to switch the workflow. c Click No to save the method changes. d Click File > Open Data File. e In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. f Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. g Click Open. h Click Method > Open, select the iiiexercise1.m method, then click Open.	 Make sure the Load result data check box is either clear or grayed out. When you switch to a different workflow, a new method is loaded, a new window layout is loaded and a new section is added to the Method Explorer. If you are prompted to save changes to the method, click No.
2 Look at the sections for the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm.	 In Method Explorer, click Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow. 	 Note the ten sections in this workflow. Most of these sections are duplicates of sections in the General workflow.
Make sure that new results will overwrite previous results.	 a Select Previous Results in the Method Explorer. b Mark Delete all previous results. 	

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
4	Make sure that a TIC will be extracted, and the four largest peaks integrated.	 a Select Chromatogram Extraction. b Click the Chromatograms tab. c Make sure that TIC has been selected as the Chromatogram used to find mass spectra. d Mark Signal A under Additional chromatograms to extract. e Select the Chromatogram Integration section in the Method Explorer. f Click the Peaks (MS) tab, and mark Limit (by height) to the largest and type 4. 	Note that this section is unique. You cannot enter this information anywhere else in the Method Editor.
5	Set up to extract MS spectra and subtract a peak spectrum background of the average of spectra before and after the peak.	 a Select Mass Spectrum Extraction. b Click the Peak Spectrum tab. c For Peak spectrum background select Average of spectra at peak start and end. 	Note that blue triangles appear in other sections of Method Explorer. These indicate that the same parameter values have been changed elsewhere as well.
6	Choose to search a database and generate formulas for all spectrum peaks. Don't change the Molecular Formula Generation nor the Database Search parameter values.	 a Select Spectrum Peak Identification in the Method Explorer. b Mark the Search a database for each peak check box. c Mark the Generate formula for each peak check box. d Click All peaks. 	Note that this section is unique. You cannot enter this information anywhere else in the Method Editor.
7	Test the automated analysis process up to this point.	Click the Run Chromatogram Peak Survey icon	• If you click the pricon from the Molecular Formula Generation section, you click the arrow first and select Run Chromatogram Peak Survey from the list of possible action. By default, the action that is run in this section is Generate Formulas from Spectrum Peaks. Several other sections also have different default actions.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 8 Open these windows for viewing: a Click View > DB Search Results. · SeeTask 4. Change window **b** Click View > MS Formula Results. DB Search Results list layouts 22 to learn how to move MS Formula Results list c Move these windows so they are windows on the main screen. These lists are tabbed along with · You can also use the icons in the tabbed with the Chromatogram Chromatogram Results as in Results window as in Figure 84. main toolbar to display these Figure 84 d Review the results for each MS scan windows. Review each list for each MS to make sure that all actions in the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm scan. Save the method if the were performed. automation worked.

