

## FEATURES

- **12-Bit 150ksps ADC in MSOP Package**
- Single 3V Supply
- Low Supply Current: 450μA (Typ)
- Auto Shutdown Reduces Supply Current to 10μA at 1ksps
- True Differential Inputs
- SPI/MICROWIRE™ Compatible Serial I/O
- High Speed Upgrade to LTC1285
- Pin Compatible with 16-Bit LTC1864L

## APPLICATIONS

- High Speed Data Acquisition
- Portable or Compact Instrumentation
- Low Power Battery-Operated Instrumentation
- Isolated and/or Remote Data Acquisition

## DESCRIPTION

The LTC<sup>®</sup>1860L is a 12-bit A/D converter that is offered in MSOP and SO-8 packages and operates on a single 3V supply. At 150ksps, the supply current is only 450μA. The supply current drops at lower speeds because the LTC1860L automatically powers down between conversions. This 12-bit switched capacitor successive approximation ADC includes a sample-and-hold. The LTC1860L has a differential analog input with an adjustable reference pin.

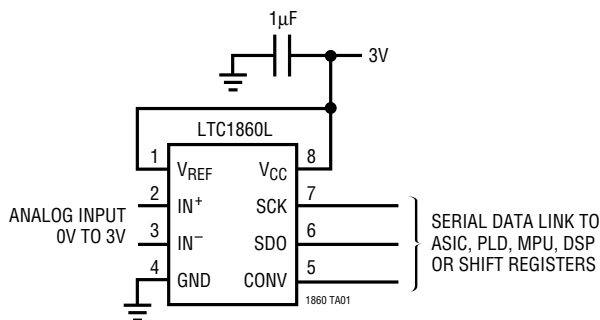
The 3-wire, serial I/O, small MSOP or SO-8 package and extremely high sample rate-to-power ratio make this ADC an ideal choice for compact, low power, high speed systems.

This ADC can be used in ratiometric applications or with external references. The high impedance analog inputs and the ability to operate with reduced spans down to 1V full scale, allow direct connection to signal sources in many applications, eliminating the need for external gain stages.

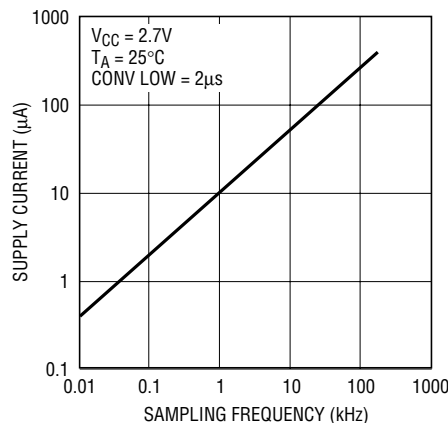
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MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

**Single 3V Supply, 150ksps, 12-Bit Sampling ADC**



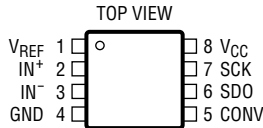
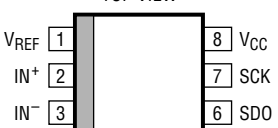
**Supply Current vs Sampling Frequency**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Notes 1, 2)

|                                   |                                    |                                            |                |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) ..... | 7V                                 | Operating Temperature Range                |                |
| Analog Input .....                | (GND – 0.3V) to ( $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V) | LTC1860LC .....                            | 0°C to 70°C    |
| Digital Input .....               | (GND – 0.3V) to 7V                 | LTC1860LI .....                            | –40°C to 85°C  |
| Digital Output .....              | (GND – 0.3V) to ( $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V) | Storage Temperature Range .....            | –65°C to 150°C |
| Power Dissipation .....           | 400mW                              | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) ..... | 300°C          |

**PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION**

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
|  <p>MS8 PACKAGE<br/>8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP<br/><math>T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 210^{\circ}\text{C/W}</math></p> | ORDER PART NUMBER            |  <p>S8 PACKAGE<br/>8-LEAD PLASTIC SO<br/><math>T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 175^{\circ}\text{C/W}</math></p> | ORDER PART NUMBER          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | LTC1860LCMS8<br>LTC1860LIMS8 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LTC1860LCS8<br>LTC1860LIS8 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | MS8 PART MARKING             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | MS PART MARKING            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | LTD2<br>LTD3                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1860L<br>1860LI            |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

