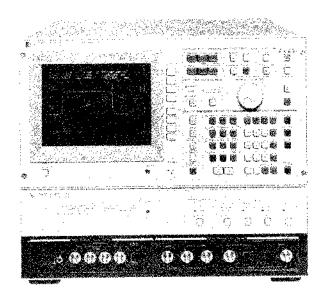


Measuring The Characteristic Impedance of Balanced Cables

- HP 4194A Application Information -



--- Introduction -

The HP 4194A Impedance/Gain-Phase Analyzer can measure balanced cables (such as twisted pair cables) quickly and efficiently. This application information describes how to measure the characteristic impedance of balanced cables by using an open/short method which is useful for cable manufacturers and cable users (telecommunications, telephone, TV, computer, and instrument manufacturers).

– Application Issue —

Characteristic impedance is the most often used parameter for evaluating the transmission characteristics of cables. Measuring the characteristic impedance of a balanced cable is not as easy as it is for an unbalanced cable, though, because a balanced measurement circuit is required. In the past, the following techniques have been used.

· Impedance Bridge

Time consuming test and requires a highly skilled user.

* LCR Meter with a Balun

An LCR Meter's test terminals are unbalanced, so it is necessary to insert a balun between the LCR Meter measurement terminals and the test device (in this case a cable). This requires complicated calculations to compensate for the transmission errors in balun (a complicated compensation program to run on an external computer must and the measurement speed suffers accordingly.

Solutions Offered by the HP 4194A

* Easy to setup Balanced Measurements and High Measurement Speed

The HP 4194A has powerful compensation functions, so errors due to the balun can be easily compensated for, and measurement speed is not lost by having to make lengthy calculations to correct for the presence of a balun in the circuit.

* Wide Frequency/Measurement

The HP 4194Å has a frequency range of 100Hz to 40MHz for impedance measurements (10kHz) to 100MHz with the HP 41941Å/B), and a measurement range of $10m\,\Omega$ to $100M\,\Omega$ (0.1 Ω to $1M\Omega$ with the HP 41941Å/B). This measurement range is wide enough to make open/short measurements of cables.

* Secondary Parameter Analysis

After a measurement is made, the measurement data can be used to calculate and display the characteristic impedance of the cable, and other secondary parameters.

* Gain-Phase and Additional Impedance Evaluation

The HP 4194A can also be used to determine other impedance parameters such as inductance, capacitance, and the dielectric constant of cable materials. The HP 4194A's Gain-Phase measurement function can be used to measure transmission characteristics such as cross-talk, attenuation, and delay time.

* Auto Sequence Program (ASP)

The 4194A's Auto Sequence Program (ASP) feature, an internal programming function, allows the automatic execution of measurement condition setup, compensation, measurement, calculation and display. Figure 1 shows a sample ASP program for balanced cable measurements. This program uses a unique application of the calibration function of the HP 4194A. The following is a brief discussion of programmed calibration, measurement, and analysis.

Line 170 to 290: Calibration using the 0 Ω / 0S/50 Ω standards

Lines 300 - 360: OS standard (HP PN 04191-85302) Calibration data input

The reference values to calculate the theoretical calibration data for each calibration standard, 0S + 0F for the 0S standard, 0 Ω + 0H for the 0 Ω standard, and 50 Ω + 0H for the 50 Ω standard, are prestored into the HP 4194 Λ . Each time the HP 0S standard (0S + 0.082pF) is used, its data should be restored. Lines 310 to 350 perform the 0S standard frequency simulation, and line 360 inputs the simulation data into the calibration data standard.

Lines 370 to 450: Zero Open/Short offset for the HP 16093B Performs Zero offset compensation for the fixturing from the calibration terminal (APC-7) to the test device connection terminal (HP 16093B).

Lines 460 to 860: Cable measurement
This ASP program uses the Open-Short
method (based on the following equation)
to calculate secondary parameters.