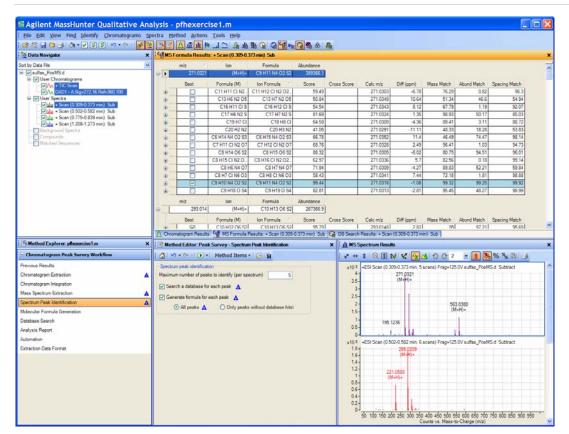


Figure 84 Tabbed results from running automated analysis steps

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
9 Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise2, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	 a From the menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise2. c Click Save. 	 Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.
10 Set up the Analysis Report and indicate what sections to print for this exercise.Save the method.	 a Select Analysis Report in the Method Explorer. b Make any changes you want. c Click the Print Analysis Report icon. d If necessary, click the Save Method icon in Method Editor. 	You select whether or not to print the report when you select the action that you want to run.
 11 Set up the method to run the automated analysis when the data file is opened Save the method. 	a Select Automation in the Method Explorer. b Click File Open Actions. c Select each item in the Actions to run list, and click the Remove icon, d Select Chromatogram Peak Survey without Analysis Report in the Available Actions list, and click the Add button, e Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor.	You can also test these actions if you want.
 12 Close Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. Move the windows so they look like the layout in Figure 85. Close the data file, and do not save results. 	 a Click the Close button for Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. b Move the windows so they look like Figure 85. c Click File > Close Data File. d Click No when asked to save results. 	Note that the window layout that appears when you open a new data file is the same as the last window layout used.
 13 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file again to run the automated analysis. The results should look like the results in Figure 85. 	 a Click File > Open Data File. b Select sulfas_PosMS.d c Mark the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d Click Open. 	

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - pfhexercise2.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help X MS Formula Results: + Scan (0.309-0.373 min) Sub lon Formula Abundance x10 6 +ESI TIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d C11 H11 CI N2. C11 H12 CI N2 O2 59 49 271.030 C13 H6 N2 O5 C13 H7 N2 O5 50.84 271 034 C16 H11 CI S 54.54 C17 H6 N2 S C17 H7 N2 S 81.69 271.032 0.518 C19 H7 C C19 H8 CI 64.59 271.030 C20 H2 N2 C20 H3 N2 41.05 DAD1 - A:Sig=272,16 Ref=360,100 sulfas_PosMS.d C6 H14 N4 O2 S3 C6 H15 N4 O2 S3 66.78 C7 H11 CI N2 O7 C7 H12 CI N2 O7 68.76 88.32 271.030 C8 H14 O6 S2 71.94 C8 H7 CI N6 O3 C8 H8 CI N6 O3 58.43 271.034 C9 H10 N4 O2 S2 C9 H11 N4 O2 S2 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 III MS Spectrum Results 👊 DB Search Results: + Scan (0.309-0.373 min) Sub Ion Formula C9 H11 N4 O2 S +ESI Scan (0.309-0.373 min, 5 scans) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Subtract Sulfameth C9 H10 N4 O2 S2 99.03 Database lon Ion Formula 563.0380 (M+H)+ 293.014 default.csv 315.0692 default.csv default.csv default.csv 563.038 x105 +ESI Scan (0.502-0.582 min. 6 scans) Frag=125.0V sulfas PosMS.d Subtract 1.5 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 1000

Figure 85 Results of Chromatogram Peak Survey action when opening the sulfas PosMS.d data file

14 Close the data file without saving results.

100 150 200 250 300 350

- a Click File > Close Data File.
- b Click No when asked to save results.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of actions to find and identify compounds. These include finding compounds based on a selected algorithm, searching the database for compounds, generating formulas for specific compounds and printing the compound report.

You switch to the MS Target Compound Screening workflow to set up this method. You can also set up this method using the Compound Automation Steps section. You will also set up to run the compound automation in the method when you open a data file.

The MS Target Compounds Screening workflow can only be used with LC/MS data files.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d again. Make sure that the method will not perform any actions on the data file when opening the file. Make sure the method is iiiexercise2.m. Start with the MS Target Compound Screening workflow. 	a Click View > Configure for Workflow > MS Target Compound Screening. b Click OK to switch the workflow. c Click No to save the method changes. d Click File > Open Data File. e In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. f Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. g Click Open. h Click Method > Open. Select the iiiexercise2.m method. i Click Open. j Click No to save method changes.	 Make sure the Load result data check box is either clear or grayed out. The method Screening-Default.m is loaded when you switch to the MS Target Compound Screening workflow.
 Look at the automation steps for finding and identifying compounds. Tab the Method Editor window in a convenient location. 	 a In Method Explorer, click MS Target Compound Screening > Automation. b (optional) Tab the Method Editor window with the Data Navigator window. c Close the Compound List window. 	In this workflow, the Method Editor is a floating window. You can either leave it as a floating window or tab it with another window, such as the Data Navigator window.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