**CONVERTER AND MULTIPLEXER CHARACTERISTICS**

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{REF} = 2.5\text{V}$ ,  $f_{SCK} = f_{SCK(MAX)}$  as defined in Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS        | MIN   | TYP  | MAX             | UNITS              |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------|------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Resolution                   | ●                 | 12    |      |                 | Bits               |
| No Missing Codes Resolution  | ●                 | 12    |      |                 | Bits               |
| INL                          | (Note 3) ●        |       |      | ±1              | LSB                |
| Transition Noise             |                   |       | 0.13 |                 | $\text{LSB}_{RMS}$ |
| Gain Error                   | ●                 |       |      | ±20             | mV                 |
| Offset Error                 | ●                 |       | ±2   | ±5              | mV                 |
| Analog Input Range           | $IN^+ - IN^-$ ●   | 0     |      | $V_{REF}$       | V                  |
| Absolute Input Range         | $IN^+$ Input      | –0.05 |      | $V_{CC} + 0.05$ | V                  |
|                              | $IN^-$ Input      | –0.05 |      | $V_{CC}/2$      | V                  |
| $V_{REF}$ Input Range        |                   | 1     |      | $V_{CC}$        | V                  |
| Analog Input Leakage Current | (Note 4) ●        |       |      | ±1              | μA                 |
| $C_{IN}$ Input Capacitance   | In Sample Mode    |       | 12   |                 | pF                 |
|                              | During Conversion |       | 5    |                 | pF                 |

**DYNAMIC ACCURACY** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{REF} = 3\text{V}$ ,  $f_{\text{SAMPLE}} = 150\text{kHz}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                                    | CONDITIONS                   | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| SNR       | Signal-to-Noise Ratio                        |                              |     | 72  |     | dB    |
| S/(N + D) | Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio        | 1kHz Input Signal            |     | 72  |     | dB    |
| THD       | Total Harmonic Distortion Up to 5th Harmonic | 1kHz Input Signal            |     | 86  |     | dB    |
|           | Full Power Bandwidth                         |                              |     | 10  |     | MHz   |
|           | Full Linear Bandwidth                        | $S/(N + D) \geq 68\text{dB}$ |     | 30  |     | kHz   |

**DIGITAL AND DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{REF} = 2.5\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL              | PARAMETER                 | CONDITIONS                                                                                        | MIN            | TYP           | MAX       | UNITS               |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|
| $V_{IH}$            | High Level Input Voltage  | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$                                                                            | ● 1.9          |               |           | V                   |
| $V_{IL}$            | Low Level Input Voltage   | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$                                                                            | ●              |               | 0.45      | V                   |
| $I_{IH}$            | High Level Input Current  | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$                                                                                 | ●              |               | 2.5       | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| $I_{IL}$            | Low Level Input Current   | $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$                                                                              | ●              |               | -2.5      | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| $V_{OH}$            | High Level Output Voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ , $I_O = 10\mu\text{A}$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ , $I_O = 360\mu\text{A}$ | ● 2.3<br>● 2.1 | 2.60<br>2.45  |           | V<br>V              |
| $V_{OL}$            | Low Level Output Voltage  | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ , $I_O = 400\mu\text{A}$                                                   | ●              |               | 0.3       | V                   |
| $I_{OZ}$            | Hi-Z Output Leakage       | $\text{CONV} = V_{CC}$                                                                            | ●              |               | $\pm 3$   | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| $I_{\text{SOURCE}}$ | Output Source Current     | $V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$                                                                             |                | -6.5          |           | mA                  |
| $I_{\text{SINK}}$   | Output Sink Current       | $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$                                                                                |                | 6.5           |           | mA                  |
| $I_{REF}$           | Reference Current         | $\text{CONV} = V_{CC}$<br>$f_{\text{SMPL}} = f_{\text{SMPL}(\text{MAX})}$                         | ●<br>●         | 0.001<br>0.01 | 3<br>0.1  | $\mu\text{A}$<br>mA |
| $I_{CC}$            | Supply Current            | $\text{CONV} = V_{CC}$ After Conversion<br>$f_{\text{SMPL}} = f_{\text{SMPL}(\text{MAX})}$        | ●<br>●         | 0.5<br>0.45   | 10<br>1.0 | $\mu\text{A}$<br>mA |
| $P_D$               | Power Dissipation         | $f_{\text{SMPL}} = f_{\text{SMPL}(\text{MAX})}$                                                   |                | 1.22          |           | mW                  |

