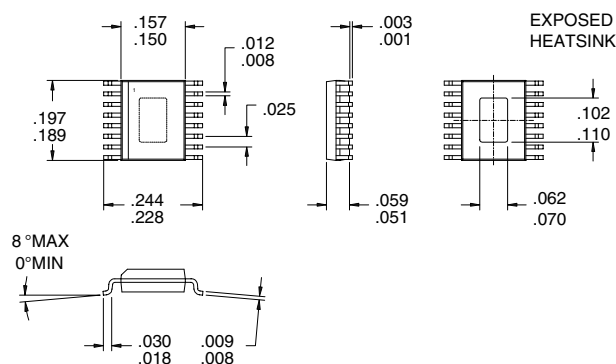


### Typical Applications

- 3V TETRA Cellular Handsets
- 3V CDMA Cellular Handsets
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment

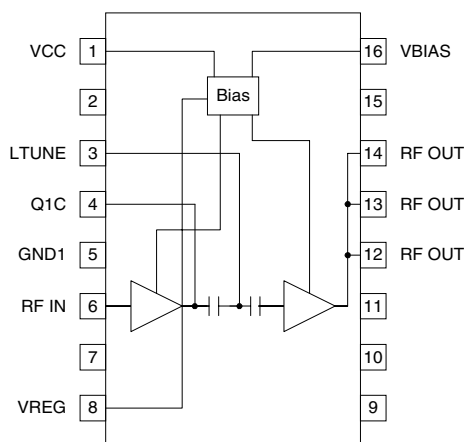
### Product Description

The RF2175 is a high-power, high-efficiency linear amplifier IC targeting 3V handheld systems. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, and has been designed for use as the final RF amplifier in TETRA handheld digital cellular equipment, spread spectrum systems, and other applications in the 380MHz to 512MHz band. The RF2175 has an analog bias control voltage to maximize efficiency. The device is self-contained with 50 $\Omega$  input, and the output can be easily matched to obtain optimum power, efficiency, and linearity characteristics. The package is a small PSSOP-16 plastic with backside ground.



### Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

- |                                     |  |                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Si BJT     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GaAs HBT | <input type="checkbox"/> GaAs MESFET |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Si Bi-CMOS | <input type="checkbox"/> SiGe HBT            | <input type="checkbox"/> Si CMOS     |



Functional Block Diagram

### Package Style: PSSOP-16

### Features

- Single 3V Supply
- 30dBm Linear Output Power
- 34.5dB Linear Gain
- 30% Linear Efficiency
- On-Board Power Down Mode
- 380MHz to 512MHz Operation

### Ordering Information

- |             |                                  |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| RF2175      | 3V 400MHz Linear Amplifier       |
| RF2175 PCBA | Fully Assembled Evaluation Board |

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage (RF Off)	+8.0	V <sub>DC</sub>
Supply Voltage (P <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 31 dBm)	+5.2	V <sub>DC</sub>
Mode Voltage (V <sub>MODE</sub> )	+5.7	V <sub>DC</sub>
Control Voltage (V <sub>PD</sub> )	+5.7	V <sub>DC</sub>
Input RF Power	+5	dBm
Output VSWR - Inband	10:1	
Output VSWR - Out of Band	20:1	
Operating Ambient Temperature	-30 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-30 to +150	°C



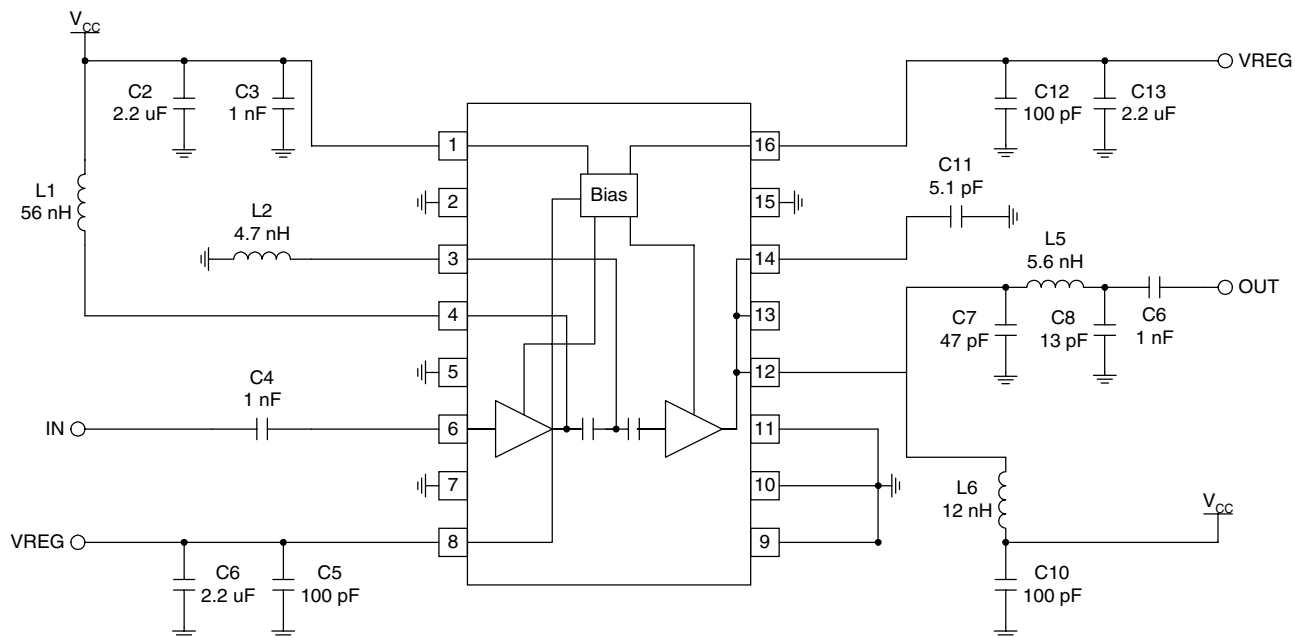
Caution! ESD sensitive device.