S	teps	Detailed Instructions	A compound can be identified by the Search Database algorithm, the Generate Formulas algorithm or if the compound was found using the Find by Formula algorithm. If MassHunter BioConfirm software is installed, then a compound can also be identified by the Match Sequences algorithm.
3	Choose to search a database and generate formulas for all compounds. Make sure you are finding compounds by molecular feature.	 a Click the Analysis Options tab. b Click Find by Molecular Feature. c Mark the Search a database for each compound check box. d Mark the Generate formulas for each compound check box. e Click All compounds. f Mark the Show only identified compounds check box. 	
1	Make sure that new results will overwrite previous results.	 a Click the Results tab. b Mark the Delete all previous results check box. 	
5	Test the automation process up to this point.	Click the Run Compound Automation Steps icon	
	Open these windows for viewing: Compound List DB Search List MS Formula Results List Make sure the results lists are tabbed along with Chromatogram Results as in Figure 86 Review each list for each compound (except for Compounds 1 and 4).	a Click View > Compound List. b (if necessary) Click View > DB Search Results. c (if necessary) Click View > MS Formula Results. d Clear the Compound 1 and Compound 4 check boxes in the Data Navigator. Or, you can clear the check boxes for Compound 1 and Compound 4 in the Show/Hide column in the Compound List window e Review each list for each identified compound to make sure that all actions in the Compound Automation Steps were performed.	 See Exercise 1 Task 4 to learn how to move windows on the main screen. The MS Formula Results window and the DB Search Results window are tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window in Figure 86.
7	Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise3, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	 a From the top menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise3. c Click Save. 	 Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Detailed Instructions Steps Comments B Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - pfhexercise3.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help Compound List Show/Hide Cpd Mass Mass (Tgt) Diff (Tgt, ppm) Formula (Tgt) Score (Tgt) Formula (DB) Formula (MFG) sulfas_PosMS.d 0.525 284 0136 Find by Molecular. C10 H9 CLN4 O2 S C10 H9 CLN4 O2 S Sulfamethazine sulfas PosMS.d 0.797 278.0835 C12 H14 N4 O2 S C12 H14 N4 O2 S Find by Molecular. 310.0735 sulfas_PosMS.d Find by Molecular C12 H14 N4 O4 S A Data Navigato Sort by Data File ■ v sulfas_PosMS.d ✓ /∧ + TIC Scan Formula (M) Cross Score Calc m/z Diff (nnm) Mass Match C9 H10 N4 O2 S2 | C9 H11 N4 O2 S2 99.27 98.98 271.0318 -1.26 99.08 ■ Compounds C8 H14 O6 S2 C8 H15 O6 S2 87.63 -6.2 C9 H18 O S4 C9 H19 O S4 CS HE NA OZ CS H7 NA O C7 H11 CI N2 O7 C7 H12 CI N2 O 69.02 67.5 271.0328 2.31 96.9 E Cpd 4: C10 H9 Cl N4 E Cpd 5: Sulfamethazine E Cpd 6: Sulfadimethoxi 🛕 Chromatogram Results: 🖙 MS Formula Results: Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole 📑 DB Search Results: Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole → ↑ □ □ ★ ♥ □ ★ ● ○ ○ 2 → □ ※ ※ ※ □ □ Method Editor: Screening - Automation 🏪 Data Navigator Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.293-0.582 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Method Explorer: pfhexercise3.m MS Target Compound Screening Workflow 563.0380 (2M+Na)+ Extraction Data Format Chromatograms Mass Spectra x10 5 Cpd 3: Sulfachloropyridazine: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.486-0.743 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Find by Molecular Feature Identify by Database Search 2-Identify by Formula Generation Compound Report 320 340 360 380 400 420 440 460 480 500 520 540 560 580 600 620 Thompsons vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z) 300