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

| SYMBOL              | PARAMETER                                                                                  | CONDITIONS                                    | MIN                                     | TYP | MAX | UNITS              |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------|
| $V_{CC}$            | Supply Voltage                                                                             |                                               | 2.7                                     |     | 3.6 | V                  |
| $f_{\text{SCK}}$    | Clock Frequency                                                                            | ●                                             | DC                                      |     | 8   | MHz                |
| $t_{\text{CYC}}$    | Total Cycle Time                                                                           |                                               | $12 \cdot \text{SCK} + t_{\text{CONV}}$ |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$      |
| $t_{\text{SMPL}}$   | Analog Input Sampling Time                                                                 |                                               | 12                                      |     |     | SCK                |
| $t_{\text{suCONV}}$ | Setup Time $\text{CONV} \downarrow$ Before First $\text{SCK} \uparrow$ ,<br>(See Figure 1) |                                               | 60                                      |     |     | ns                 |
| $t_{\text{WHCLK}}$  | SCK High Time                                                                              | $f_{\text{SCK}} = f_{\text{SCK}(\text{MAX})}$ | 45%                                     |     |     | $1/f_{\text{SCK}}$ |
| $t_{\text{WLCLK}}$  | SCK Low Time                                                                               | $f_{\text{SCK}} = f_{\text{SCK}(\text{MAX})}$ | 45%                                     |     |     | $1/f_{\text{SCK}}$ |
| $t_{\text{WHCONV}}$ | CONV High Time Between Data<br>Transfer Cycles                                             |                                               | $t_{\text{CONV}}$                       |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$      |
| $t_{\text{WLCONV}}$ | CONV Low Time During Data Transfer                                                         |                                               | 12                                      |     |     | SCK                |
| $t_{\text{hCONV}}$  | Hold Time CONV Low After Last $\text{SCK} \uparrow$                                        |                                               | 26                                      |     |     | ns                 |

**TIMING CHARACTERISTICS** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{REF} = 2.5\text{V}$ ,  $f_{SCK} = f_{SCK(MAX)}$  as defined in Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL          | PARAMETER                                            | CONDITIONS                    | MIN | TYP | MAX      | UNITS         |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|----------|---------------|
| $t_{CONV}$      | Conversion Time (See Figure 1)                       | ●                             |     | 3.7 | 4.66     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $f_{SMPL(MAX)}$ | Maximum Sampling Frequency                           | ●                             | 150 |     |          | kHz           |
| $t_{dDO}$       | Delay Time, $SCK\downarrow$ to SDO Data Valid        | $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{pF}$<br>● |     | 45  | 55<br>60 | ns<br>ns      |
| $t_{dis}$       | Delay Time, $CONV\uparrow$ to SDO Hi-Z               | ●                             |     | 55  | 120      | ns            |
| $t_{en}$        | Delay Time, $CONV\downarrow$ to SDO Enabled          | $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{pF}$<br>● |     | 35  | 120      | ns            |
| $t_{hDO}$       | Time Output Data Remains Valid After $SCK\downarrow$ | $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{pF}$<br>● | 5   | 15  |          | ns            |
| $t_r$           | SDO Rise Time                                        | $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{pF}$      |     | 25  |          | ns            |
| $t_f$           | SDO Fall Time                                        | $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{pF}$      |     | 12  |          | ns            |

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** All voltage values are with respect to GND.

**Note 3:** Integral nonlinearity is defined as deviation of a code from a straight line passing through the actual endpoints of the transfer curve. The deviation is measured from the center of the quantization band.

**Note 4:** Channel leakage current is measured while the part is in sample mode.

## PIN FUNCTIONS

**$V_{REF}$  (Pin 1):** Reference Input. The reference input defines the span of the A/D converter and must be kept free of noise with respect to GND.