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Characteristic Impedance:
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 $|Z| = \sqrt{|2op| \cdot |Zst|}$ $\theta = (\theta op + \theta st)/2$

|Zop|, 6op: Measured values from open measurement |Zst|, 8st: Measured values from short measurement

Attenuation Constant:

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2!} \log \sqrt{\frac{(1+R)^2 + X^2}{(1-R)^2 + X^2}} \times 9865.9$$
[dB/km]

Phase Constant:

$$\beta = \frac{1}{2!} (\pi - \arctan \frac{R+1}{X} + \arctan \frac{R-1}{X}) \times 1000$$

$$P = \sqrt{|Zst|/|Zop|} \qquad [rad/km]$$

$$\phi = (\theta st - \theta op)/2$$

$$R = P \cos \phi$$

$$X = P \sin \phi$$

$$1: Cable length [m]$$

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ASP Balanced Cable
10 ! ***** BALANCED CABLE MEASUREMENT *****
                                                         Figure 1
                                                                        Measurement Program Listing
20 RST
30 SWT2:CMPN2:ITM2:RAD
                                          460 !**** CABLE MEASUREMENT ****
 40 START=100 KHZ
                                          470 CALI; OPN1; SHT1
50 STOP=10 MHZ
                                          480 IMP1
50 R0-401
                                           490 BEEP
70 NOP-RB
                ! NO. OF POINT
                                          500 DISP "CABLE OPEN MEAS !"
 80 BEEP
                                           510 PAUSE
90 DISP "INPUT CABLE LENGTH (m)"
                                          520 SWTR6
100 PAUSE
                                           530 AUTOA;RE-A;RF-B
110 R1-Z
                I CABLE LENGTH
                                           540 BEEP
550 DISP "CABLE SHORT MEAS !"
120 BEEP
130 Z-0
                                           560 PAUSE
140 DISP "NEED COMPENSATION ? Y-->1"
                                           570 SWIRG
150 PAUSE
                                           500 AUTOA:R6-A:RH-B
590 DISP **
168 IF Z=0 THEN 60TO 460
170 !**** CALIBRATION *****
                                           600 !**** CHARACTERISTIC IMPEDANCE ****
180 BEEP
                                           610 RA-SQR(RE+R6); RB-(RF+RH)-188/PI/Z
190 DISP "CONNECT 0 5"
                                           520 CMT CHARACTERISTIC IMPEDANCE OF CABLE
200 PAUSE
                                           630 DE6:A-RA:8-RB:AUTOA:BMAX-180:8MIN--180
218 CALY
                                           640 BEEP
220 BEEP
                                           650 DISP "PRESS CONT"
230 DISP "CONNECT 0 "
                                           660 PAUSE
240 PAUSE
                                           670 | ##### ATT. / PHASE CONSTANTS #####
250 CALZ
                                           680 CMT ATTENUATION / PHASE CONSTANT
260 BEEP
                                           590 DISP "CALCULATING!"
270 DISP "CONNECT STD"
                                           706 RAD
280 PAUSE
                                           718 C=SQR(RG/RE);D=(RH-RE)/2
290 CALSTD
                                           720 E-C+COS(D):F-C+SIN(D)
300 !**** CAL DATA INPUT ****
                                           730 6=((1+E)+(1+E)+F*F)/((1-E)*(1-E)+F*F)
310 IMP9
                                           748 RC=1/2/R1+LN(SQR(G))+9685.9
320 E005P
                                           750 RD=1/2/R1+(PI-ATAN((E+1)/F)+ATAN((E-1)/F))+1000
330 EQC4
                                           750 1 ** PHASE EXPANSION FOR PHASE CONST.
340 EQVR=0;EQVL=0;EQVCA=.0826-12
                                           770 R2Z-0:R1-RD
350 FCHRS
                                           780 FOR R3-2 TO R0
350 TYG-C:TYB-D:SPA0:SPB0:CALL
                                           790 R2=R3-I+R11=RI(R2)-RI(R3)
370 | **** OPEN/SHORT OFFSET *****
                                           800 IF RII>2 PI THEN R22=R22+R11
380 BEEP
                                               RI(R2)=RI(R3)+R22
390 DISP "OPEN"
                                           919
                                           820 NEXT R3
400 PAUSE
                                           830 RI(R0)=RI(R0)+R22
410 ZOPEN
                                           840 BEEP
420 BEEP
                                           850 A=RC:B=RI:AUTO:UNIT@
430 DISP "SHORT"
                                           860 DISP "A-DB/Km B-RAD/Km"
440 PAUSE
                                           870 END
450 TSHRT
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Figure 2 Sample Measurement Results (Characteristic Impedance)