Figure 86 Tabbed results from running compound automation identification steps

- 8 Set up the Compound Report for this exercise.
 - If necessary, save the method.
- a Select Compound Report.
- **b** Make any changes you want.
- c If necessary, click the Save Method icon in Method Editor.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 9 Set up the method to run the automated compound identification when the data file is opened Save the method. 	a Select MS Target Compound Screening Workflow > Automation > File Open Actions. b Select any actions in the Actions to run list, and click the Remove icon, c Select Compound Automation without Report in the Available Actions list, and click the Add button, d Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor.	You can also test these actions if you want.
 10 Close Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. Move the windows so they look like the layout in Figure 87. Close the data file, and do not save results. 	 a Click the Close button for Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. b Move the windows so they look like Figure 87. c Click File > Close Data File. d Click No when asked to save results. 	See Exercise 1 Task 4 to learn how to move windows.
 11 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file again to run the automated compound identification. The results should look like the results in Figure 87. Hide Compounds 1 and 4 in the Compound List. 	 a Click File > Open Data File b Mark the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. c Click Open. d Clear the Show/Hide check boxes for Compounds 1 and 4 in the Compound List. 	Compounds 1 and 4 are not found by the database search algorithm, but they do have formulas generated by the formula generation algorithm.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments ■ Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis - pfhexercise3.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Actions Tools Help Compound List Mass (Tgt) Diff (Tgt, ppm) Formula (DB) Score (DB) Formula (MFG) 0.525 284.0136 C10 H9 CI N4 O2 S C10 H9 CI N4 O2 S Sulfamethazine sulfas_PosMS.d 278.0835 Find by Molecular. C12 H14 N4 O2 5 C12 H14 N4 O2 5 Sulfadimethoxine sulfas_PosMS.d 1.231 310.0735 Find by Molecular. C12 H14 N4 O4 S 99.87 C12 H14 N4 O4 S MS Formula Results: Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole Formula x10 6 +ESI TIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Formula (M) C9 H10 N4 O2 S2 | C9 H11 N4 O2 S2 C8 H14 O6 S2 C8 H15 O6 S2 C17 H6 N2 S C17 H7 N2 S 82.2 C9 H18 O S4 82.18 C8 H6 N4 O C8 H7 N4 O 0.518 C7 H12 CI N2 O 69.02 C6 H14 N4 O2 S3 C6 H15 N4 O2 S3 66.7 0.5 0.6 0.8 0.9 1 1.1 1.2 1.3 Counts vs. Acquisition Time (min) MS Spectrum Results DB Search Results: Cpd 2: Sulfamethizol Name Score Cpd 2: Sulfamethizole: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.293-0.582 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d 293.0140 (M+Na)+ v10.5 Cpd 3: Sulfachloropyridazine: +ESI MFE Spectrum (0.486-0.743 min) Frag=125.0V sulfas PosMS.d 285.0210 (M+H)+ 580 600 620 640 300 320 340 360 380 400 420 440 460 480 500 520

Figure 87 Results of automated compound identification when opening the sulfas_PosMS.d data file

- **12** Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked to save results.

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of actions to execute when you run the worklist. You learn to save the method with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters, although you will not actually do this in this task.

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with worklist

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 Set up a method to automatically execute upon completion of every run in the worklist. • Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file with the method you saved in Task 2. • Make sure actions are not run when you open the file. • Restore the default window layout. Set up the method to perform the following tasks: • Extract the defined chromatogram • Integrate and extract peak spectra • Generate Analysis Report Hint: Look under Worklist Automation in Method Explorer.	a Click File > Open Data File. b In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. c Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d Click Open. e To restore the default workflow, click View > Configure for Workflow > General. f Click OK to continue. g Load the method iiiExercise2.m. h Select Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions to display the Assign Actions to Run from Worklist section. i Make sure that the following actions are in the Actions to be run list in this order: • Extract Defined Chromatograms • Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra • Generate Analysis Report j If necessary, select each of these actions from the Available actions list, and click the Add button, , to move the selected action to the Actions to be run list. You can also double-click on the selected action to copy it to the other list. k If necessary, select any actions in the Actions to be run list that are not in the above list, and click the Remove icon	 In this task you are creating a method that contains only qualitative analysis parameters. To create a worklist method from this method, you must add acquisition parameters to this method in the acquisition program. If you select Load worklist method (assuming it's available) in the Oper Data File dialog box, the program opens the data file using the qualitative analysis part of the acquisition method in the worklist that produced the data file. You can create a worklist method with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters by saving the qualitative analysis parameters by saving the qualitative analysis parameters to an existing acquisition method. You can also set up the method for a complete analysis with the Analysis Automation Steps. Then you would remove these actions and add on the Analysis Automation action. You can do the same with Compound Automation.