**$IN^+$ ,  $IN^-$  (Pins 2, 3):** Analog Inputs. These inputs must be free of noise with respect to GND.

**GND (Pin 4):** Analog Ground. GND should be tied directly to an analog ground plane.

**CONV (Pin 5):** Convert Input. A logic high on this input starts the A/D conversion process. If the CONV input is left high after the A/D conversion is finished, the part powers

down. A logic low on this input enables the SDO pin, allowing the data to be shifted out.

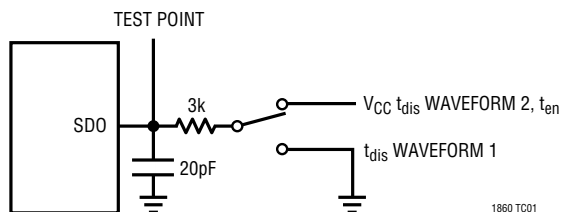
**SDO (Pin 6):** Digital Data Output. The A/D conversion result is shifted out of this pin.

**SCK (Pin 7):** Shift Clock Input. This clock synchronizes the serial data transfer.

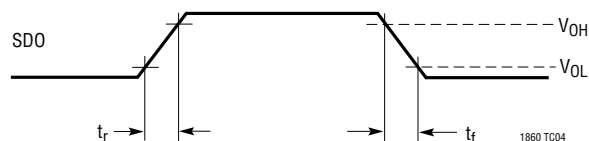
**$V_{CC}$  (Pin 8):** Positive Supply. This supply must be kept free of noise and ripple by bypassing directly to the analog ground plane.

## TEST CIRCUITS

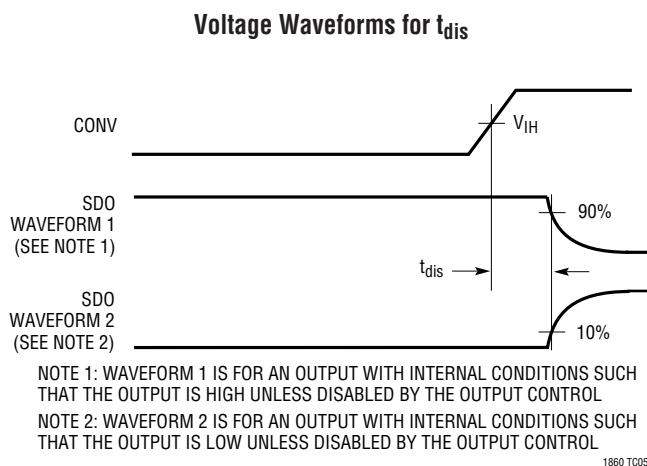
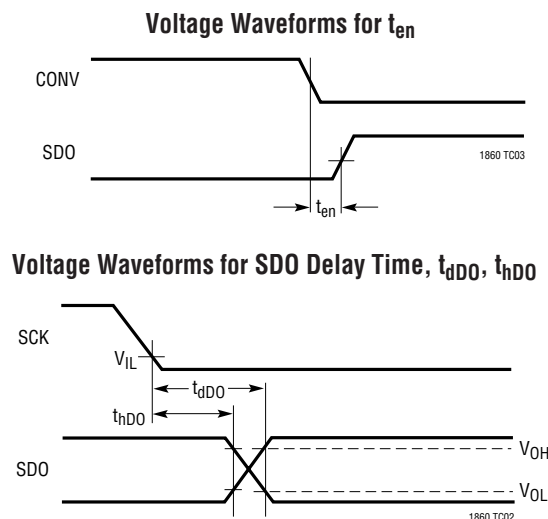
Load Circuit for  $t_{dDO}$ ,  $t_r$ ,  $t_f$ ,  $t_{dis}$  and  $t_{en}$



Voltage Waveforms for SDO Rise and Fall Times,  $t_r$ ,  $t_f$



## TEST CIRCUITS



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Operating Sequence

The LTC1860L conversion cycle begins with the rising edge of CONV. After a period equal to  $t_{CONV}$ , the conversion is finished. If CONV is left high after this time, the LTC1860L goes into sleep mode drawing only leakage current. On the falling edge of CONV, the LTC1860L goes into sample mode and SDO is enabled. SCK synchronizes the data transfer with each bit being transmitted from SDO on the falling SCK edge. The receiving system should capture the data from SDO on the rising edge of SCK. After completing the data transfer, if further SCK clocks are applied with CONV low, SDO will output zeros indefinitely. See Figure 1.