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Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition
	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
<b>Overall</b>					T=25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V, Freq=410MHz to 420MHz unless otherwise specified, 50% duty cycle.
Usable Frequency Range	380		512	MHz	
Typical Frequency Range		410 to 420		MHz	
Linear Gain	35.5	37.5	39.5	dB	
Second Harmonic (including Second Harmonic Trap)			-40	dBc	
P3dB Output Power		34		dBm	
Maximum Linear Output Power (TETRA Modulation)		30		dBm	
Total Linear Efficiency	25	30		%	
Adjacent Channel Power Rejection	-35			dBc	ACPR @ 25 kHz, TETRA modulation
	-45			dBc	ACPR @ 50 kHz, TETRA modulation
<b>Power Supply</b>					
Power Supply Voltage	3.0	3.6	5.2	V	Total pins 6 and 7, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.8V  V <sub>PD</sub> =Low
Idle Current		230		mA	
V <sub>REG</sub> Current		820		mA	
Turn On/Off Time			<100	ns	
Total Current (Power Down)			10	μA	
V <sub>REG</sub> "Low" Voltage		0	0.2	V	
V <sub>REG</sub> "High" Voltage	2.7	2.8	2.9	V	
V <sub>MODE</sub> Bias Control Voltage Range		0 to 2.5		V	

Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	VCC	Power supply for input bias circuitry. A 100 pF high frequency bypass capacitor is recommended.	
2	NC	No Connection.	
3	L TUNE	Interstage Tuning. A shunt inductor to GND is required to optimize the match.	
4	Q1C	Power supply for stage 1. $V_{CC}$ should be fed through a 25nH or greater inductor with a decoupling capacitor on the $V_{CC}$ side.	
5	GND1	Ground for stage 1. Keep traces physically short and connect immediately to ground plane for best performance. This ground should be isolated from the backside ground contact.	
6	RF IN	RF input. An external DC blocking capacitor is required if this port is connected to a DC path to ground or a DC voltage.	
7	NC	No Connection.	
8	VREG	Power Down control. When this pin is "low", all circuits are shut off. When this pin is 2.8V, all circuits are operating normally. $V_{PD}$ requires a regulated 2.8V for the amplifier to operate properly over all specified temperature and voltage ranges. A dropping resistor from a higher regulated voltage may be used to provide the required 2.8V. A 100pF high frequency bypass capacitor is recommended.	
9	NC	No Connection.	
10	NC	No Connection.	
11	NC	No Connection.	
12	RF OUT	RF output and power supply for the output stage. The bias for the output stage is provided through this pin and pin 13. An external matching network is required to provide the optimum load impedance; see the application schematics for details.	
13	RF OUT	Same as pin 12.	
14	RF OUT	Harmonic trap. This pin connects to the RF output but is used for providing a low impedance to the second harmonic of the operating frequency. An inductor or transmission line resonating with a shunt capacitor at $2f_0$ is connected to this pin.	
15	NC	No Connection.	
16	VBIAS	The bias pin allows higher efficiency in low power power modes. When operating at full output, VBIAS should be 2.8V.	
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The backside of the package should be soldered to a top side ground pad, which is connected to the ground plane with multiple vias. The pad should have a short thermal path to the ground plane.	

## Application Schematic



## Evaluation Board Layout

### Board Size 2.0" x 2.0"

Board Thickness 0.032", Board Material FR-4