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with worklist

Steps Detailed Instructions Comments

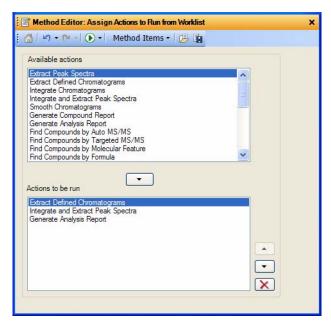
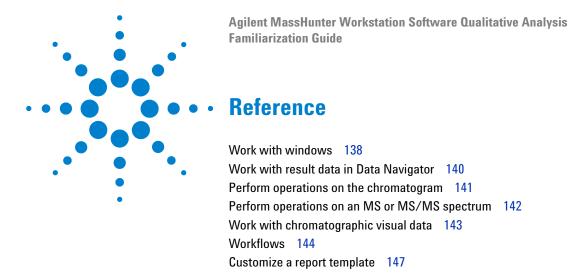


Figure 88 Method Editor with Worklist Actions window displayed

- Save the method to iiiexercise 2worklist.m, where "iii" is your initials.
 - Close the program and do not save results.
- a To save the method, click Method > Save As.
- **b** Type *iii*exercise2worklist.m.
- c Click Save.
- d Click File > Exit.
- e Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.
- After the acquisition parameters have been added to this method in the acquisition program, you can save it to the same name or a different one.
- When run from the worklist, this method (with acquisition parameters added) will acquire and analyze data sequentially and automatically. The actions in the Actions to be run list in the Worklist Actions section are run automatically.

3	Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist					

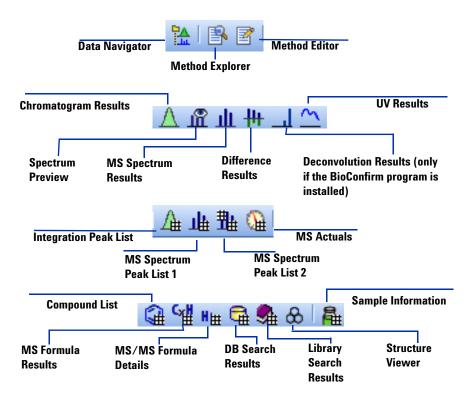


Work with windows

When you first open the Qualitative Analysis program, you see three windows as the default layout: Data Navigator, Method Explorer and Chromatogram Results. You can bring up seventeen other windows using the View menu: Method Editor, Spectrum Preview, MS Spectrum Results, Difference Results, UV Results, Integration Peak List, MS Spectrum Peak List 1, MS Spectrum Peak List 2, MS Actuals, Compound List, MS Formula Results, MS/MS Formula Details, DB Search Results, Library Search, Structure Viewer and Sample Information. You can also display three tool windows which are displayed when you start using the associated tool: Formula Calculator, Mass Calculator, and Recalibrate.

Window Icons in the Main Toolbar

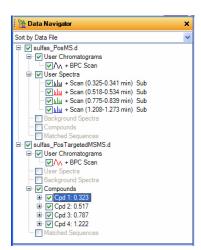
You open and close the Qualitative Analysis windows with these icons on the main toolbar. Additional icons are available when the MassHunter BioConfirm software is installed. Commands in the View menu can also be used to open these windows.



Work with result data in Data Navigator

Data Navigator window and tools

The Data Navigator organizes all the results of extraction and spectrum selection either by data file or by data type.





Linked Navigation Icon

When activated (default), highlighting a chromatogram in Data Navigator also highlights the corresponding spectra. The corresponding chromatogram and spectrum visual results are also highlighted. Linked Navigation only works if you have used the Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra menu item from the Chromatograms Menu or have run any of the Compounds algorithms.



Check Mark Tools

Single check mark – Marks check boxes of all highlighted data.

Dual check marks, one gray – Marks check boxes of highlighted data and clears the other check boxes.

Dual check marks - Marks all check boxes.

Chromatograms and spectra are displayed when their check boxes are marked.