### Analog Inputs

The LTC1860L has a unipolar differential analog input. The converter will measure the voltage between the “IN+” and “IN-” inputs. A zero code will occur when IN+ minus IN- equals zero. Full scale occurs when IN+ minus IN- equals  $V_{REF}$  minus 1LSB. See Figure 2. Both the “IN+” and “IN-” inputs are sampled at the same time, so common mode noise on the inputs is rejected by the ADC. If “IN-” is grounded and  $V_{REF}$  is tied to  $V_{CC}$ , a rail-to-rail input span will result on “IN+” as shown in Figure 3.

### Reference Input

The voltage on the reference input of the LTC1860L defines the full-scale range of the A/D converter. This ADC can operate with reference voltages from  $V_{CC}$  to 1V.

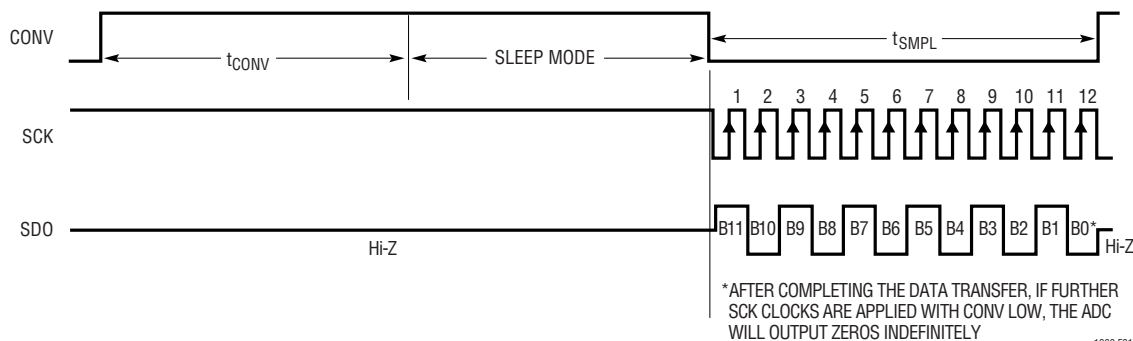


Figure 1. LTC1860L Operating Sequence

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

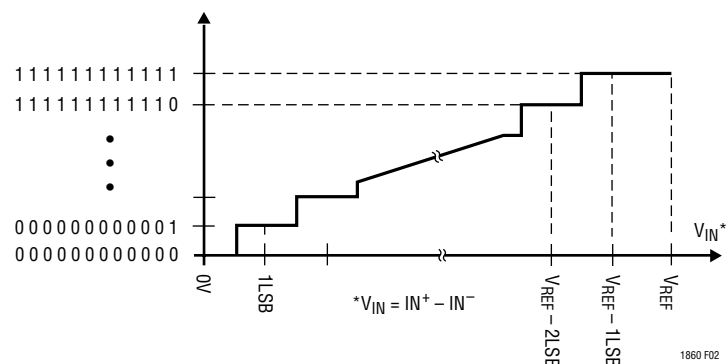


Figure 2. LTC1860L Transfer Curve

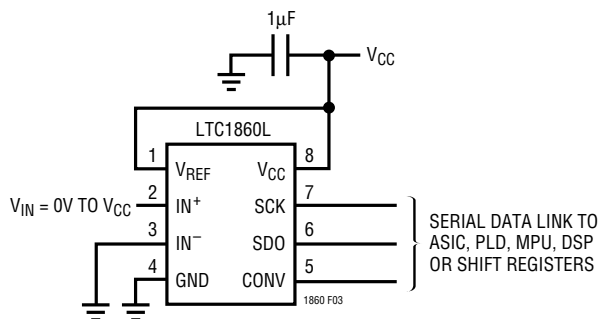


Figure 3. LTC1860L with Rail-to-Rail Input Span

## GENERAL ANALOG CONSIDERATIONS

## Grounding

The LTC1860L should be used with an analog ground plane and single point grounding techniques. Do not use wire wrapping techniques to breadboard and evaluate the device. To achieve the optimum performance, use a printed circuit board. The ground pin should be tied directly to the analog ground plane with minimum lead length.