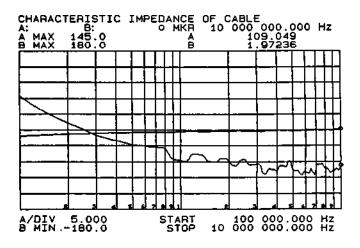


Figure 2 and 3 shows the results of a calculation using this ASP Program to evaluate the characteristic impedance and attenuation/phase constants of a twisted pair cable(170m long).

Balun Requirement
 The balun should have flat impedance characteristics over the required frequency range. That is, the variation in insertion loss over the frequency range should not exceed 3 dB.

- * The balum's short impedance value [2s] should be as low as possible, approximately one-tenth (or less) the characteristic impedance of the cable being tested. The lower the value of the short impedance, the smaller the additional error will be. For example, if the short impedance of the balum is one-tenth that of the cable, the additional error will be a maximum of 20% of the measurement instruments accuracy (inst. accuracy x 1.2).
- The open impedance value |Zo| of the balun, conversely, should be as high as possible, at least ten times greater than the cable's characteristic impedance.

The higher the value of the balun's open impedance, the smaller the additional error will be.

The sample balun used in Figure 4, HP PN 9100-0855, is sufficient for cable measurements at high frequencies (above 100kHz). For low frequency measurements (below 100kHz), a transformer which has a higher open impedance [20] at low frequencies should be used. Generally, a transformer's impedance decreases at lower frequencies and the cable's impedance increases, so errors due to [20] become significant. Transformers which have a higher impedance, such as those used for communications, are recommended.

Figure 3 Sample Measurement Results (Attenuation/Phase Constant)

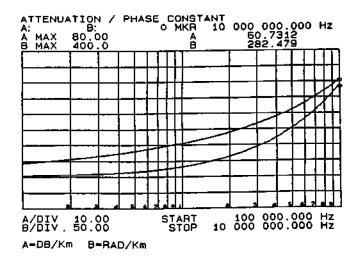
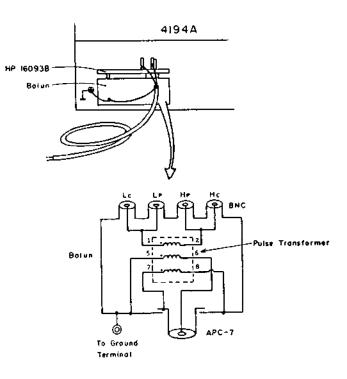


Figure 4 Balun Connection



Pulse Transformer: HP PN 9100-0855 (TDK 113G1)

Standards: 0Ω: HP PN 04191-85300

OS: HP PN 04191-85302

50Ω: HP PN 04191-85301



For more information, call your local HP sales office listed in the telephone directory white pages. Ask for the Electronic Instruments Department. Or write to Hewlett-Packard: **U.S.A.**: P.O. Box 10301, Palo Aito. CA 94303-0890. **Europe**: P.O. Box 999, 1180 AZ Amsteiveen. The Netherlands. **Canada**: 6877 Goreway Drive, Mississauga, L4V 1M8, Ontario. **Japan**: Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd., 3-29-21, Takaido-Higashi, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168. Elsewhere in the world, write to Hewlett-Packard Intercontinental, 3495 Deer Creek Road. Palo Alto. CA 94304.