Perform operations on the chromatogram

You can perform the following operations on the whole chromatogram or on a selected region of the chromatogram by using the menu items:

Action	Menu Item Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms		
Extract a chromatogram			
Extract defined chromatograms	Chromatograms > Extract Defined Chromatograms		
Integrate the chromatogram	Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram		
Integrate and extract peak spectra	Chromatograms > Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra		
Smooth the chromatogram	Chromatograms > Smooth Chromatogram		
Calculate Signal-to-Noise	Chromatograms > Calculate Signal-to-Noise		
Find compounds from auto MS/MS data	Find > Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS		
Find compounds from targeted MS/MS data	Find > Find Compounds by Targeted MS/MS		
Find compounds for MS(1) data	Find > Find Compounds by Molecular Feature		
Find compounds by Chromatogram deconvolution	Find > Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution		
Find compounds that match specific formulas	Find > Find Compounds by Formula		

Select range operations from shortcut menu

When you have selected a chromatographic range, you can also extract a spectrum and extract a spectrum to background, in addition to the operations mentioned above and others not mentioned.

1 To access these operations, click the Range Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.

- **2** Click the left mouse button at the point where you want to start the range, drag the cursor over a range, and release the button.
- **3** Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, and click the operation from the shortcut menu.

Save results to the data file(s)

• Click the Save icon, or click File > Save Results.

When you exit the program, it also asks if you want to save the results to the data file, unless you have turned off this feature.

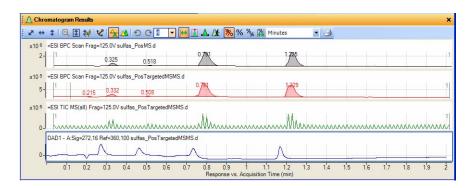
Perform operations on an MS or MS/MS spectrum

You can perform the following operations on an MS or MS/MS spectrum or on a selected region of an MS or MS/MS spectrum by using the menu items:

Action	Menu Item		
View the m/z, abundance, charge state and other information about a spectrum	View >MS Spectrum Peak List 1		
Subtract the background spectrum	Spectra > Subtract Background Spectrum		
Add two spectra together	Spectra > Add Any Spectrum (and then click another spectrum)		
Search a database for compounds that match specific masses in a spectrum	Spectra >Search Database for Spectrum Peaks		
Generate formulas for the masses in the selected range in a spectrum	Spectra > Generate Formulas from Spectrum Peaks (when a range is selected in the MS spectrum)		
Deconvolute using the Resolved Isotope algorithm	Spectra > Deconvolute (Resolved Isotope)		
Search Database	Identify > Search Database		
Generate Formulas	Identify > Generate Formulas		
Search Library	Identify > Search Library		

Work with chromatographic visual data

Chromatogram Results Window



Chromatogram Results Tools

Zoom Tools in order



Select Tools in order



To clear a tool selection, click another tool or icon.

Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis

Autoscale X-axis

Autoscale Y-axis

Unzoom

Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom

Linked Y-axis mode

Range Select – When On, you can draw a range for chromatogram, for which you can perform actions

Peak Select – When On, you can select spectrum of an integrated peak at apex

Manual Integration – When On, you can integrate interactively

Walk Chromatogram — When On, you can see individual spectra as you click each point or use the left and right arrows on the keyboard.

Workflows

Workflows help you to customize the user interface for your application. Each workflow loads a different method that has parameters that are appropriate for that workflow. Also, each workflow loads a different layout; these layouts include customizing the columns shown in each table. Lastly, four of the layouts also add a special method editor section which contains copies of the sections in the method editor that are important for that workflow. Grouping the features that are used in a specific workflow together makes it easier for you to customize your method.

Five different workflows are available in the Qualitative Analysis program. They are:

- General
- BioConfirm This workflow is only available if the BioConfirm software is installed and marked in the User Interface Configuration dialog box.
- · Chromatogram Peak Survey
- Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity
- MS Target Compound Screening

If you are working with GC/MS data, you can only select the General workflow. If you are working with LC/MS data, you can select any of the workflows.

Specific Method

Each workflow loads a specific default method with more appropriate settings for that workflow. For example, if you switch to the BioConfirm workflow, the **Target data type** for the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm is set to **Large molecules (proteins, oligos)**. This setting is appropriate for the BioConfirm workflow but not, by default, for the other workflows.