## Bypassing

For good performance, the  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{REF}$  pins must be free of noise and ripple. Any changes in the  $V_{CC}/V_{REF}$  voltage with respect to ground during the conversion cycle can induce errors or noise in the output code. Bypass the  $V_{CC}$

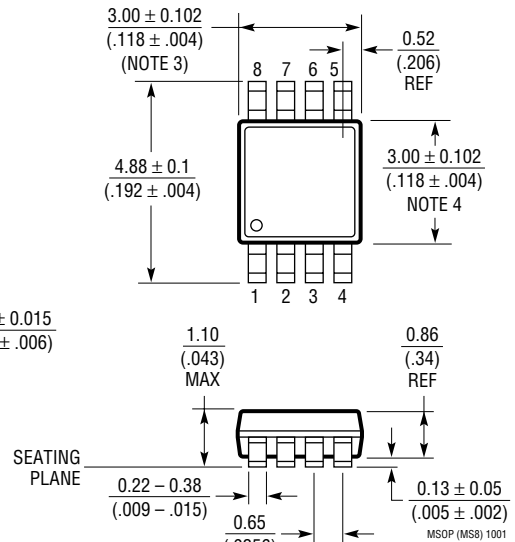
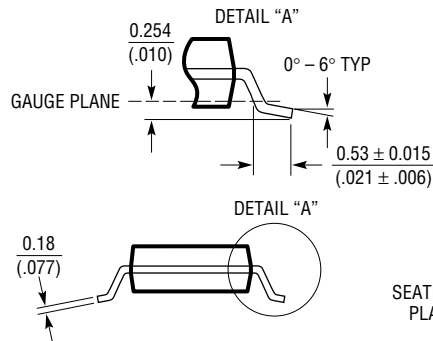
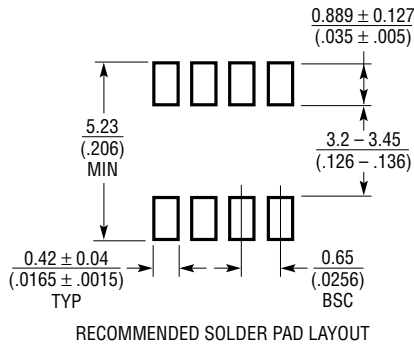
and  $V_{REF}$  pins directly to the analog ground plane with a minimum of 1μF tantalum. Keep the bypass capacitor leads as short as possible.

## Analog Inputs

Because of the capacitive redistribution A/D conversion techniques used, the analog inputs of the LTC1860L have capacitive switching input current spikes. These current spikes settle quickly and do not cause a problem if source resistances are less than 200Ω or high speed op amps are used (e.g., the LT<sup>®</sup>1211, LT1469, LT1807, LT1810, LT1630, LT1226 or LT1215). But if large source resistances are used, or if slow settling op amps drive the inputs, take care to ensure the transients caused by the current spikes settle completely before the conversion begins.

# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

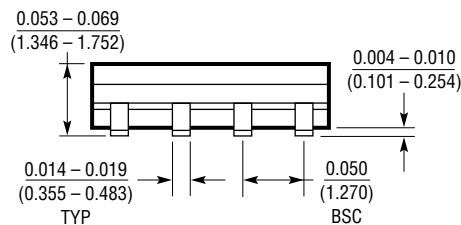
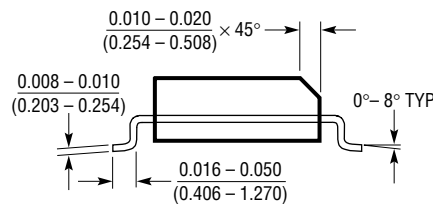
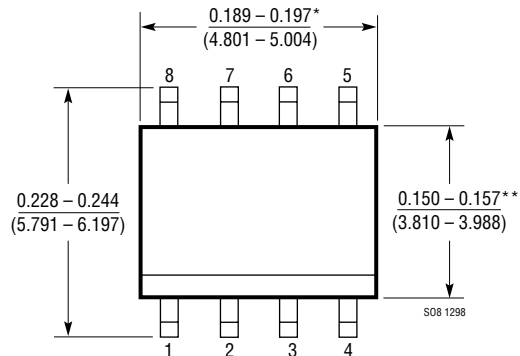
**MS8 Package**  
**8-Lead Plastic MSOP**  
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)



**NOTE:**

1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.  
MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED  $0.152\text{mm}$  ( $.006$ ) PER SIDE
4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.  
INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED  $0.152\text{mm}$  ( $.006$ ) PER SIDE
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE  $0.102\text{mm}$  ( $.004$ ) MAX

**S8 Package**  
**8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)**  
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED  $0.006$ " ( $0.152\text{mm}$ ) PER SIDE

\*\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED  $0.010$ " ( $0.254\text{mm}$ ) PER SIDE

## RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER                   | SAMPLE RATE       | POWER DISSIPATION | DESCRIPTION                                                      |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>8-Bit Serial I/O ADCs</b>  |                   |                   |                                                                  |
| LTC1096/LTC1096L              | 15ksps            | 0.9mW             | 1-Channel, Unipolar Operation, 5V/3V                             |
| LTC1098/LTC1098L              | 15ksps            | 0.6mW             | 2-Channel, Unipolar Operation, 5V/3V                             |
| LTC1196                       | 1Msps             | 20mW              | 1-Channel, Unipolar Operation with Reference Input, 5V/3V        |
| LTC1198                       | 750ksps           | 20mW              | 2-Channel, Unipolar Operation, 5V/3V                             |
| <b>10-Bit Serial I/O ADCs</b> |                   |                   |                                                                  |
| LTC1197/LTC1197L              | 500ksps/250ksps   | 22.5mW            | SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 5V/3V                                      |
| LTC1199/LTC1199L              | 450ksps/210ksps   | 25mW              | SO-8, MS8, 2-Channel, 5V/3V                                      |
| <b>12-Bit Serial I/O ADCs</b> |                   |                   |                                                                  |
| LTC1286/LTC1298               | 12.5ksps/11.1ksps | 1.3mW/1.7mW       | 1-Channel with Ref. Input (LTC1286), 2-Channel (LTC1298), 5V     |
| LTC1400                       | 400ksps           | 75mW              | 1-Channel, Bipolar or Unipolar Operation, Internal Reference, 5V |
| LTC1401                       | 200ksps           | 15mW              | SO-8 with Internal Reference, 3V                                 |
| LTC1402                       | 2.2Msps           | 90mW              | Serial I/O, Bipolar or Unipolar, Internal Reference              |
| LTC1404                       | 600ksps           | 25mW              | SO-8 with Internal Reference, Bipolar or Unipolar, 5V            |
| LTC1860/LTC1861               | 250ksps           | 4.25mW            | SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 5V/SO-8, MS10, 2-Channel, 5V               |
| <b>14-Bit Serial I/O ADCs</b> |                   |                   |                                                                  |
| LTC1417                       | 400ksps           | 20mW              | 16-Pin SSOP, Unipolar or Bipolar, Reference, 5V                  |
| LTC1418                       | 200ksps           | 15mW              | Serial/Parallel I/O, Internal Reference, 5V                      |
| <b>16-Bit Serial I/O ADCs</b> |                   |                   |                                                                  |
| LTC1609                       | 200ksps           | 65mW              | Configurable Bipolar or Unipolar Input Ranges, 5V                |
| LTC1864/LTC1865               | 250ksps           | 4.25mW            | SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 5V/SO-8, MS10, 2-Channel, 5V               |
| LTC1864L                      | 150ksps           | 1.22mW            | SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 3V                                         |

| PART NUMBER       | DESCRIPTION                                | COMMENTS                                                                      |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>References</b> |                                            |                                                                               |
| LT1460            | Micropower Precision Series Reference      | Bandgap, 130 $\mu$ A Supply Current, 10ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C, Available in SOT-23 |
| LT1790            | Micropower Low Dropout Reference           | 60 $\mu$ A Supply Current, 10ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C, SOT-23                        |
| <b>Op Amps</b>    |                                            |                                                                               |
| LT1468/LT1469     | Single/Dual 90MHz, 16-Bit Accurate Op Amps | 22V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate, 75 $\mu$ V/125 $\mu$ V Offset                         |
| LT1806/LT1807     | Single/Dual 325MHz Low Noise Op Amps       | 140V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate, 3.5nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Noise, -80dBc Distortion   |
| LT1809/LT1810     | Single/Dual 180MHz Low Distortion Op Amps  | 350V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate, -90dBc Distortion at 5MHz                            |