Specific Layout

In addition, each workflow loads a specific layout. A layout consists of the following:

- Each window's position and size
- · Which windows are tabbed
- Which windows are floating

- · Which tabbed window is on top
- · Which windows are visible by default
- Whether the status bar is visible

For each plot window (the Chromatogram Results window, the Spectrum Preview window, the MS Spectrum Results window, the Deconvolution window and the UV Results window), the following are saved:

- Whether or not the graphics are overlaid
- Whether or not the Autoscale Y-Axis during Zoom mode is on
- Whether or not the Linked Y-Axis mode is on

For each table window, the following are saved

- · Which columns are visible
- The order of the columns
- · The width of each column

Specific section in the Method Explorer and Method Editor

Using the Method Editor with the General workflow, you can change all of the parameters in the Method.

Each of the four workflows changes the sections available in the Method Explorer. Each section contains only the Method Editor tabs and sections that are useful in that workflow. Changing a parameter in the workflow section also changes the parameter in the corresponding section in the general Method Editor sections.

Two tabs are not repeated in the general Method Editor sections. The **Spectrum Peak Identification** section and the **Database Search > Search Criteria** tab are only included in the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow. These sections only affect the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm. This algorithm is only used in this workflow, and in the **Chromatogram Peak Survey without Report** action and in the **Chromatogram Peak Survey with Analysis Report action**.

BioConfirm methods and layouts

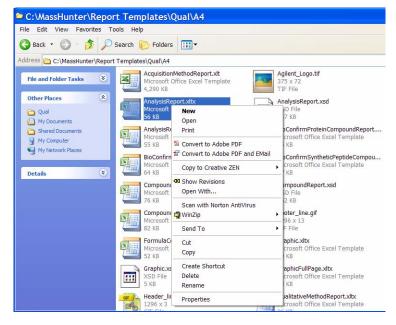
Additional default methods and layouts are provided with BioConfirm software to use as starting points for creating your own customized methods for Sequence Matching.

Workflow	Method	Layout	Method Editor Section
General	default.m	Default.xml	None
BioConfirm	BioConfirm IntactProtein-Default. m	BioConfirm- IntactProtein- MaximumEntropy- Default.xml	BioConfirm Workflow
Chromatogram Peak Survey	ChromPeakSurvey- Default.m	Default.xml	Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow
MS Target Compound Screening	Screening-Default.m	Screening-Default.xml	MS Target Compound Screening Workflow
Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity	SamplePurity- Default.m	SamplePurity- Default.xml	Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity Workflow

Customize a report template

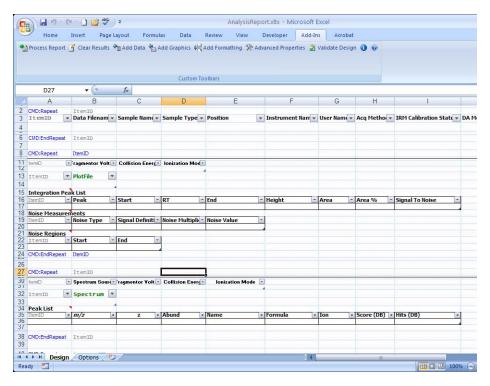
Please refer to either the online Help for the MassHunter Report Designer Add-in or the Reporting Training DVD for detailed information on how to modify a report template. The following steps give you a quick look at what it means to customize a template.

- 1 Go to the folder that contains the report templates. By default, this folder is
 - \MassHunter\Report Templates\Qual\Letter. You can select a different folder in the Method Explorer in the General > Common Reporting Options > Templates tab.
- **2** Make a copy of the template which you intend to modify. Right-click the copy and click **Properties**. Clear the **Read-only** check box. Then, right-click the copy and click **Open** from the shortcut menu.

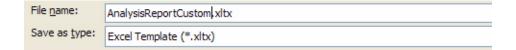


Opening the template this way lets Excel know that this file is a template file. When the template is open, you can modify headers and footers and add, remove or move parameter columns. Refer to the online Help for more information. All Qualitative Analysis templates are marked Read-only. You change this property before you edit a template.

Many templates are installed with the Qualitative Analysis program. Refer to the Qualitative Analysis online Help for more information about the content of each report template.



- **3** Make the changes you intend.
- 4 To save the new template, either click Save or click Save As > Other Formats from the Microsoft Office button.
- **5** Type an identifying name, and click **Save**.



www.agilent.com

In This Book

This guide contains information to learn to use your Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Qualitative Analysis.

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2009

Third Edition, February 2009



G3335-90060

